Groundwater Transfer Review Summary Form

Transfer/PA # T- <u>13360</u>
GW Reviewer Karl Wozniak Date Review Completed: 04/02/2020
Summary of Enlargement (Same Source) Review:
\Box The proposed transfer fails to keep the original place of use from receiving water from the same source.
Summary of Injury Review:
☐ The proposed transfer will result in another, existing water right not receiving previously available water to which it is legally entitled or result in significant interference with a surface water source.
Summary of Similarity Review:
☐ The proposed SW-GW transfer doesn't meet the definition of "similarly" as per OAR 690-380-2130.
This is only a summary. Documentation is attached and should be read thoroughly to understand the basis for determinations.

Version: 20200326



	Ground Water Review Form.					
WRD STATES OF THE STATES OF TH	Oregon Water Resources Department 725 Summer Street NE, Suite A Salem, Oregon 97301-1271 (503) 986-0900 www.wrd.state.or.us		\square Water Righ	t Transfer		
			☐ Permit Amendment☑ GR Modification			
	Application: T- <u>13360</u>			Applicant Name: Osprey Corner, LLC		
Proposed Change	es: \square POA	\boxtimes APOA	\square SW \rightarrow GW	\square RA		
	\square USE	\boxtimes POU	\square OTHER			
Reviewer(s): Karl Wozniak Date of Review: <u>04/02/2020</u>						
	Date Review	wed by GW Mg	gr. and Returned to V	VRSD: <u>JTI 4/10/2</u>	0	
	provided in the ap approved because:	-	ufficient to evaluate	whether the propos	ed	
	The water well reports provided with the application do not correspond to the water rights affected by the transfer.					
	The application does not include water well reports or a description of the well construction details sufficient to establish the ground water body developed or proposed to be developed.					
☐ Other						

Cround Water Review Form.

- 1. Basic description of the changes proposed in this transfer: This application modifies GR-207 which claims the use of four POAs at a maximum total rate of 2.5847 cfs (1160 gpm) for primary irrigation of 90.0 acres. The wells and well-specific rates, as described on the registration statement, are:
 - Well 1 (MARI 16269, 0.5792 cfs, 260 gpm),
 - Well 2 (MARI 16287. 0.6684 cfs, 300 gpm),
 - Well 3 (MARI 16289, 0.6684 cfs, 300 gpm), and
 - Well 4 (MARI 16288, 0.6684 cfs, 300 gpm).

The application proposes changes to the place of use (not evaluated in this review) and to add two new POAs:

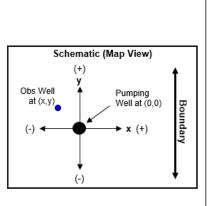
- North Well (MARI 16285; also listed as the sole POA on GR-2193) and
- South Well (MARI 65448).

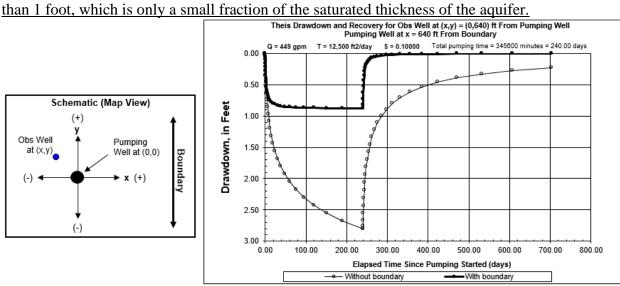
This application is related to T-13361 and T-13362 which all propose adding the same APOAs to adjacent GR claims.

The application notes that GR-207 & referenced GR-2193 appear to have referenced well and POU locations by incorrectly assuming that the NE corner of Section 14 was at the NW corner of Weddle Road and that the north-south portion of Weddle Road was the section line between sections 13 and 14. We agree that this is true based on a review of information in files GR-207 and GR-2193 and on the registration statements. All well locations on the enclosed map reflect the best known locations of the 4 authorized POAs and the 2 proposed APOAs.

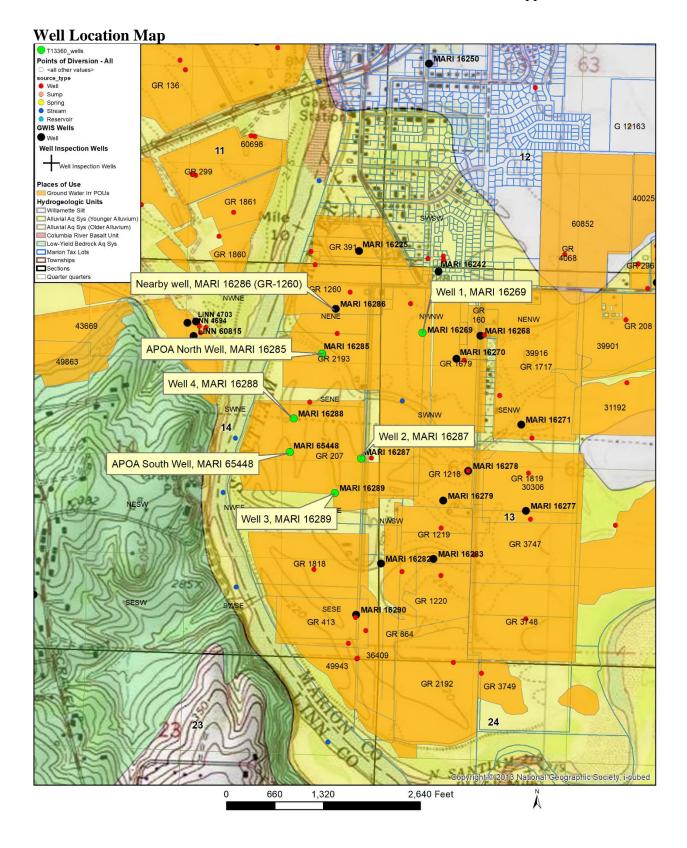
Will the proposed POA develop the same aquifer (source) as the existing authorized POA? ⊠ Yes \square No Comments: The wells range from 20-60 feet deep and all produce from the Holocene floodplain aguifer of the Santiam River. a) Is there more than one source developed under the right (e.g., basalt and alluvium)? ☐ Yes \boxtimes No b) If yes, estimate the portion of the right supplied by each of the sources and describe any limitations that will need to be placed on the proposed change (rate, duty, etc.): a) Will this proposed change, at its maximum allowed rate of use, likely result in an increase in interference with another ground water right? \square No Comments: Use of the 2 additional POAs will shift some production to the west, closer to the Santiam River. This will decrease impacts to most nearby wells which are located to the east. However, APOA MARI 16285 (North Well) is about 550 feet closer than authorized Well 1 (MARI 16269) to nearby well MARI 16286 (authorized POA on GR-1260, also owned by Osprey Corner, LLC) which will result in some increased hydraulic interference. b) If yes, would this proposed change, at its maximum allowed rate of use, likely result in another groundwater right not receiving the water to which it is legally entitled? \boxtimes No If yes, explain: APOA MARI 16285 is approximately 640 feet south of MARI 16286 and about the same distance from the Santiam River. Although the floodplain aguifer is relatively thin (saturated thickness appears to be 25-35 feet), the aguifer is unconfined and hydraulic conductivity is likely to be high (probably no less than 500 ft/day). In addition, the river is expected to approximate a fully penetrating stream which should buffer hydraulic impacts to nearby wells. Using conservative hydraulic parameters (saturated thickness = 25 feet, K = 500 ft/day, and S = 0.1), a Theis interference model (Theis, 1935) with a stream boundary (Lohman, 1972) indicates a maximum interference (after 240 days of continuous pumping) of about 0.9 feet at MARI 16286 for each cfs pumped from MARI 16285. The well log for MARI 16285 indicates a maximum pumping capacity of 400 gpm (0.8913) cfs at the time the well was drilled in 1948. This suggests that the well is unlikely to produce more than 1 cfs as a new POA on this claim. These factors

indicate that interference with MARI 16286 during the irrigation season is likely to be less





5.	a) Will this proposed change, at its maximum allowed rate of use, likely result in an increase in interference with another surface water source ? Yes No Comments: The Santiam River, because of its close proximity, is expected to be the only surface water source that is impacted by any of the wells.			
	b) If yes, at its maximum allowed rate of use, what is the expected change in degree of interference with any surface water sources resulting from the proposed change?			
	Stream:			
	Stream:			
6.				
7.	What conditions or other changes in the application are necessary to address any potential issues identified above:			
8.	Any additional comments:			



Selected References

Conlon, T.D., Wozniak, K.C., Woodcock, D., Herrera, N.B., Fisher, B.J., Morgan, D.S., Lee, K.K., and Hinkle, S.R., 2005, Ground-water hydrology of the Willamette Basin, Oregon: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2005-5168.

Gannett, M.W. and Caldwell, R., 1998, Geologic framework of the Willamette Lowland aquifer system, Oregon and Washington: U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 1424-A, 32 p.

Helm, D.C., and Leonard, A.R., 1977, Ground-water resources of the lower Santiam River basin, middle Willamette Valley, Oregon: Oregon Water Resources Department Ground-Water Report No. 25.

Lohman, S.W., 1972, Ground-water hydraulics: U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 708.

O'Connor, J.E., Sarna-Wojcicki, A., Wozniak, K.C., Polette, D.J., and Fleck, R.J., 2001: U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 1620.

Theis, C.V., 1935, The relation between the lowering of the piezometric surface and the rate and duration of discharge of a well using ground-water storage: American Geophysical Union transactions, v. 16, p. 519-524.

Woodward, D.G., Gannett, M.W., and Vaccaro, J.J., 1998, Hydrogeologic framework of the Willamette Lowland aquifer system, Oregon and Washington: U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 1424-B, 82 p.

Page 5 of 6 Last Revised: 1/17/2018