

Groundwater Application Review Summary Form

Application # G- 19330

GW Reviewer Phillip I. Marcy Date Review Completed: 07/11/2023

Summary of GW Availability and Injury Review:

☐ Groundwater for the proposed use is either over appropriated, will not likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights, OR will not likely be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource per Section B of the attached review form.

Summary of Potential for Substantial Interference Review:

☐ There is the potential for substantial interference per Section C of the attached review form.

Summary of Well Construction Assessment:

☐ The well does not appear to meet current well construction standards per Section D of the attached review form. Route through Well Construction and Compliance Section.

This is only a summary. Documentation is attached and should be read thoroughly to understand the basis for determinations and for conditions that may be necessary for a permit (if one is issued).

WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

MEMO

July 11, 2023

TO: Application G- 19330

FROM: GW: Phillip I. Marcy
(Reviewer's Name)

SUBJECT: Scenic Waterway Interference Evaluation

- ☐ YES The source of appropriation is hydraulically connected to a State Scenic Waterway or its tributaries
- ☒ NO
-
- ☐ YES Use the Scenic Waterway Condition (Condition 7J)
- ☒ NO
-
- ☐ Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is **able** to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a Scenic Waterway. The calculated interference is distributed below
-
- ☐ Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is **unable** to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a scenic waterway; **therefore, the Department is unable to find that there is a preponderance of evidence that the proposed use will measurably reduce the surface water flows necessary to maintain the free-flowing character of a scenic waterway**

DISTRIBUTION OF INTERFERENCE

Calculate the percentage of consumptive use by month and fill in the table below. If interference cannot be calculated, per criteria in 390.835, do not fill in the table but check the "unable" option above, thus informing Water Rights that the Department is unable to make a Preponderance of Evidence finding.

Exercise of this permit is calculated to reduce monthly flows in [Enter] Scenic Waterway by the following amounts expressed as a proportion of the consumptive use by which surface water flow is reduced.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

PUBLIC INTEREST REVIEW FOR GROUNDWATER APPLICATIONS

TO: Water Rights Section Date 07/11/2023
 FROM: Groundwater Section Phillip I. Marcy
 Reviewer's Name
 SUBJECT: Application G- 19330 Supersedes review of _____
 Date of Review(s)

PUBLIC INTEREST PRESUMPTION; GROUNDWATER

OAR 690-310-130 (1) *The Department shall presume that a proposed groundwater use will ensure the preservation of the public welfare, safety and health as described in ORS 537.525. Department staff review groundwater applications under OAR 690-310-140 to determine whether the presumption is established. OAR 690-310-140 allows the proposed use be modified or conditioned to meet the presumption criteria. This review is based upon available information and agency policies in place at the time of evaluation.*

A. GENERAL INFORMATION: Applicant's Name: Eldon J. & Kim D. Nelson County: Linn

A1. Applicant(s) seek(s) 0.20 cfs from 1 well(s) in the Willamette Basin,
 _____ subbasin

A2. Proposed use: Irrigation (13.5 acres); Supplemental Irrigation (72.5 acres)
 Seasonality: August 1st – October 31st (92 days); (March 1st – October 31st (245 days)

A3. Well and aquifer data (attach and number logs for existing wells; mark proposed wells as such under logid):

Well	Logid	Applicant's Well #	Proposed Aquifer*	Proposed Rate(cfs)	Location (T/R-S QQ-Q)	Location, metes and bounds, e.g. 2250' N, 1200' E fr NW cor S 36
1	Proposed	1	Alluvial	0.20	14S/2W-4 NW-SE	210'S, 2120'W fr ¼ cor S 4
2						
3						
4						

* Alluvium, CRB, Bedrock

Well	Well Elev ft msl	First Water ft bls	SWL ft bls	SWL Date	Well Depth (ft)	Seal Interval (ft)	Casing Intervals (ft)	Liner Intervals (ft)	Perforations Or Screens (ft)	Well Yield (gpm)	Draw Down (ft)	Test Type
1	384	NA	NA	NA	~100'	18'+	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	NA	NA	NA

Use data from application for proposed wells.

A4. **Comments:** The applicant proposes to construct one POA well to produce groundwater from alluvium for primary irrigation of 13.5 acres and supplemental irrigation of 72.5 acres.

A5. ☒ **Provisions of the** Willamette Basin rules relative to the development, classification and/or management of groundwater hydraulically connected to surface water ☐ **are**, or ☒ **are not**, activated by this application. (Not all basin rules contain such provisions.)
 Comments: Proposed wells are not within ¼ mile of a perennial stream reach and the well will produce from a confined aquifer. Thus the pertinent rules (OAR 690-502-0240) do not apply.

A6. ☐ **Well(s) #** _____, _____, _____, _____, _____, tap(s) an aquifer limited by an administrative restriction.
 Name of administrative area: _____
 Comments: _____

B. GROUNDWATER AVAILABILITY CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-310-130, 400-010, 410-0070

B1. **Based upon available data**, I have determined that groundwater* for the proposed use:

- a. ☐ is over appropriated, ☒ is not over appropriated, or ☐ cannot be determined to be over appropriated during any period of the proposed use. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the over-appropriation determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
- b. ☐ will not or ☐ will likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the injury determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
- c. ☐ will not or ☐ will likely to be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource; or
- d. ☒ will, if properly conditioned, avoid injury to existing groundwater rights or to the groundwater resource:
 - i. ☒ The permit should contain condition #(s) 7N;
 - ii. ☐ The permit should be conditioned as indicated in item 2 below.
 - iii. ☐ The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in item 3 below;

- B2.
- a. ☐ **Condition** to allow groundwater production from no deeper than _____ ft. below land surface;
 - b. ☐ **Condition** to allow groundwater production from no shallower than _____ ft. below land surface;
 - c. ☐ **Condition** to allow groundwater production only from the _____ groundwater reservoir between approximately _____ ft. and _____ ft. below land surface;
 - d. ☐ **Well reconstruction** is necessary to accomplish one or more of the above conditions. The problems that are likely to occur with this use and without reconstructing are cited below. Without reconstruction, I recommend withholding issuance of the permit until evidence of well reconstruction is filed with the Department and approved by the Groundwater Section.

Describe injury –as related to water availability– that is likely to occur without well reconstruction (interference w/ senior water rights, not within the capacity of the resource, etc): _____

- B3. **Groundwater availability remarks:** Based upon geologic mapping and reported lithologies from local well logs, the proposed POA well is likely to produce groundwater from the sedimentary sequence overlying tuffs of the Little Butte Volcanics (McCloughry, 2010). These range from late Eocene to early Miocene in age, and therefore are anticipated to have lost much of their primary porosity through processes of weathering and devitrification. Wells producing from the sedimentary sequence typically utilize horizons of “black sand” at depth which exhibit confined conditions, with static water level elevations well above the elevation of the productive zones.

The nearest authorized senior groundwater right is 2465’ from the proposed POA location. Using available data from local pump tests, calculations of expected drawdown at neighboring LINN 61779 after 245 days of continuous pumping at the proposed POA location resulted in a range of values between greater than 1 and less than 7 feet.

Based upon available static groundwater level data, the proposed aquifer system appears to be stable and will likely support the proposed use. Condition 7N is recommended in order to ensure long-term stability of the aquifer and support future determinations regarding appropriation in this area.

C. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-09-040**C1. 690-09-040 (1):** Evaluation of aquifer confinement:

Well	Aquifer or Proposed Aquifer	Confined	Unconfined
1	Sand & Gravel	☒	☐
		☐	☐
		☐	☐
		☐	☐

Basis for aquifer confinement evaluation: Resulting static water levels in local wells rise well above the elevation from which groundwater is first encountered.

C2. 690-09-040 (2) (3): Evaluation of distance to, and hydraulic connection with, surface water sources. All wells located a horizontal distance less than ¼ mile from a surface water source that produce water from an unconfined aquifer shall be assumed to be hydraulically connected to the surface water source. Include in this table any streams located beyond one mile that are evaluated for PSI.

Well	SW #	Surface Water Name	GW Elev ft msl	SW Elev ft msl	Distance (ft)	Hydraulically Connected?			Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?	
						YES	NO	ASSUMED	YES	NO
1	1	Calapooia River	370-380	355-385	1960	☒	☐	☐	☐	☒
						☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
						☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
						☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

Basis for aquifer hydraulic connection evaluation: The proposed POA well is planned to produce groundwater from sediments adjacent to and underlying the Calapooia River. The presence of fine-grained lithologies above the likely productive water-bearing zone are anticipated to slow the vertical migration of groundwater but reduction of groundwater storage from this aquifer is expected to induce stream interference over extended periods of sustained pumping from this and other groundwater rights in this area.

Water Availability Basin the well(s) are located within: CALAPOOIA R > WILLAMETTE R - AB MOUTH

C3a. 690-09-040 (4): Evaluation of stream impacts for each well that has been determined or assumed to be **hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile** from a surface water (SW) source. Limit evaluation to instream rights and minimum stream flows that are pertinent to that SW source, not lower SW sources to which the stream under evaluation is tributary. Compare the requested rate against the 1% of 80% *natural* flow for the pertinent Water Availability Basin (WAB). If Q is not distributed by well, use full rate for each well. Any checked ☒ box indicates the well is assumed to have the potential to cause PSI.

Well	SW #	Well < ¼ mile?	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
1	1	☐	☐	MF76A	20.00	☐	22.7	☐	<<25%	☐
		☐	☐			☐		☐		☐
		☐	☐			☐		☐		☐
		☐	☐			☐		☐		☐

C3b. **690-09-040 (4):** Evaluation of stream impacts by total appropriation for all wells determined or assumed to be **hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile** from a surface water source. **Complete only if Q is distributed among wells.** Otherwise same evaluation and limitations apply as in C3a above.

	SW #		Q _w > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Q _w > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Q _w > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
			☐			☐		☐		☐
			☐			☐		☐		☐

Comments: The depletion of local streams by the proposed well will be attenuated, but not eliminated, by the low vertical hydraulic conductivity (permeability) of silts and clays that lie between the deeper sands and gravels and the stream beds. Net impacts will be relatively small at the onset of pumping but will increase with time until a new equilibrium between local recharge and discharge is reached. After that time stream depletion is expected to be relatively constant throughout the year.

C3a: previous analytical stream depletion modeling for similar hydrogeologic settings indicate that stream depletion at 30 days is expected to be much less than 25% due largely to relatively thick sequence of low-permeability sediments present between the stream and the deeper aquifer water-bearing zones.

C4a. **690-09-040 (5):** Estimated impacts on **hydraulically connected surface water sources greater than one mile** as a percentage of the proposed pumping rate. Limit evaluation to the effects that will occur up to one year after pumping begins. This table encompasses the considerations required by 09-040 (5)(a), (b), (c) and (d), which are not included on this form. Use additional sheets if calculated flows from more than one WAB are required.

Non-Distributed Wells													
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q as CFS													
Interference CFS													
Distributed Wells													
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q as CFS													
Interference CFS													
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q as CFS													
Interference CFS													
(A) = Total Interf.													
(B) = 80 % Nat. Q													
(C) = 1 % Nat. Q													
(D) = (A) > (C)		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
(E) = (A / B) x 100		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%

(A) = total interference as CFS; (B) = WAB calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (C) = 1% of calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (D) = highlight the checkmark for each month where (A) is greater than (C); (E) = total interference divided by 80% flow as percentage.

Basis for impact evaluation:

C4b. **690-09-040 (5) (b)** The potential to impair or detrimentally affect the public interest is to be determined by the Water Rights Section.

- C5. ☐ **If properly conditioned**, the surface water source(s) can be adequately protected from interference, and/or groundwater use under this permit can be regulated if it is found to substantially interfere with surface water:
- i. ☐ The permit should contain condition #(s) _____;
 - ii. ☐ The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in "Remarks" below;

C6. **SW / GW Remarks and Conditions:** _____

References Used: _____

Conlon, T.D., Wozniak, K.C., Woodcock, D., Herrera, N.B., Fisher, B.J., Morgan, D.S., Lee, K.K., and Hinkle, S.R., 2005.

Gannett, M.W. and Caldwell, R., 1998, Geologic framework of the Willamette Lowland aquifer system, Oregon and Washington: U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 1424-A, 32 p.

Theis, C.V., 1941, The effect of a well on the flow of a nearby stream: Am. Geophys. Union Trans., v. 22, pt.3, p. 734-738.

Application review LL-1753.

Application review G-18801, permit G-18317.

Application review G-19314.

McClaghry, J.D., Wiley, T.J., Ferns, M.L., and Madin, I.P., 2010, Digital Geologic Map of the Southern Willamette Valley, Benton, Lane, Linn, Marion, and Polk Counties, Oregon, Open-File Report O-10-03, Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries.

D. WELL CONSTRUCTION, OAR 690-200

D1. Well #: _____ Logid: _____

D2. THE WELL does not appear to meet current well construction standards based upon:

- a. ☐ review of the well log;
- b. ☐ field inspection by _____;
- c. ☐ report of CWRE _____;
- d. ☐ other: (specify) _____

D3. THE WELL construction deficiency or other comment is described as follows: _____

D4. ☐ Route to the Well Construction and Compliance Section for a review of existing well construction.**Water Availability Tables**

Watershed ID #: 76		CALAPOOIA R > WILLAMETTE R - AB MOUTH				Exceedance Level: 80
Time: 10:16 AM		Basin: WILLAMETTE				Date: 07/11/2023
Month	Natural Stream Flow	Consumptive Use and Storage	Expected Stream Flow	Reserved Stream Flow	Instream Requirements	Net Water Available
Monthly values are in cfs. Storage is the annual amount at 50% exceedance in ac-ft.						
JAN	592.00	3.94	588.00	0.00	20.00	568.00
FEB	650.00	3.87	646.00	0.00	20.00	626.00
MAR	575.00	2.69	572.00	0.00	20.00	552.00
APR	423.00	2.37	421.00	0.00	20.00	401.00
MAY	234.00	19.60	214.00	0.00	20.00	194.00
JUN	111.00	15.40	95.60	0.00	20.00	75.60
JUL	49.00	23.90	25.10	0.00	20.00	5.10
AUG	26.00	17.20	8.77	0.00	20.00	-11.20
SEP	22.70	8.89	13.80	0.00	20.00	-6.19
OCT	29.60	2.02	27.60	0.00	20.00	7.58
NOV	133.00	2.53	130.00	0.00	20.00	110.00
DEC	499.00	3.89	495.00	0.00	20.00	475.00
ANN	404,000	6,460	397,000	0	14,500	383,000

Legend

- Drain
- Ditch
- Lake
- Reservoir
- Sewage Effluent
- Slough
- Sump
- Spring
- Stream
- Well
- Winter Runoff
- Waste Water

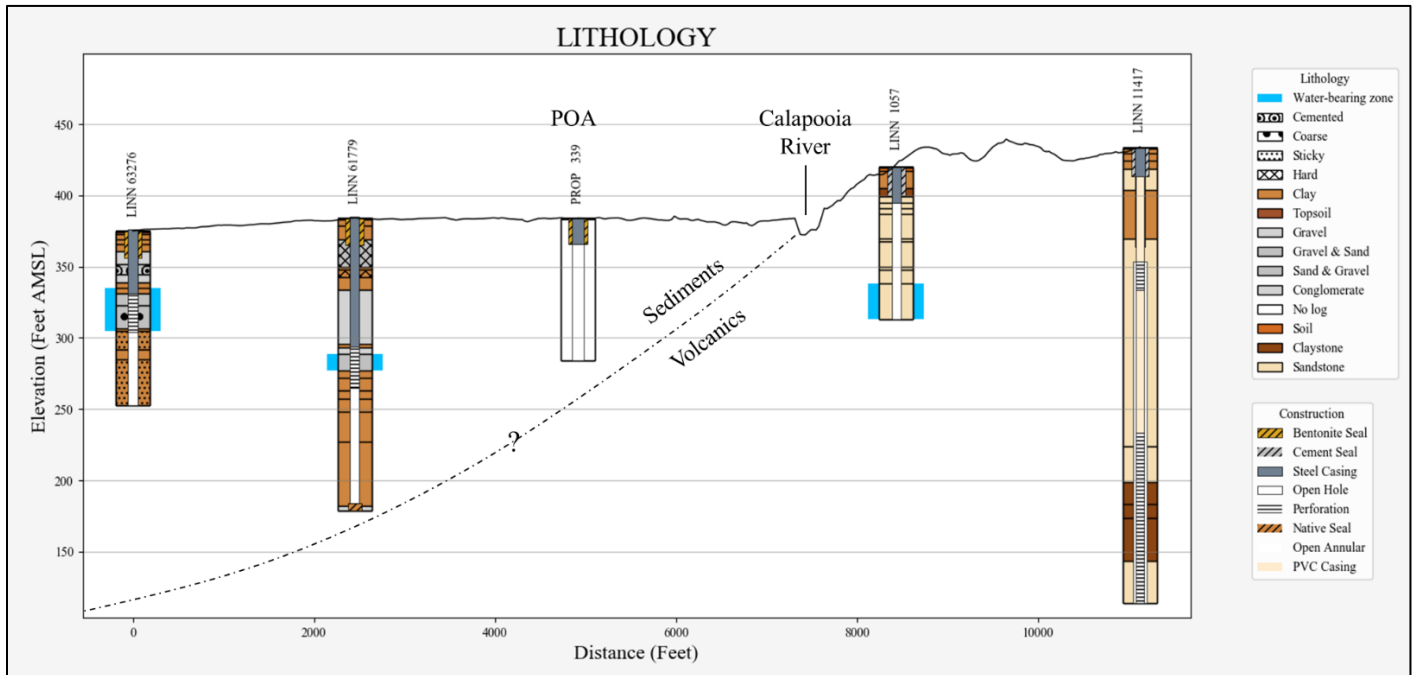
Legend

- Spring
- Outcrop
- Stratigraphic Section
- Well

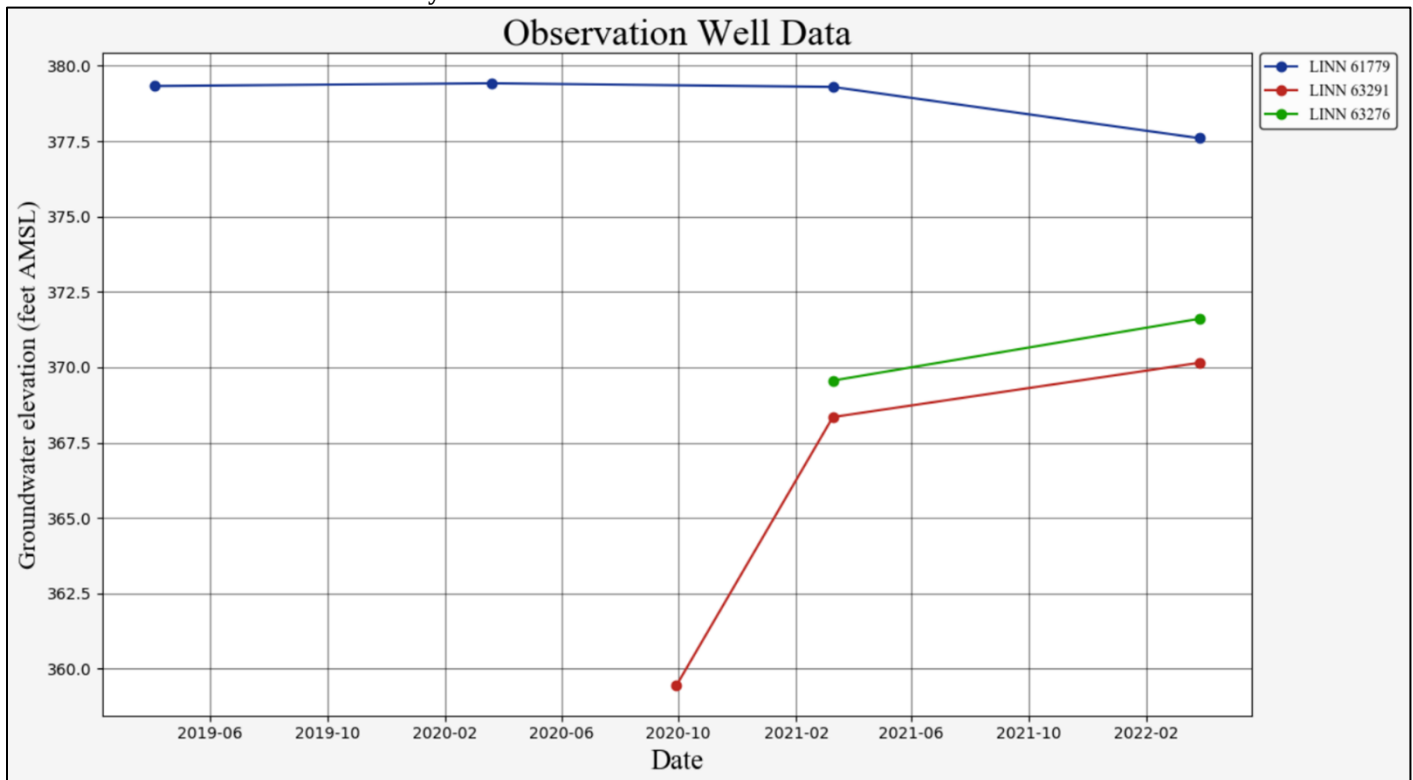
Map features include: Warren River, Calapooya River, Courtney Creek, Brantsville Ditch, and various elevation contours. Specific points of interest are labeled with Linn numbers: LINN0011693, LINN0011773, LINN0011775, LINN0011417, LINN0001057, LINN0013362, LINN0013426, LINN0013980, LINN0013426, LINN0013422, LINN0013433, LINN0013434, LINN0063276, LINN63291, LINN0063291, LINN61779, LINN0061779, and PROP0000339. A scale bar indicates distances from 0 to 1 mile. A north arrow is located in the bottom right corner.

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1:24,000

Cross-Section

The proposed POA well is anticipated to produce from the sedimentary sequence that here fills the Calapooia River Valley, rather than tuffs of the Little Butte Volcanics exposed in the topographic highs to the north.

Water-Level Measurements in Nearby Wells

Theis Interference Analysis

Input Data:	Var Name	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Units
Total pumping time	t		245		d
Radial distance from pumped well:	r		2465.00		ft
Pumping rate	Q		0.2		cfs
Hydraulic conductivity	K	15	30	60	ft/day
Aquifer thickness	b		60		ft
Storativity	S 1		0.01000		
	S 2		0.00100		
Transmissivity Conversions	T f2pd	900	1,800	3,600	ft ² /day
	T ft2pm	0.6250	1.2500	2.5000	ft ² /min
	T gpdpft	6,732	13,464	26,928	gpd/ft

Theis Drawdown and Recovery at r = 2465 ft From Pumping Well

Pump on = 352800 minutes = 245.00 days

