Approved: Jahr

# Мемо

To: Kristopher Byrd, Well Construction Section Manager

From: Tommy Laird, Well Construction Program Coordinator

Review of Water Right Application G-19143 Subject:

Date: October 18, 2023

The attached application was forwarded to the Well Construction Section by the Groundwater Section. Halley Schibel, Travis Brown, and Stacey Garrison reviewed the application. Please see Halley's, Travis', and Stacey's Groundwater Review.

Applicant's Proposed Well #1 (Proposed Well 133): Well #1 is a proposed well, therefore it cannot be reviewed for construction. Construction of this proposed well shall be completed in a manner that protects ground water resources as required under Oregon Administrative Rules 690-200 through 690-240. During construction of this well, specific attention should be paid to ensure sealing requirements are met and that the well does not commingle aquifers.

The construction of proposed Well #1 may not satisfy hydraulic connection issues.

Applicant's Proposed Well #2 (Proposed Well 134): Well #2 is a proposed well, therefore it cannot be reviewed for construction. Construction of this proposed well shall be completed in a manner that protects ground water resources as required under Oregon Administrative Rules 690-200 through 690-240. During construction of this well, specific attention should be paid to ensure sealing requirements are met and that the well does not commingle aquifers.

The construction of proposed Well #2 may not satisfy hydraulic connection issues.

### **Groundwater Application Review Summary Form**

Application # G- <u>19143</u>

GW Reviewer <u>Halley Schibel/Travis Brown/Stacey Garrison</u> Date Review Completed: <u>8/23/2023</u>

#### Summary of GW Availability and Injury Review:

Groundwater for the proposed use is either over appropriated, will not likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights, OR will not likely be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource per Section B of the attached review form.

#### Summary of Potential for Substantial Interference Review:

There is the potential for substantial interference per Section C of the attached review form.

#### **Summary of Well Construction Assessment:**

L The well does not appear to meet current well construction standards per Section D of the attached review form. Route through Well Construction and Compliance Section.

This is only a summary. Documentation is attached and should be read thoroughly to understand the basis for determinations and for conditions that may be necessary for a permit (if one is issued).

#### WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

#### MEMO

#### 8/23/2023

TO:	Application G19143	_
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FROM: GW: <u>Halley Schibel/Travis Brown/Stacey Garrison</u> (Reviewer's Name)

#### **SUBJECT: Scenic Waterway Interference Evaluation**

- □ YES The source of appropriation is hydraulically connected to a State Scenic Waterway or its tributaries
- □ YES
   □ Use the Scenic Waterway Condition (Condition 7J)
   □ NO
- Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is **able** to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a Scenic Waterway. The calculated interference is distributed below
- □ Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is unable to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a scenic waterway; therefore, the Department is unable to find that there is a preponderance of evidence that the proposed use will measurably reduce the surface water flows necessary to maintain the free-flowing character of a scenic waterway

#### DISTRIBUTION OF INTERFERENCE

Calculate the percentage of consumptive use by month and fill in the table below. If interference cannot be calculated, per criteria in 390.835, do not fill in the table but check the "unable" option above, thus informing Water Rights that the Department is unable to make a Preponderance of Evidence finding.

Exercise of this permit is calculated to reduce monthly flows in <u>[Enter]</u> Scenic Waterway by the following amounts expressed as a proportion of the consumptive use by which surface water flow is reduced.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

#### PUBLIC INTEREST REVIEW FOR GROUNDWATER APPLICATIONS Date <u>8/23/2023</u> TO: Water Rights Section FROM: Groundwater Section Halley Schibel/Travis Brown/Stacey Garrison Reviewer's Name SUBJECT: Application G- **19143** Supersedes review of \_\_\_\_\_ Date of Review(s) **PUBLIC INTEREST PRESUMPTION: GROUNDWATER OAR 690-310-130 (1)** The Department shall presume that a proposed groundwater use will ensure the preservation of the public welfare, safety and health as described in ORS 537.525. Department staff review groundwater applications under OAR 690-310-140 to determine whether the presumption is established. OAR 690-310-140 allows the proposed use be modified or conditioned to meet the presumption criteria. This review is based upon available information and agency policies in place at the time of evaluation. A. GENERAL INFORMATION: Applicant's Name: Weston Stadeli County: Marion Applicant(s) seek(s) 0.155 cfs from 2 well(s) in the Willamette Basin, A1. Molalla-Pudding subbasin Proposed use <u>Nursery</u> Seasonality: <u>Year Round</u> A2. A3. Well and aquifer data (attach and number logs for existing wells; mark proposed wells as such under logid): Applicant's Proposed Location Location, metes and bounds, e.g. Well Proposed Aquifer\* Logid Well # Rate(cfs) (T/R-S QQ-Q) 2250' N, 1200' E fr NW cor S 36 265' S, 1685' E fr NW cor, S 21 PROP 133 Well 1 Alluvium 7S/2W-21NENW 1 0.155 465' S, 1685' E fr NW cor, S 21 PROP 134 Well 2 0.155 7S/2W-21NENW 2 Alluvium \* Alluvium, CRB, Bedrock Well Well Liner Well First Seal Casing Perforations Draw SWL SWL Test Well Elev Water Depth Interval Intervals Intervals Or Screens Yield Down ft bls Date Type ft msl ft bls (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (gpm)

Use data from application for proposed wells.

-

198

199

**Comments:** <u>The applicant's proposed wells are one mile east of Salem.</u> A4.

\_

-

2

0-20

0-20

200

200

management of groundwater hydraulically connected to surface water  $\Box$  are, or  $\boxtimes$  are not, activated by this application. (Not all basin rules contain such provisions.)

0-200

0-200

-

-

Comments: The proposed POAs are within 1/4 of the nearest surface water source, however, they do not draw from unconfined alluvium. Per OAR 690-502-0240, the relevant basin rules do not apply.

A6. Well(s) # \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, tap(s) an aquifer limited by an administrative restriction.

TBD

TBD

-

-

-

Name of administrative area: Comments:

#### B. GROUNDWATER AVAILABILITY CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-310-130, 400-010, 410-0070

- B1. **Based upon available data**, I have determined that <u>groundwater</u>\* for the proposed use:
  - a. is over appropriated, is not over appropriated, *or* cannot be determined to be over appropriated during any period of the proposed use. \* This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the over-appropriation determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
  - b. **will not** *or* **will** likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights. \* This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the injury determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
  - c.  $\Box$  will not or  $\Box$  will likely to be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource; or
  - d. 🛛 will, if properly conditioned, avoid injury to existing groundwater rights or to the groundwater resource:
    - i. X The permit should contain condition #(s) <u>7c, Medium Water Use Reporting</u>
    - ii.  $\Box$  The permit should be conditioned as indicated in item 2 below.
    - iii.  $\Box$  The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in item 3 below;
- B2. a. Condition to allow groundwater production from no deeper than \_\_\_\_\_\_ ft. below land surface;
  - b. Condition to allow groundwater production from no shallower than \_\_\_\_\_\_ ft. below land surface;
  - c. Condition to allow groundwater production only from the <u>Alluvial</u> groundwater reservoir between approximately <u>ft. and</u> ft. below land surface;
  - d. **Well reconstruction** is necessary to accomplish one or more of the above conditions. The problems that are likely to occur with this use and without reconstructing are cited below. Without reconstruction, I recommend withholding issuance of the permit until evidence of well reconstruction is filed with the Department and approved by the Groundwater Section.

**Describe injury** –as related to water availability– that is likely to occur without well reconstruction (interference w/ senior water rights, not within the capacity of the resource, etc):

B3. **Groundwater availability remarks:** The proposed POAs are located in the Central Willamette Valley and will produce from approximately 140-150 feet of sand and gravel (the Willamette Aquifer described by Gannett and Caldwell, 1998), which is overlain by about 60 feet of silt (the Willamette Silt Unit) and overlies fine-grained distal alluvial fan and low gradient stream deposits locally separated by thin layers of sand and fine gravel (Willamette Confining Unit). The majority of wells in the immediate vicinity draw water from the Willamette Aquifer. The requested rate (0.155 cfs) is well within the range of reported yields for water wells in this area (see attached well statistics) and is unlikely to injure the closest neighboring wells (see attached Theis analysis).

Nearby observation wells include wells on permits with static water level reporting conditions and an observation well measured by OWRD staff (MARI 7883), mostly dating back to the late 1990's/early 2000's. Although there have been recent declines, most wells show steady trends or less than 3 ft of decline in the last 20 years. Two wells demonstrate declines of concern: MARI 7601 has declined 14 ft in the last 20 years and MARI 19363 has declined 8 ft in the last 5 years. Within 1 mile of the POAs, there are 34 groundwater POAs on 35 water rights. There is not a preponderance of evidence that groundwater is over-appropriated, however, the conditions in B1(d)(i) and B2(c) are highly recommended to protect senior water users and the groundwater reservoir.

In order to protect the groundwater resource and neighboring users, the conditions specified in B1(d)ii and B2(c), above, are recommended for any permit issued pursuant to this application.

#### C. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-09-040

C1. 690-09-040 (1): Evaluation of aquifer confinement:

Well	Aquifer or Proposed Aquifer	Confined	Unconfined
1	Alluvium	$\boxtimes$	
2	Alluvium	$\boxtimes$	

**Basis for aquifer confinement evaluation:** <u>Water levels in area wells are generally above or coincident with the relevant</u> water-bearing zones, which are overlain by a sequence of fine-grained sediments (Willamette Silt as described by Gannett and Caldwell, 1998 and locally consists of Missoula Flood Deposits). Based on the available evidence, the aquifer is confined.

C2. **690-09-040** (2) (3): Evaluation of distance to, and hydraulic connection with, surface water sources. All wells located a horizontal distance less than <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> mile from a surface water source that produce water from an unconfined aquifer shall be assumed to be hydraulically connected to the surface water source. Include in this table any streams located beyond one mile that are evaluated for PSI.

Well	SW #	Surface Water Name	GW Elev ft msl	SW Elev ft msl	Distance (ft)	Hydraulically Connected? YES NO ASSUMED		Potentia Subst. In Assum <b>YES</b>	ll for terfer. .ed? <b>NO</b>	
1	1	Fruitland Creek	~170	158-180	910	$\boxtimes$				Ø
2	1	Fruitland Creek	~170	158-180	800	$\boxtimes$				Ø
1	2	Little Pudding River	~170	161-163	4,720	$\boxtimes$				Ø
2	2	Little Pudding River	~170	161-163	4,650	Ø				$\boxtimes$

**Basis for aquifer hydraulic connection evaluation:** The nearest perennial streams are less than one quarter mile and less than one mile, respectively, from the proposed POAs. Nearby wells with long records of measurement and published water table maps in the area (Woodward et al., 1998) show water levels generally above or coincident with nearby perennial stream reaches. These indicate that the seasonal high water table is likely approximately 170 feet above mean sea level at the location of the applicant's proposed development and that groundwater flows towards, and discharges into local streams.

Water Availability Basin the well(s) are located within: Watershed ID #151: PUDDING R > MOLALLA R – AB MILL CR

C3a. **690-09-040** (4): Evaluation of stream impacts for <u>each well</u> that has been determined or assumed to be **hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile** from a surface water (SW) source. Limit evaluation to instream rights and minimum stream flows that are pertinent to that SW source, not lower SW sources to which the stream under evaluation is tributary. Compare the requested rate against the 1% of 80% *natural* flow for the pertinent Water Availability Basin (WAB). If Q is not distributed by well, use full rate for each well. Any checked 🖾 box indicates the well is assumed to have the potential to cause PSI.

Well	SW #	Well < ¼ mile?	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
1	1	<mark>X</mark>		N/A	N/A		67.3		<25%	<mark>N</mark>
2	1	<mark>N</mark>		N/A	N/A		67.3		<25%	<mark>N</mark>
1	2			N/A	N/A		67.3		<25%	
2	2			N/A	N/A		67.3		<25%	

5

C3b. **690-09-040** (**4**): Evaluation of stream impacts <u>by total appropriation</u> for all wells determined or assumed to be **hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile** from a surface water source. **Complete only if Q is distributed among wells**. Otherwise same evaluation and limitations apply as in C3a above.

SW #	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?

Comments: The proposed POAs are hydraulically connected to and within ¼ mile of SW 1 (Fruitland Creek). Per OAR 690-009-0040(4)(a), the Potential for Substantial Interference (PSI) is assumed.

Interference with nearby surface water due to the proposed use was estimated using the Hunt (2003) transient stream depletion model. Hydraulic parameters used for the analysis were derived from regional data and studies (Pumping Test Reports; Conlon, 2005; Iverson, 2002; Woodward et al., 1998) or are within a typical range of values for the given parameter within the hydrogeologic regime (Domenico and Mifflin, 1965; Freeze and Cherry, 1979). Results indicate that interference with surface water sources due to the proposed use is unlikely to exceed 25 percent of the rate of appropriation within the first 30 days of continuous pumping.

C4a. **690-09-040 (5):** Estimated impacts on **hydraulically connected surface water sources greater than one mile** as a percentage of the proposed pumping rate. Limit evaluation to the effects that will occur up to one year after pumping begins. This table encompasses the considerations required by 09-040 (5)(a), (b), (c) and (d), which are not included on this form. Use additional sheets if calculated flows from more than one WAB are required.

Non-D	istributed	Wells											
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well (	Q as CFS												
Interfer	rence CFS												
D' / 'I	4 1 3 37 11	1											
Well	SW#	s Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well (	Q as CFS												
Interfer	rence CFS												
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well (	Q as CFS												
Interfer	rence CFS												
(4) 75													
$(\mathbf{A}) = \mathbf{T}$	otal Interf.												
$(\mathbf{B}) = 80$	) % Nat. Q												
(C) = 1	% Nat. Q												
( <b>D</b> ) =	(A) > (C)	$\checkmark$											
(E) = (A	/ B) x 100	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%

(A) = total interference as CFS; (B) = WAB calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (C) = 1% of calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (D) = highlight the checkmark for each month where (A) is greater than (C); (E) = total interference divided by 80% flow as percentage.
 Basis for impact evaluation:

Application	G-19143
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# C4b. 690-09-040 (5) (b) The potential to impair or detrimentally affect the public interest is to be determined by the Water Rights Section.

C5. L	If properly conditioned, the surface	e water source(s) can be adequately	protected from interference,	, and/or groundwater use
	under this permit can be regulated if	it is found to substantially interfere	e with surface water:	

i.  $\Box$  The permit should contain condition #(s)\_\_\_\_\_

ii.  $\Box$  The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in "Remarks" below;

#### C6. SW / GW Remarks and Conditions: <u>To avoid the assumption of PSI per OAR 690-009-0040(a), applicant would need to</u> select well locations more than <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> mile from the nearest surface water source.

References Used: Application G-19143 and application map received 6/1/2021.

- Pumping test reports (MARI 7128, 7393, 7461, 7530, 7581, 7582, 7613, 7872, and 8208) and water levels for selected nearby wells (MARI 6706, 7050, 7062, 7072, 7601, 7883, 17259, 17377, 19363, 50474, 56474, and 62140).
- Conlon, T.D., Wozniak, K.C., Woodcock, D., Herrera, N.B., Fisher, B.J., Morgan, D.S., Lee, K.K., and Hinkle, S.R., 2005, Groundwater hydrology of the Willamette Basin, Oregon, Scientific Investigations Report 2005-5168: U. S. Geological Survey, Reston, VA.
- Domenico, P. A., and M. D. Mifflin. "Water from Low-Permeability Sediments and Land Subsidence." *Water Resources Research* 1, no. 4 (1965): 563–76. https://doi.org/10.1029/WR001i004p00563.

Freeze, R.A. and Cherry, J.A., 1979, Groundwater, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 604 p.

- Gannett, M.W. and Caldwell, R., 1998, Geologic framework of the Willamette Lowland aquifer system, Oregon and Washington, Professional Paper 1424-A, 32 p: U.S. Geological Survey, Reston, VA.
- Hunt, B., 2003, Unsteady stream depletion when pumping from semiconfined aquifer: Journal of Hydrologic Engineering, Janu Iverson, J., 2002, Investigation of the hydraulic, physical, and chemical buffering capacity of Missoula flood deposits for water quality and supply in the Willamette Valley of Oregon: Unpublished M.S. thesis, Oregon State University, 147 p.

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- Price, D., 1967, Geology and water resources in the French Prairie area, northern Willamette Valley, Oregon: U. S. Geological Survey Water Supply Paper 1833, 98 p., accessed June 25, 2019, at https://pubs.er.usgs.gov/publication/wsp1833.
- Theis, C.V., 1941, The effect of a well on the flow of a nearby stream: Am. Geophys. Union Trans., v. 22, pt.3, p. 734-738.
- Todd, D.K., 1980. Groundwater Hydrology, 2nd ed., John Wiley & Sons, New York, 535p.
- United States Geological Survey, 2014, National Hydrography Dataset (NHD), 1:24,000, U. S. Department of the Interior, Reston, VA.
- United States Geological Survey, 2017, Salem East quadrangle, Oregon [map], 1:24,000, 7.5 minute topographic series, U.S. Department of the Interior, Reston, VA.
- Watershed Sciences, 2009, LIDAR remote sensing data collection, Department of Geology and Mineral Industries, Willamette Valley Phase I, Oregon: Portland, OR, December 21.
- Woodward, D.G., Gannett, M.W., and Vaccaro, J.J., 1998, Hydrogeologic framework of the Willamette Lowland aquifer system, Oregon and Washington: U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 1424-B, 82 p.

9

### D. WELL CONSTRUCTION, OAR 690-200

D1.	Well #:	Logid:
D2.	a.    Image: review of the second seco	does not appear to meet current well construction standards based upon: ew of the well log; d inspection by ort of CWRE er: (specify)
D3.		construction deficiency or other comment is described as follows:
D4.	<b>Route to the</b>	e Well Construction and Compliance Section for a review of existing well construction.



Service Layer Credits: USGS The National Map: National Boundaries Dataset, 3DEP Elevation Program, Geographic Names Information System, National Hydrography Dataset, National Land Cover Database, National Structures Dataset, and National Transportation Dataset; USGS Global Ecosystems; U.S. Census Bureau TIGER/Line data; USFS Road Data; Natural Earth Data; U.S. Department of State Humanitarian Information Unit; and NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information, U.S. Coastal Relief Model. Data refreshed August, 2021. Sources: Earl, HERE, Gammin, Intermap, Increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), (c)

#### Water Availability Tables

## Water Availability Analysis

Detailed Reports

PUDDING R > MOLALLA R - AB MILL CR WILLAMETTE BASIN

Water Availability as of 3/22/2022

Watershed ID #: 151 (<u>Map</u>) Date: 3/22/2022 Exceedance Level: 80% ~ Time: 11:13 AM

Water Availability Calculation	Consumptive Uses and Storages	Instream Flow Requirements	Reservations
	Water Rights	Wat	tershed Characteristics

### Water Availability Calculation

Monthly Streamflow in Cubic Feet per Second Annual Volume at 50% Exceedance in Acre-Feet

Month	Natural Stream Flow	Consumptive Uses and Storages	Expected Stream Flow	Reserved Stream Flow	Instream Flow Requirement	Net Water Available
JAN	1,040.00	125.00	915.00	0.00	36.00	879.00
FEB	1,180.00	115.00	1,070.00	0.00	36.00	1,030.00
MAR	1,010.00	76.60	933.00	0.00	36.00	897.00
APR	787.00	52.40	735.00	0.00	36.00	699.00
MAY	425.00	50.90	374.00	0.00	36.00	338.00
JUN	224.00	73.00	151.00	0.00	36.00	115.00
JUL	109.00	115.00	-5.81	0.00	36.00	-41.80
AUG	71.00	94.10	-23.10	0.00	36.00	-59.10
SEP	67.30	53.40	13.90	0.00	36.00	-22.10
OCT	91.60	11.60	80.00	0.00	36.00	44.00
NOV	363.00	48.60	314.00	0.00	36.00	278.00
DEC	957.00	119.00	838.00	0.00	36.00	802.00
ANN	706.000.00	56,300.00	650,000,00	0.00	26,100.00	626.000.00

Date: 8/23/2023

0.6

0.8

10

11 12

1.0

12 Page

#### Well Statistics for Sections 7S/2W-15-17, 20-22





Drill Month

0.2

60

70

80

1 2 з 4 5 6 7 8 9

0.4



0.8

1.0



Includes Data from Water Wells only

Well Logs per section exported to file: C:\Users\Public\found\_trs\_keys\_RESULTS.txt

Well Log Data exported to file: C:\Users\gwater\Desktop\Working Folder\well data.txt

Created 03/17/2022



#### Water-Level Measurements in Nearby Wells



#### **Theis Interference Analysis**

Note: Exact locations of nearby wells are unknown so these analyses model from the closest possible neighboring well location, which was the closest distance from the proposed POAs to a neighboring tax lot, 90 feet.

Theis Time-Drawdown Worksheet v.5.00 Calculates Theis nonequilibrium drawdown and recovery at any arbitrary radial distance, r, from a pumping well for 3 different T values and radial distance, r, from a pumping well for 3 different T values and 2 different S values. Written by Karl C. Wozniak September 1992. Last modified December 17, 2019 Input Data: Var Name Scenario 1 Scenario 2 Scenario 3 Units Total pumping time 365 d t Radial distance from pumped well: 90 ft Q conversions r 69.56 gpm Pumping rate Q 0.155 cfs Hydraulic conductivity K 1.1428571 12.857143 21.428571 ft/day 0.16 cfs b 140 9.30 cfm Aquifer thickness ft S 1 0.003 13,392.00 cfd Storativity S 2 0.0002 0.31 af/d Transmissivity Conversions T f2pd 160 1800 3000 ft2/day T ft2pm 0.1111111 1.25 2.0833333 ft2/min Recalculate T\_gpdpft 1196.8 13464 22440 gpd/ft



40.00

45.00

0.000

100.000

200.000

Elapsed Time Since Pumping Started, days

### 15

#### Theis Time-Drawdown Worksheet v.5.00

Calculates Theis nonequilibrium drawdown and recovery at any arbitrary radial distance, r, from a pumping well for 3 different T values and radial distance, r, from a pumping well for 3 different T values and 2 different S values. Written by Karl C. Wozniak September 1992. Last modified December 17, 2019

Input Data:	Var Name	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Units	
Total pumping time	t		365		d	
Radial distance from pumped well:	r		1320		ft	Q conversions
Pumping rate	Q		0.155		cfs	69.56 gpm
Hydraulic conductivity	K	1.1428571	12.857143	21.428571	ft/day	0.16 cfs
Aquifer thickness	b		140		ft	9.30 cfm
Storativity	S_1		0.003			13,392.00 cfd
	S_2		0.0002			0.31 af/d
Transmissivity Conversions	T_f2pd	160	1800	3000	ft2/day	
	T_ft2pm	0.1111111	1.25	2.0833333	ft2/min	Recalculate
	T_gpdpft	1196.8	13464	22440	gpd/ft	
Pump on = 5 0.00 5.00 10.00 15.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 35.00	525600 minutes	s = 365.00 day	s       			

300.000

- T1S2 - T1S1

400.000

#### **Stream Depletion Model Parameters and Output**

Application type:	G
Application number:	19143
Well number:	1
Stream Number:	1
Pumping rate (cfs):	0.155
Pumping duration (days):	365
Pumping start month number (3=March)	1

Parameter	Symbol	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Units
Distance from well to stream	а	910	910	910	ft
Aquifer transmissivity	т	160	1800	3000	ft2/day
Aquifer storativity	S	0.003	0.0008	0.0002	-
Aquitard vertical hydraulic conductivity	Kva	0.01	0.005	0.001	ft/day
Aquitard saturated thickness	ba	55	55	55	ft
Aquitard thickness below stream	babs	3	3	3	ft
Aquitard specific yield	Sya	0.2	0.2	0.2	-
Stream width	ws	15	25	30	ft

				Strea	am depl	etion fo	r Scenar	rio 2:					
Days	10	30	60	90	120	150	180	210	240	270	300	330	360
Depletion (%)	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Depletion (cfs)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01



17

Application type:	G
Application number:	19143
Well number:	2
Stream Number:	1
Pumping rate (cfs):	0.155
Pumping duration (days):	365
Pumping start month number (3=March)	1

Parameter	Symbol	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Units
Distance from well to stream	а	800	800	800	ft
Aquifer transmissivity	т	160	1800	3000	ft2/day
Aquifer storativity	S	0.003	0.0008	0.0002	-
Aquitard vertical hydraulic conductivity	Kva	0.01	0.005	0.001	ft/day
Aquitard saturated thickness	ba	52	54	56	ft
Aquitard thickness below stream	babs	3	3	3	ft
Aquitard specific yield	Sya	0.2	0.2	0.2	-
Stream width	WS	15	25	30	ft

#### Stream depletion for Scenario 2:

Days	10	30	60	90	120	150	180	210	240	270	300	330	360
Depletion (%)	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Depletion (cfs)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01



Application type:	G
Application number:	19143
Well number:	1
Stream Number:	2
Pumping rate (cfs):	0.155
Pumping duration (days):	365
Pumping start month number (3=March)	1

Parameter	Symbol	Scenario 1	S	cenario 2	Scenario 3	Units
Distance from well to stream	а	4720		4720	4720	ft
Aquifer transmissivity	т	160		1800	3000	ft2/day
Aquifer storativity	S	0.003		0.0008	0.0002	-
Aquitard vertical hydraulic conductivity	Kva	0.01		0.005	0.001	ft/day
Aquitard saturated thickness	ba	56		58	59	ft
Aquitard thickness below stream	babs	3		3	3	ft
Aquitard specific yield	Sya	0.2		0.2	0.2	-
Stream width	ws	10		15	20	ft

				Strea	am depl	etion fo	r Scena	rio 2:					
Days	10	30	60	90	120	150	180	210	240	270	300	330	360
Depletion (%)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Depletion (cfs)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00



Application type:	G
Application number:	19143
Well number:	2
Stream Number:	2
Pumping rate (cfs):	0.155
Pumping duration (days):	365
Pumping start month number (3=March)	1

Parameter	Symbol	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Units
Distance from well to stream	a	4650	4650	4650	ft
Aquifer transmissivity	т	160	1800	3000	ft2/day
Aquifer storativity	S	0.003	0.0008	0.0002	-
Aquitard vertical hydraulic conductivity	Kva	0.01	0.005	0.001	ft/day
Aquitard saturated thickness	ba	56	58	60	ft
Aquitard thickness below stream	babs	3	3	3	ft
Aquitard specific yield	Sya	0.2	0.2	0.2	-
Stream width	WS	10	15	20	ft

Stronger	don	lation (	for Scor	ancie (	э.
Stream	uep	letion	or scer	iano a	<b>C</b> •

Days	10	30	60	90	120	150	180	210	240	270	300	330	360
Depletion (%)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Depletion (cfs)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

