Oregon DEQ Division 33 Review Summary Sheet



Application Information

Applicant Name:	Art Kuenzi	Application Number:	LL-1951
Basin & Sub-basin:	Willamette, Middle	Paguastad Water Amounts	3 gpm up to 1,000 gallons
basin & Sub-basin:	Willamette Sub-basin	Requested Water Amount:	per day
Nearest Surface	Unnamed Spring, tributary to	Nearest Receiving	Spring Valley Creek
Water:	Spring Valley Creek	Waterbody:	Spring Valley Creek
Droposed Lies.	Winary and tasting room	Degreested Devied of Hear	January 1 through
Proposed Use:	Winery and tasting room	Requested Period of Use:	December 31

C	Division 33 Geographic Area			
	Upper and Lower Columbia Basins only : Based upon the review completed below, does the proposed use comply with existing state and federal water quality standards or may conditions be applied to bring the use into compliance?	□ No	⊠ Yes	⊠ Insufficient data
	Statewide: Will the proposed use result in water quality impacts that will cause either "loss" or "net loss" of essential habitat of sensitive threatened or endangered (ST&E) fish species? (Note: the presence of ST&E fish species is determined by Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife.)	□ No	☐ Yes	☐ Insufficient data

Recommended Pre-Proposed Final Order Actions

1.		
Mitigation Obligation	⊠ No ☐ Yes	
Prior to issuance of a Proposed	Final Order, the appli	cant shall submit a mitigation proposal that is of no less
volume and rate than the perm	nitted use. The propos	al shall include water that is sourced upstream of the point
of diversion or appropriation, o	or the uppermost poin	t on the stream at which the potential for surface water
interference occurs. If a surface	e water right is used fo	r mitigation, it shall be transferred instream for the
[month-month] time period an	nd of similar water qua	lity. The applicant should contact their OWRD caseworker
to discuss flow mitigation optic	ons. Flow mitigation is	site-specific, therefore DEQ recommends written approval
of the mitigation proposal by D	EQ prior to issuance o	f a proposed final order.

Recommended Permit Conditions

- 1. Water Quality: All water use under this permit shall comply with state and federal water quality laws. The permittee shall not violate any state and federal water quality standards, shall not cause pollution of any waters of the state, and shall not place or cause to be placed any wastes in a location where such wastes are likely to escape or be carried into the waters of the state by any means. The use may be restricted if the quality of source stream or downstream waters decrease to the point that those waters no longer meet existing state or federal water quality standards. Permittee is responsible for obtaining any necessary state and federal permits.
- 2. Flow Restrictor: The permittee shall install a flow control valve on the diversion system to limit use to the permitted rate. The valve shall be in place, functional, and verified by the Certified Water Rights Examiner before a certificate is issued. The valve or a suitable replacement shall remain in place for the life of the water right.

Seasonal Limitations

Reason for limitation	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

	DL: Critical period Temperature							\boxtimes	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	\boxtimes		
	r-round												
	B: 20% flow threshold exceeded		\boxtimes	\boxtimes	\boxtimes			\boxtimes	\boxtimes	\boxtimes			
	or 303(d) listings:												
Otł	ner:												
	ditional Reviewer comments No												
_	e this space to describe any of the fo		_	_			-						
	litional information that may allow or										rd Div	ision 3	3
rev	iew process were necessary. Designa	te cor	nditior	ns relat	ed to [Division	310 v	vith a	n aste	risk.]			
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	ing Valley Creek is included in very la	_											
	t is difficult to know the relative amo												rom
	existing domestic diversion with wast	tewat	er pur	ported	ıy goin	ig into a	septi	c syst	em an	d DEQ	-appr	ovea	
ue	atment system.												
The	proposed use is relatively small in ra	ate at	3 gpm	and d	ailv du	tv of 1.	000 ga	allons	. whicl	n is no	t meas	surable	2
	n in Spring Valley Creek, therefore D						_			1 13 110	· mea.	3010010	
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wa	s discussed?]												
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3. Water Quality Limited

Is this source Wat	er Quality Limited	or a tributary to a w	ater quality limited	water body?	Note: limit	
downstream revie	ew to 6 th field HUC f	or parameters that	diminished flow car	n affect (temp	erature, diss	solved
oxygen, pH, etc.).			□ No	⊠ Yes		
2022 Integrated F	Report & 303(d) List	Summary Table				
Assessment Unit Name	AUID	Assessment Unit Description	Impaired Beneficial Uses	Parameter	Period	Status*
HUC12 Name:		Watershed Unit	Fish and aquatic life			5
Lambert Slough-	OR_WS_170900070	(1st through 4th		_		
*Integrated Report Ca	304_02_104599	order streams)		Temperature	Year-round	
	ategory s insufficient data to det	ermine use sunnort, hu	t some data indicate no	ssihle imnairmen	t	
	icate that at least one de					ant
	an-up plans (also called	TMDLs) that will result	in the waterbody meeti	ng water quality	standards and	supporting
	have been approved			-f	:::	-:
water quality stan	ner pollution control requants	Juirements are expected	a to address pollutant (or concern and w	ili result in atta	ainment of
' '	impairment is caused by	pollution, not a pollutar	nt. For example, flow, or	lack of flow, are i	not considered	pollutants,
	ing the waterbody's ben					
	icate a designated use is the Section 303(d) list th				TMDL is neede	ed. This
	gov/deq/wq/Pages/epa.		iisapprove under the Ci	ean water Act		
1	<u> </u>					
Analysis: [If the ar	nswer to question 3	is yes, then describ	e how the use does	or does not c	omply with	existing
state and federal	water quality standa	ards, and how the u	ise may affect ST&E	fish species h	abitat.]	
Temperature						
Increases in temp	erature adversely in	npact sensitive, thre	eatened, and endar	igered fish. Fis	h require di	fferent
temperature base	ed on species and life	e history stage. Ore	gon's temperature	limits are base	ed on the mo	ost
sensitive species a	and the life history s	tage of those speci	es at the location a	nd season of c	oncern. The	
Willamette River	does not meet Oreg	on's year-round str	eam temperature s	tandards. Gen	erally, wate	r
•	rease as flow decrea					
	perature-impaired v				_	
•	stressed conditions					
	year-round standard				nditions are	<u>most</u>
likely to exceed th	ne year-round temp	<u>erature standards is</u>	<u> July 1 – Septembe</u>	<u>r 30.</u>		
	onditions: [Consider		•	-	•	ty of
water used, perio	d of use, or by inclu	ding other permit c	onditions.] Water C	Quality, Flow F	Restrictor	
Total Maximum D	Daily Load Summary	1				

4.

Are there TMDLs established for parameters identified as being affected by flow modification? \square No \square Yes

Analysis: [List TMDL, identify the load allocation, and if flow modification is a contributing factor. Describe how the use does or does not comply with existing state and federal water quality standards and how the use may affect ST&E fish species habitat.]

The Middle Willamette Basin Temperature TMDL 2022 version applies to perennial and/or fish-bearing streams. Pollutants are human caused temperature increases from (1) solar radiation loading and (2) warm water discharge to surface waters. Salmonid fish spawning and rearing, anadromous fish passage, resident fish and aquatic life are the most sensitive beneficial uses in the Middle Willamette Subbasin. Peak temperatures typically occur in mid-July through mid-August and often exceed the salmon and trout rearing and migration criterion. Temperatures are much cooler late summer through late spring but occasionally exceed the spawning criterion.

Wasteload Allocations (NPDES Point Sources): Allowable heat load based on achieving no greater than a 0.3oC temperature increase at the point of maximum impact. This is achieved by limiting stream temperature increases from individual point sources to 0.075°C. This may also be expressed as a limitation of 0.3°C increase in 25% of the 7Q10 stream flow. Where multiple point sources discharge to a single receiving stream the accumulated heat increase for point sources is limited to 0.2°C. Load Allocations (Nonpoint Sources): Background solar radiation loading based on system potential vegetation near the stream. An additional heat load equal to 0.05°C temperature increase at the point of maximum impact is available but is not explicitly allocated to individual sources.

Recommended Conditions: [Consider if water quality can be protected by limiting the rate and quantity of water used, period of use, or by including other permit conditions.] **Water Quality, Flow Restrictor**

5. Cumulative Withdrawals Effects

Is it likely that the proposed activity, together with existing	withdrawals	in the OWRD's V	Vater Availability Basir
(WAB), will lower water quality and impair aquatic life?	\boxtimes No	☐ Yes	

Water Availability and Cumulative Impacts Summary Table

Percent of natural flow = (consumptive use/natural stream flow)*100. See Appendix for additional instructions.

WILLAMETTE R > COLUMBIA R - AB MOLALLA R (WAB 182)

Watershed ID	Exceedance Level	Month	Natural Stream Flow	Consumptive Use	Expected Stream Flow	Reserved Stream Flows	Instream Requirement	Net Water Available	Percent of Flow
182	50	JAN	38500	2300	36200	0	1500	34700	5.97
182	50	FEB	37100	7480	29600	0	1500	28100	20.16
182	50	MAR	32800	7260	25500	0	1500	24000	22.13
182	50	APR	28300	6910	21400	0	1500	19900	24.42
182	50	MAY	22200	4250	17900	0	1500	16400	19.14
182	50	JUN	12500	1980	10500	0	1500	9020	15.84
182	50	JUL	6330	1810	4520	0	1500	3020	28.59
182	50	AUG	4290	1650	2640	0	1500	1140	38.46
182	50	SEP	4420	1390	3030	0	1500	1530	31.45
182	50	ОСТ	6690	753	5940	0	1500	4440	11.26
182	50	NOV	19000	886	18100	0	1500	16600	4.66
182	50	DEC	40700	971	39700	0	1500	38200	2.39

Monthly flow in Cubic Feet per Second (CFS). Annual flow in Acre Feet (AF)). Highlight months that exceed 20% of percent of flow.

6. Flow Modification Compliance with State and Federal Water Quality Standards

	Based on responses to questions 3, 4, and 5, is the use in compliance with state and federal water quality standards or can compliance with state and federal water quality standards be assured, and ST&E habitat loss prevented through flow mitigation and/or by imposing permit condition(s)? □ No ☑ Yes
	Recommended Conditions: [If water quality can be protected by modifying or limiting the amount diverted,
	period of use, or other permit conditions, then select appropriate condition from the conditions list.
7.	Compliance with other State and Federal Water Quality Standards
	ORS 468B.025 prohibits pollution of waters of the state. Are there additional water quality impairments that would result from this proposed used by degrading surface water or groundwater quality?
	No ☐ Yes
	M INO I ICS
	If water quality can be protected by applying permit conditions, then select all appropriate conditions from
	the standardized menu of conditions.
	Recommended conditions: [List conditions]

PRE-PROPOSED FINAL ORDER ACTIONS

DEQ recommends that the applicant provide suitable replacement water as mitigation for anticipated impacts to water quality and more specifically the habitat of sensitive, threatened, and endangered fish species. Additional mitigation may be required from other Interagency Review Team members (for example: OWRD may require mitigation for periods when water is not available). Surface water flow mitigation is unlikely to provide the same benefit that groundwater can provide to gaining stream reaches. However, if groundwater mitigation is unavailable within the same aquifer, surface water mitigation may provide suitable mitigation.

Flow Mitigation Obligation:

Prior to issuance of a Proposed Final Order, the applicant shall submit a mitigation proposal that is of no less volume and rate than the permitted use. The proposal shall include water that is sourced upstream of the point of diversion or appropriation, or the uppermost point on the stream at which the potential for surface water interference occurs. If a surface water right is used for mitigation, it shall be instream for the *month - month time* period and of similar water quality. The applicant should contact their OWRD caseworker to discuss flow mitigation options.

Riparian: If the riparian area is disturbed in the process of developing, modifying or repairing a point of diversion under this water use permit, the permittee shall be responsible for restoration and enhancement of such riparian area in accordance with the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife's Habitat Mitigation Policy described in Oregon Administrative Rule OAR Chapter 635-415. Prior to development, modification or repairs at the point of diversion, the permittee shall submit, to the Oregon Water Resources Department, either a Riparian Mitigation Plan approved in writing by Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW) or a written declaration from ODFW that riparian mitigation is not necessary. The permittee shall maintain the riparian area for the life of the permit and subsequent certificate per the approved Riparian Mitigation Plan. The permittee is hereby directed to contact the local Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife Fish Biologist prior to development of the point of diversion.

Water Storage Construction: The applicant shall locate the reservoir outside of the stream's natural channel.

identify waterbody and set back to prevent stream capture and justification for distance selected.

(Note to reviewer: The 1200C permit requires a 50-foot setback, which is cited from the National General Construction Permit OAR-660-023-0090(5). Requiring the storage reservoir to be outside of the mapped 100 year floodway may also be a protective buffer.)

Construction Activities: 1200-C NPDES Stormwater Construction permit coverage is required from DEQ or Agent for construction activities (clearing, grading, excavation, grubbing, stumping, demolition, staging, stockpiling and other land disturbing activities) that will disturb one or more acres, or that will disturb less than one acre of land but is part of a common plan of development or sale that will ultimately disturb one or more acres of land and have the potential to discharge to surface waters or to a conveyance system that leads to surface waters of the state.

In-Water or Riparian Construction: For in-water or riparian construction, permittee may be required to obtain additional permits from the Oregon Department of State Lands, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, and the DEQ Section 401 certification program prior to construction. The applicant must contact these agencies to confirm requirements.

Herbicide Applications: When herbicide application is within three feet of water, the permittee is responsible for ensuring that herbicide application laws are met, and that they obtain from DEQ any necessary pesticide application permits, including the 2300-A Pesticide General Permit or the 2000-J NPDES General Permit. Polluted return flows are not allowed to enter waters of the state per ORS 468B.025(1).

STANDARIZED MENU OF CONDITIONS

Water Quality: All water use under this permit shall comply with state and federal water quality laws. The permittee shall not violate any state and federal water quality standards, shall not cause pollution of any waters of the state, and shall not place or cause to be placed any wastes in a location where such wastes are likely to escape or be carried into the waters of the state by any means. The use may be restricted if the quality of source stream or downstream waters decrease to the point that those waters no longer meet existing state or federal water quality standards. Permittee is responsible for obtaining any necessary state and federal permits.

Agricultural Water Quality Management Area Rules: The permittee shall comply with basin-specific Agricultural Water Quality Management Area Rules described in Oregon Administrative Rule Chapter 603-095. The permittee shall protect riparian areas, including through irrigation practices and the management of any livestock, allowing site capable vegetation to establish and grow along streams, while providing the following functions: shade (on perennial and some intermittent streams), bank stability, and infiltration or filtration of overland runoff.

Flow Restrictor: The permittee shall install a flow control valve on the diversion system to limit use to the permitted rate. The valve shall be in place, functional, and verified by the Certified Water Rights Examiner before a certificate is issued. The valve or a suitable replacement shall remain in place for the life of the water right.

Limit Rate: Water withdrawal shall be limited to *Enter CFS or AF for the defined period, or a month by month rate or volume*.

Limit Period of Use: Water use shall be limited to the period: start date through end date.

(Note to reviewer: Do not split the irrigation season. Require mitigation if water is not available during the requested time period.)

Limit Diversion: The permittee shall not divert water under this water use permit unless streamflow in the waterbody name is at or above *CFS* cubic foot per second, as determined at **Gaging Station ID** .

Off-Channel Stored Water Releases: The permittee shall not release polluted water from this off-channel reservoir into waters of the state except when the release is directed by the State Engineer to prevent dam failure.

On-Channel Reservoir: The permittee shall design and operate the water storage facility such that all waters within and below the reservoir meet water quality criteria. The permittee shall develop a reservoir operations plan that details how water quality criteria and standards will be met. A Certified Water Rights Examiner shall verify that the reservoir operations are consistent with the plan before a certificate is issued. The reservoir operator shall maintain a copy of the plan and make it available for review upon request.

Restrict Reservoir Release: To prevent pollution downstream, the permittee shall not release water from the reservoir when the flow at Gaging Station ID (gage name) is below the Mean Daily Discharge of *CFS* (discharge which was equaled or exceeded for 90% percent of the time) except when the release is directed by the State Engineer to prevent dam failure.

Live Flow: Once the allocated volume has been stored, permittee shall pass all live flow downstream at a rate equal to inflow, using methods that protect instream water quality.

Lining: The permittee shall line the reservoir with *include material or allowable infiltration rate* to minimize seepage and protect groundwater quality per Oregon Administrative Rule 340-040. The liner is to be in place,

inspected, and approved by the Certified Water Rights examiner prior to storage of water.* If the liner fails, the water user shall replace it within one calendar year. **Site-Specific Condition**: The permittee shall

^{*} OAR 690-410-0010(2)(a), OAR 690-310-0120, OAR 690-310-0140

Appendix: General Overview, Instructions for Water Availability Analysis, and Process Flow Chart

General Overview

The purpose of OAR Chapter 690, Division 33 is to aid the Oregon Water Resources Department (OWRD) in determining whether a proposed use will impair or be detrimental to the public interest with regard to listed sensitive, threatened, or endangered (ST&E) fish species. Oregon's stream temperature, dissolved oxygen (DO), pH and several other water quality standards are based on the life cycle needs of salmonids and other resident fish and aquatic life. Exceeding the standards can disrupt the life cycle of a ST&E fish species and may cause death. In addition, OWRD must consider water quality impacts as part of a public interest review, OAR 690-310-0120. Water quality impacts and conditions unrelated to ST&E species should be noted as "Division 310" in the recommendations to OWRD. The DEQ's Water Right Application Review Procedures document contains a full description of the review process.

The two main categories of Division 33 reviews are based on the geographic distribution of ST&E fish species:

- o **For Proposed Uses in the Columbia River Basin,** reviews must determine whether a proposed use complies with existing state and federal water quality standards. Upper Columbia applications specifically require applicants to provide evidence that the proposed use complies with existing state and federal water quality standards. <u>Geographic scope</u>: Columbia River Basin (includes all waters that ultimately drain into the Columbia River).
- o **For Proposed Uses Statewide,** review is conducted under the "Statewide review" procedure. Statewide reviews must determine whether a proposed use may affect ST&E fish species habitat. The statewide review procedure is intended to identify permit conditions that can prevent the "loss" or "net loss" of essential habitat of ST&E fish species. When permit conditions cannot be identified that meet this standard, then the DEQ recommends denial of the permit. <u>Geographic scope</u>: all areas outside the Columbia River Basin where OWRD determines ST&E fish species are present.

Instructions for Populating the Water Availability Summary Table using data from OWRD's WAB (Section 5)

- Open OWRD's Water Availability Reporting System.
- Search for the water availability basin of interest. Select 50% exceedance. The 50% exceedance stream flow is the stream flow that occurs at least half of the time.
- The water availability analysis will display a nested list of watersheds that contain the POD. Select the highest nesting order WAB that contains the POD.
- Download to an Excel spreadsheet. Percent of flow is calculated using this equation:

$$Percent of Flow = \frac{Consumptive Use}{Natural Stream Flow} * 100$$

You may choose to add the proposed rate (or storage amount) to the consumptive use.

Instructions for Water Availability Analysis

To complete Section 6, review and consider the cumulative impact of consumptive withdrawals using the OWRD WAB. All water withdrawals and the following factors should be considered when conducting a water availability analysis.

- Instream Flow: Consider the percent of natural flow removed from the stream in each month (see right-most column in Water Availability and Cumulative Impacts Summary Table). Based on best professional judgment, evaluate if the cumulative withdrawal is likely to cause impairment to aquatic life or water quality. Water quality standards are established to protect aquatic life. In scientific literature, researchers have identified ecological harm occurring when flows are reduced by >6-35% of daily flow¹. Consider the seasonality of any listings and season of withdrawal to determine impact for each month of the year.
- Antidegradation: Rule 340-041-0004 applies: withdrawals cannot cumulatively increase a waterbody's temperature by more than 0.5 degrees Fahrenheit or cause a 0.1 mg/l decrease in dissolved oxygen from the upstream end of a stream reach to the downstream end of the reach so long as it has no adverse effects on threatened and endangered species. See OAR 340-041-0004(3)-(5) for a description in rule of activities that do not result in lowering of water quality.
- **Flow modification**: Consider if cumulative withdrawals are contributing to flow modification and a likely limiting factor in the waterbody at certain times of the year. Temperature and dissolved oxygen are flow-related parameters. When streamflow is reduced, assimilative capacity is reduced. As a waterbody heats up, dissolved oxygen concentrations decline. Reduced stream flows (including groundwater inputs to streamflow), exacerbate temperature and/or dissolved oxygen impairments.
- **Temperature**: Increases in temperature or a reduction in dissolved oxygen adversely impacts ST&E fish. Fish require different temperature and concentrations of dissolved oxygen based on species and life history stage. Oregon's temperature and dissolved oxygen limits are based on the most sensitive species and the life history stage of those species at the location and season of concern. Additional heat or reduction in dissolved oxygen concentrations will further impact these species habitat. Reduced flows can also increase the concentrations of phosphorous, bacteria, pesticides and metals.

Instructions for Calculating "Limit Diversion" Rate

This condition is selected to limit withdrawals once the cumulative withdrawals in the watershed have exceeded the protective threshold of 20 percent and/or the ISWR is not fully protective of aquatic life. A different value can be selected, but the reviewer should state why a particular percent was selected.

"Natural stream flow" is obtained from OWRD's Water Availability Reporting System. The condition is applied on a monthly timeframe based on OWRD's data.

"Natural stream flow" – (percent of flow * "natural stream flow") = Expected Stream Flow

The applicant would have to stop using when instream flows drop below the Expected Stream Flow.

Example:

Natural stream flow for a particular month = 1200 CFS

1200 CFS - (.2 * 1200 CFS) = 960 CFS

¹ Richter BD, Davis MM, Apse C, Konrad C. 2011. *Short Communication, A Presumptive Standard For Environmental Flow Protection*. River Research and Applications. Published online in Wiley Online Library (wileyonlinelibrary.com), DOI: 10.002/rra.1551

DEQ Water Right Review Flow Chart

