

Groundwater Application Review Summary Form

Application # G- 19415

GW Reviewer James Hootsmans/Travis Brown Date Review Completed: 11/8/2024

Summary of GW Availability and Injury Review:

Groundwater for the proposed use is either over appropriated, will not likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights, OR will not likely be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource per Section B of the attached review form.

Summary of Potential for Substantial Interference Review:

There is the potential for substantial interference per Section C of the attached review form.

Summary of Well Construction Assessment:

The well does not appear to meet current well construction standards per Section D of the attached review form. Route through Well Construction and Compliance Section.

This is only a summary. Documentation is attached and should be read thoroughly to understand the basis for determinations and for conditions that may be necessary for a permit (if one is issued).

WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

MEMO

11/8/2024

TO: Application G- 19415

FROM: GW: James Hootsmans/Travis Brown
(Reviewer's Name)

SUBJECT: Scenic Waterway Interference Evaluation

YES The source of appropriation is hydraulically connected to a State Scenic Waterway or its tributaries

NO

YES Use the Scenic Waterway Condition (Condition 7J)

NO

Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is **able** to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a Scenic Waterway. The calculated interference is distributed below

Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is **unable** to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a scenic waterway; **therefore, the Department is unable to find that there is a preponderance of evidence that the proposed use will measurably reduce the surface water flows necessary to maintain the free-flowing character of a scenic waterway**

DISTRIBUTION OF INTERFERENCE

Calculate the percentage of consumptive use by month and fill in the table below. If interference cannot be calculated, per criteria in 390.835, do not fill in the table but check the "unable" option above, thus informing Water Rights that the Department is unable to make a Preponderance of Evidence finding.

Exercise of this permit is calculated to reduce monthly flows in [Enter] Scenic Waterway by the following amounts expressed as a proportion of the consumptive use by which surface water flow is reduced.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

PUBLIC INTEREST REVIEW FOR GROUNDWATER APPLICATIONS

TO: Water Rights Section Date 11/8/2024
FROM: Groundwater Section James Hootsmans/Travis Brown
SUBJECT: Application G- 19415 Supersedes review of

PUBLIC INTEREST PRESUMPTION; GROUNDWATER

OAR 690-310-130 (1) The Department shall presume that a proposed groundwater use will ensure the preservation of the public welfare, safety and health as described in ORS 537.525. Department staff review groundwater applications under OAR 690-310-140 to determine whether the presumption is established. OAR 690-310-140 allows the proposed use be modified or conditioned to meet the presumption criteria. This review is based upon available information and agency policies in place at the time of evaluation.

A. GENERAL INFORMATION: Applicant's Name: Koos Seed Company County: LINN

A1. Applicant(s) seek(s) 0.75 cfs from 2 well(s) in the Willamette Basin, Santiam-Calapooia subbasin

A2. Proposed use Irrigation Seasonality: March 1 to October 31

A3. Well and aquifer data (attach and number logs for existing wells; mark proposed wells as such under logid):

Table with 7 columns: POA Well, Logid, Applicant's Well #, Proposed Aquifer*, Proposed Rate(cfs), Location (T/R-S QQ-Q), Location, metes and bounds, e.g. 2250' N, 1200' E fr NW cor S 36

* Alluvium, CRB, Bedrock

Table with 9 columns: POA Well, Well Depth (ft), Seal Interval (ft), Casing Intervals (ft), Liner Intervals (ft), Perforations Or Screens (ft), Well Yield (gpm), Drawdown (ft), Test Type

Table with 8 columns: POA Well, Land Surface Elevation at Well (ft amsl), Depth of First Water (ft bls), SWL (ft bls), SWL Date, Reference Level (ft bls), Reference Level Date

Use data from application for proposed wells.

A4. Comments: The applicant proposes two new Points of Appropriation (POAs) developing groundwater from the alluvial aquifer of the Willamette Basin.

Note: The applicant also has a pending water right review for 4 POAs across the highway in G19416 (PROP 534 to 537).

A5. Provisions of the Willamette Basin rules relative to the development, classification and/or management of groundwater hydraulically connected to surface water are, or are not, activated by this application. (Not all basin rules contain such provisions.)

Comments: The proposed POA wells are not located within 1/4 mile of a perennial surface water source, therefore the pertinent basin rules do not apply.

A6. Well(s) #, tap(s) an aquifer limited by an administrative restriction. Name of administrative area: NA

B. GROUNDWATER AVAILABILITY CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-310-130, 400-010, 410-0070

B1. **Based upon available data**, I have determined that groundwater* for the proposed use:

- a. is over appropriated, is not over appropriated, or cannot be determined to be over appropriated during any period of the proposed use. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the over-appropriation determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
- b. will not or will likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the injury determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
- c. will not or will likely to be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource; or
- d. will, if properly conditioned, avoid injury to existing groundwater rights or to the groundwater resource:
 - i. The permit should contain condition #(s) 7RLN; Water Use Reporting;
 - ii. The permit should be conditioned as indicated in item 2 below.
 - iii. The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in item 3 below;

- B2. a. **Condition** to allow groundwater production from no deeper than _____ ft. below land surface;
- b. **Condition** to allow groundwater production from no shallower than _____ ft. below land surface;
- c. **Condition** to allow groundwater production only from the alluvial groundwater reservoir ~~between approximately~~ _____ ft. and _____ ft. below land surface;
- d. **Well reconstruction** is necessary to accomplish one or more of the above conditions. The problems that are likely to occur with this use and without reconstructing are cited below. Without reconstruction, I recommend withholding issuance of the permit until evidence of well reconstruction is filed with the Department and approved by the Groundwater Section.

Describe injury –as related to water availability– that is likely to occur without well reconstruction (interference w/ senior water rights, not within the capacity of the resource, etc): _____

B3. **Groundwater availability remarks:** _____

The applicant’s proposed wells are in an area underlain by thick alluvial fan deposits by Woodward et al., (1998). O’Connor et al. (2001) map the unit as Qff2 (Quaternary Surficial Deposits – fine grained sediments), the main body of fine-grained Missoula Flood Deposits. These deposits are composed of coarse to fine sediments that reach > 140 ft thick and are considered to be a very productive aquifer system within the Willamette Valley. Locally, the aquifer appears to be greater than 200 feet thick and is confined by 10-20 feet of silt and clay (Willamette Silt). The thickness of these deposits and their overall high transmissivity suggest minimal negative impacts from the proposed use.

Available water level data are sparse, and display seasonal fluctuation within the aquifer system, but do not indicate or suggest long-term groundwater elevation declines in the area of the proposed use (see attached hydrograph).

The closest proximity senior water right (Claim GR-2446) is located 2700’ northeast of proposed POA 2. At this distance, a Theis drawdown calculation utilizing typical values for sands and gravels and a bulk aquifer thickness of 100’ anticipate less than 25’ of drawdown after one year of pumping at the proposed rate.

Reported yields from regional wells range from less than 1 to ~ 480 gpm, with a median of 60 gpm (see attached Well Statistics). The requested rate of 0.75 cfs (~336 gpm) therefore represents ~70 percent of the maximum yield reported for water wells in this area, however it is ~560 percent of the median reported yield. Therefore, it is possible the applicant will be able to achieve the requested pumping rate with the proposed POA, however there is also a possibility that the proposed wells will not yield the desired rate.

Note: The closest irrigation wells would be the wells proposed in the water right application G-19416, submitted by the same applicant. Therefore, the greatest impact to other groundwater rights in the future would be to the applicants themselves.

C. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-09-040

C1. **690-09-040 (1):** Evaluation of aquifer confinement:

Well	Aquifer or Proposed Aquifer	Confined	Unconfined
	Alluvium – Sand and Gravels	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Alluvium – Sand and Gravels	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Basis for aquifer confinement evaluation: Nearby well logs indicate that static water levels are typically somewhat higher than the elevation of respective water-bearing zones. The confining Willamette Silt is, in places, incised by local drainages, producing local confinement that likely varies by location and well construction. Considering the proposed well depth, the POA wells are likely to produce from semi-confined zones at depth within the alluvial aquifer system.

C2. **690-09-040 (2) (3):** Evaluation of distance to, and hydraulic connection with, surface water sources. All wells located a horizontal distance less than ¼ mile from a surface water source that produce water from an unconfined aquifer shall be assumed to be hydraulically connected to the surface water source. Include in this table any streams located beyond one mile that are evaluated for PSI.

Well	SW #	Surface Water Name	GW Elev ft msl	SW Elev ft msl	Distance (ft)	Hydraulically Connected?			Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?	
						YES	NO	ASSUMED	YES	NO
1	1	Lake Creek	~220-240 ^a	~216 ^b	11,920	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2	1	Lake Creek	~220-240 ^a	~216 ^b	12,000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Basis for aquifer hydraulic connection evaluation: The nearest hydraulically connected surface water source is Lake Creek to the northwest.

^a Woodward et al., 1998

^b LIDAR

Water Availability Basin the well(s) are located within: Calapooia R – Willamette R – AB Mouth

C3a. **690-09-040 (4):** Evaluation of stream impacts for each well that has been determined or assumed to be **hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile** from a surface water (SW) source. Limit evaluation to instream rights and minimum stream flows that are pertinent to that SW source, not lower SW sources to which the stream under evaluation is tributary. Compare the requested rate against the 1% of 80% *natural* flow for the pertinent Water Availability Basin (WAB). If Q is not distributed by well, use full rate for each well. Any checked box indicates the well is assumed to have the potential to cause PSI.

Well	SW #	Well < ¼ mile?	Q _w > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Q _w > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Q _w > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>

C3b. **690-09-040 (4):** Evaluation of stream impacts by total appropriation for all wells determined or assumed to be **hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile** from a surface water source. **Complete only if Q is distributed among wells.** Otherwise same evaluation and limitations apply as in C3a above.

SW #	Q _w > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Q _w > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Q _w > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
	<input type="checkbox"/>			<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>

Comments: There are no perennial surface water sources within 1 mile of the POAs. Therefore this section does not apply.

C4a. **690-09-040 (5):** Estimated impacts on **hydraulically connected surface water sources greater than one mile** as a percentage of the proposed pumping rate. Limit evaluation to the effects that will occur up to one year after pumping begins. This table encompasses the considerations required by 09-040 (5)(a), (b), (c) and (d), which are not included on this form. Use additional sheets if calculated flows from more than one WAB are required.

Non-Distributed Wells													
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q as CFS													
Interference CFS													
Distributed Wells													
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q as CFS													
Interference CFS													
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q as CFS													
Interference CFS													
(A) = Total Interf.													
(B) = 80 % Nat. Q													
(C) = 1 % Nat. Q													
(D) = (A) > (C)		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
(E) = (A / B) x 100		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%

(A) = total interference as CFS; (B) = WAB calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (C) = 1% of calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (D) = highlight the checkmark for each month where (A) is greater than (C); (E) = total interference divided by 80% flow as percentage.

Basis for impact evaluation:

Based upon the distance to hydraulically connected surface water from the proposed POA locations, the thickness and storage properties of the aquifer, and the relatively low pumping rate, the proposed use is not anticipated to have the potential for substantial interference with hydraulically connected local surface water.

C4b. **690-09-040 (5) (b) The potential to impair or detrimentally affect the public interest is to be determined by the Water Rights Section.**

- C5. **If properly conditioned**, the surface water source(s) can be adequately protected from interference, and/or groundwater use under this permit can be regulated if it is found to substantially interfere with surface water:
- i. The permit should contain condition #(s) _____;
 - ii. The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in "Remarks" below;

C6. **SW / GW Remarks and Conditions:** _____

References Used: G-19415 application files, OWRD GWIS database, Well log database

Gannett, M. W. and R. R. Caldwell. 1998. *Geologic Framework of the Willamette Lowland Aquifer System, Oregon and Washington*. USGS Professional Paper 1424-A.

Hunt, B., 2003. *Unsteady stream depletion when pumping from semiconfined aquifer: Journal of Hydrologic Engineering*. January/February, 2003.

O'Connor, J.E., Sarna-Wojcick, A., Woznikak, K.C., Polette, D.J., Fleck, R.J., 2001. *Origin, Extent, and Thickness of Quaternary Geologic Units in the Willamette Valley, Oregon*; U.S. Geological Survey, Professional Paper 1620, 51 p.

Woodward, D. G., M. W. Gannett, and J. J. Vaccaro. 1998. *Hydrogeologic Framework of the Willamette Lowland Aquifer System, Oregon and Washington*. USGS Professional Paper 1424-B.

D. WELL CONSTRUCTION, OAR 690-200

D1. Well #: _____ Logid: _____

D2. **THE WELL does not appear to meet current well construction standards based upon:**

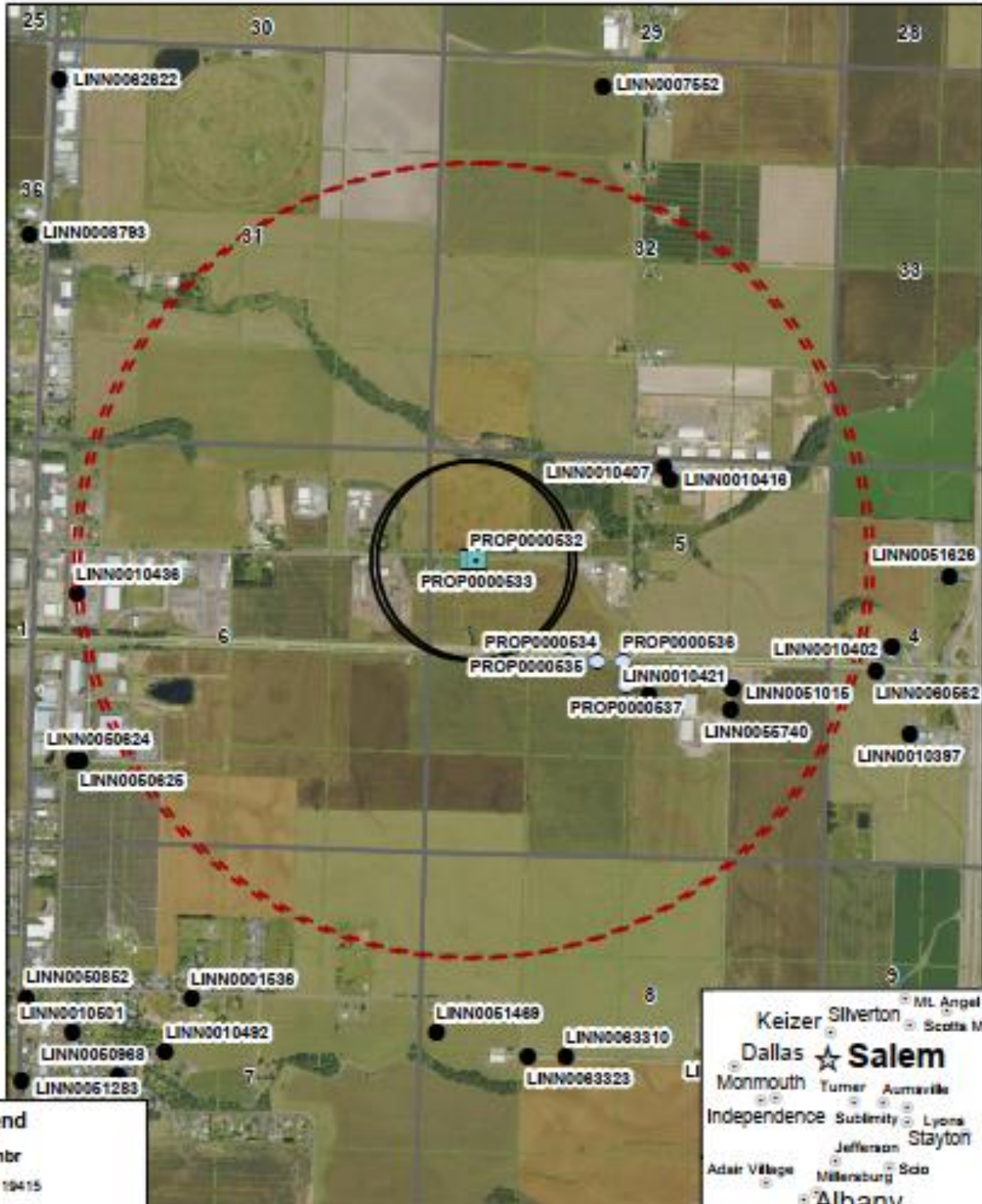
- a. review of the well log;
- b. field inspection by _____;
- c. report of CWRE _____;
- d. other: (specify) _____

D3. **THE WELL construction deficiency or other comment is described as follows:** _____

D4. **Route to the Well Construction and Compliance Section for a review of existing well construction.**

Well Location Map

G-19415 Koos Seed Company

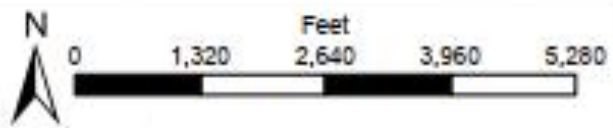


Legend

appl_nbr
 19415

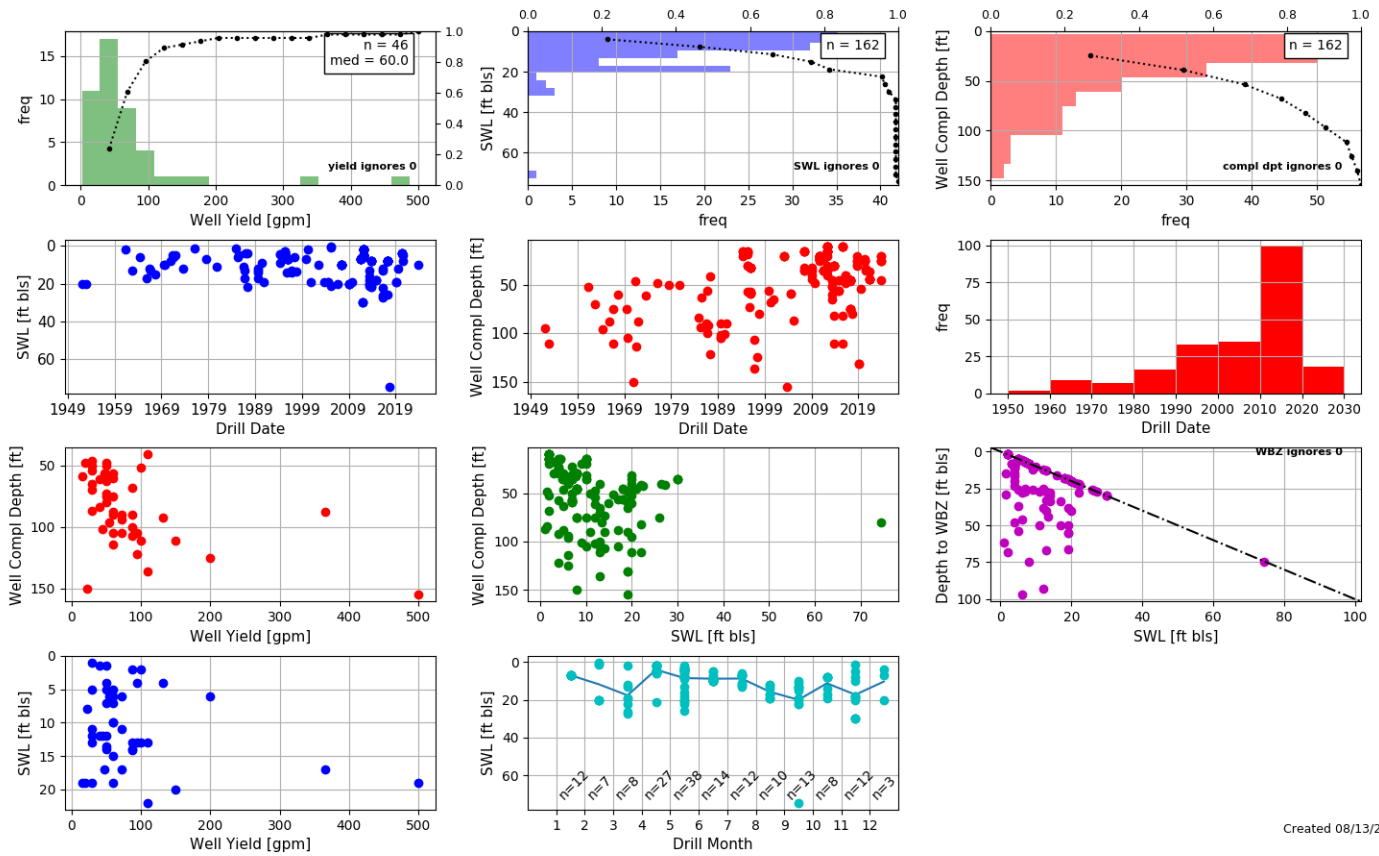
appl_nbr
 1/4 mi Buffer 19415

appl_nbr
 1 mi Buffer 19415



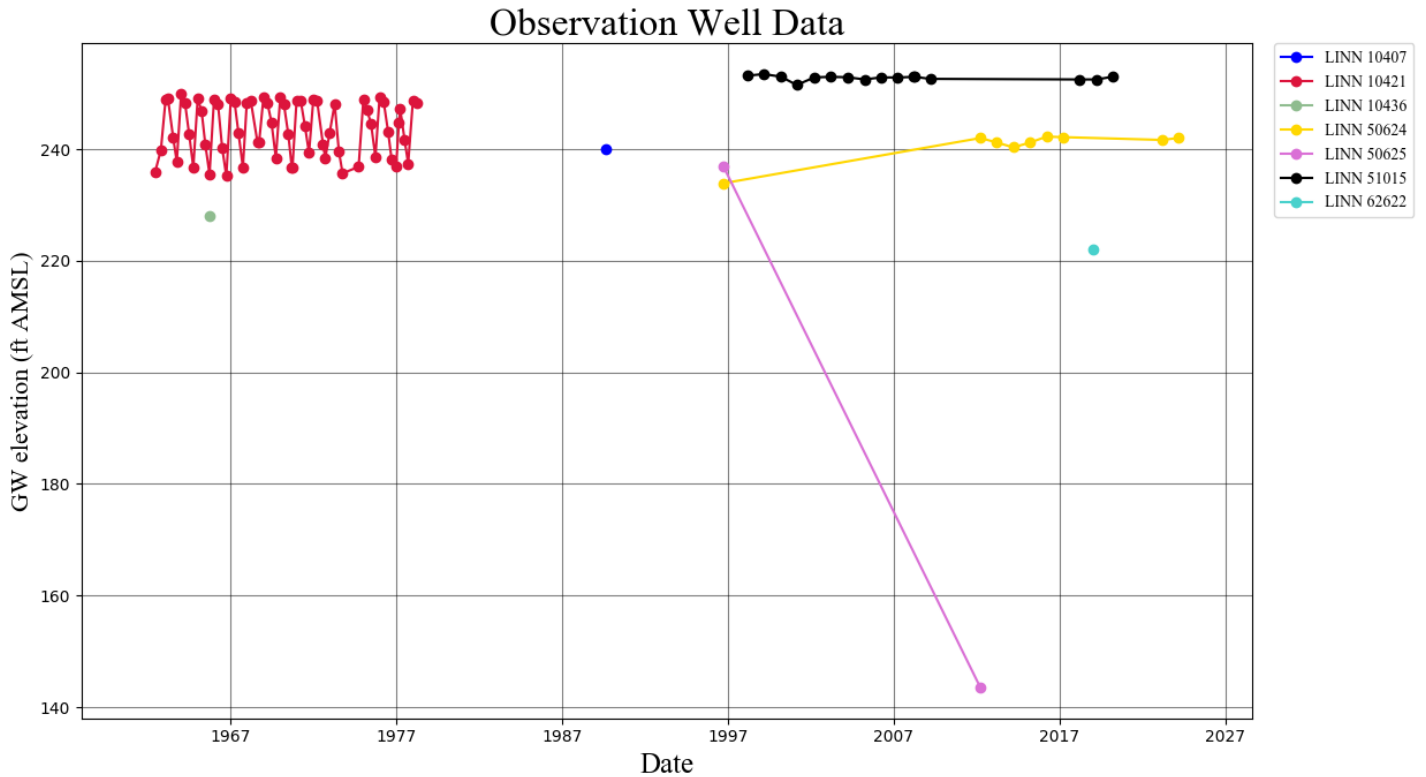
Service Layer Credits:

Well Statistics



Created 08/13/2024

Water-Level Measurements in Nearby Wells



Water Availability Tables

Water Availability Analysis
Detailed Reports

CALAPOOIA R > WILLAMETTE R - AB MOUTH
WILLAMETTE BASIN

Water Availability as of 8/7/2024

Watershed ID #: 76 (Map)
Date: 8/7/2024

Exceedance Level: 80%
Time: 4:23 PM

Water Availability Calculation Consumptive Uses and Storages Instream Flow Requirements Reservations
Water Rights Watershed Characteristics

Water Availability Calculation

Monthly Streamflow in Cubic Feet per Second
Annual Volume at 50% Exceedance in Acre-Feet

Month	Natural Stream Flow	Consumptive Uses and Storages	Expected Stream Flow	Reserved Stream Flow	Instream Flow Requirement	Net Water Available
JAN	592.00	4.75	587.00	0.00	20.00	567.00
FEB	650.00	4.68	645.00	0.00	20.00	625.00
MAR	575.00	3.50	571.00	0.00	20.00	551.00
APR	423.00	3.18	420.00	0.00	20.00	400.00
MAY	234.00	19.60	214.00	0.00	20.00	194.00
JUN	111.00	15.30	95.70	0.00	20.00	75.70
JUL	49.00	23.90	25.20	0.00	20.00	5.16
AUG	26.00	17.20	8.77	0.00	20.00	-11.20
SEP	22.70	8.89	13.80	0.00	20.00	-6.19
OCT	29.60	2.02	27.60	0.00	20.00	7.58
NOV	133.00	2.53	130.00	0.00	20.00	110.00
DEC	499.00	4.70	494.00	0.00	20.00	474.00
ANN	404,000.00	6,690.00	397,000.00	0.00	14,500.00	383,000.00

This Interference Analysis

Input Data:	Var Name	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Units	
Total pumping time	t		101		d	
Radial distance from pumped well:	r		2700		ft	Q conversions
Pumping rate	Q		0.75		cfs	336.60 gpm
Hydraulic conductivity	K	5	12	36	ft/day	0.75 cfs
Aquifer thickness	b		100		ft	45.00 cfm
Storativity	S_1		0.003			64,800.00 cfd
	S_2		0.0002			1.49 af/d
Transmissivity Conversions	T_f2pd	500	1200	3600	ft ² /day	Recalculate
	T_ft2pm	0.3472222	0.8333333	2.5	ft ² /min	
	T_gpdpft	3740	8976	26928	gpd/ft	

