## **Groundwater Application Review Summary Form**

Application # G- <u>19425</u>
GW Reviewer <u>Steve Ahlquist</u> Date Review Completed: <u>5/10/2024</u>
Summary of GW Availability and Injury Review:
Groundwater for the proposed use is either over appropriated, will not likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights, OR will not likely be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource per Section B of the attached review form.
Summary of Potential for Substantial Interference Review:
There is the potential for substantial interference per Section C of the attached review form.
Summary of Well Construction Assessment:
$\Box$ The well does not appear to meet current well construction standards per Section D of the attached review form. Route through Well Construction and Compliance Section.
This is only a summary. Documentation is attached and should be read thoroughly to understand the basis for determinations and for conditions that may be necessary for a permit (if one is issued).

#### WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

MEM	<b>O</b>	_May 10, 2024_
TO:		Application G- <u>19425</u>
FROM	O: Apple ROM: GW: UBJECT: Scenic  YES NO  YES NO  Per ORS 39 interference interference interference Department proposed us	GW: Steve Ahlquist (Reviewer's Name)
SUBJ	ECT: S	cenic Waterway Interference Evaluation
$\boxtimes$	YES	The source of appropriation is hydraulically connected to a State Scenic
	NO	Waterway or its tributaries
$\square$	VFC	
		Use the Scenic Waterway Condition (Condition 7J)
	interfer	RS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is <b>able</b> to calculate ground water rence with surface water that contributes to a Scenic Waterway. The calculated rence is distributed below
	interfer Depart propos	RS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is <b>unable</b> to calculate ground water rence with surface water that contributes to a scenic waterway; <b>therefore</b> , <b>the</b> the the third that there is a preponderance of evidence that the sed use will measurably reduce the surface water flows necessary to ain the free-flowing character of a scenic waterway.

#### DISTRIBUTION OF INTERFERENCE

Calculate the percentage of consumptive use by month and fill in the table below. If interference cannot be calculated, per criteria in 390.835, do not fill in the table but check the "unable" option above, thus informing Water Rights that the Department is unable to make a Preponderance of Evidence finding.

Exercise of this permit is calculated to reduce monthly flows in <u>Rogue</u> Scenic Waterway by the following amounts expressed as a proportion of the consumptive use by which surface water flow is reduced.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083

## PUBLIC INTEREST REVIEW FOR GROUNDWATER APPLICATIONS

TO: FROM:		r Rights Section		Date5/10/2024 Steve Ahlquist							
				Re	viewer's l	Name				_	
SUBJE	CT: Appl	ication G- <u>19</u>	9425_	Superse	edes rev	view of			CD :	( )	
								Date	of Review	(S)	
OAR 69 welfare, to determ the press	<b>20-310-130 (1)</b> Safety and heal mine whether thumption criteria	The Departmen th as described e presumption in This review i	in ORS 537.525. is established. OAs based upon ava	nat a propo Departme AR 690-310 ailable info	osed gro nt staff 0-140 al	nundwater use will end review groundwater a llows the proposed us on and agency policies	applica e be m es in p	tions unde odified or lace at the	r OAR 69 condition time of 6	ed to meet evaluation.	
A. GEI	NERAL INFO	<u> MINIA I I O IV</u> .	Applicant	s Name.	wari	rick Vineyard, LLC		Cou	nty: <u>Jac</u>	KSUII	
A1.						he Rogue				Basin,	
	Appleg	ate		sub	basin						
A2.	Proposed use _	Irrigatio	on (6.7 acres, 6.0	af) Se	asonalit	y: April 1 – Octobe	r 31				
A3.	Well and aquif	er data (attach	and number log	s for exist	ing wel	ls; mark proposed w	ells as	such und	er logid):		
POA Well	Logid	Applicant's Well #	Proposed Aquife		oposed ate(cfs)	Location (T/R-S QQ-Q	)			bounds, e.g. NW cor S 36	
1 2	JACK 14443	3	Bedrock		0.04	T37S/R4W-32 SE-				E 1/4 cor S 32 <sup>a</sup>	
3											
* Alluviu	ım, CRB, Bedroc	k									
POA Well	Well Depth (ft)			Liner Inter (ft)	rvals P	erforations Or Screens (ft)	Well '		d Drawdown (ft) Te		
2	168	0 - 24	+1 - 79	1 - 168	3	88 - 168	50	50 NA		Air	
3											
DO 4	I 10 6 FI		D. d. CE' . III	. 1	****	GWW.			1 5 6		
POA Well	Land Surface El (ft ar		l Depth of First Water SWL SWL (ft bls) (ft bls) Date				Kei	Reference Level Reference Level (ft bls) Date			
1	153		NA		7.78 <sup>b</sup>	8/2/2006		TBD		TBD	
3											
Use data	from application	for proposed wel	lls.								
A4.						s. Applicant proposes					
		ual volume of 6		t to provide	e an ins	tantaneous maximum	HOW I	ate of 0.04	cis and a	<u>totai</u>	
	<sup>a</sup> The meets and	d bounds location	on description pro			cation map does not i					
						ACK 14443 is assume		located a	s depicted	l on the	
						OWRD site inspection s rising at measureme		static wate	r level da	ta available	
		scoraca oy o m	113 011 0/ 2/ 2000		or or was	Tising at measureme	111.110	Statio Water	1 10 701 00	au uvanaoio.	
A5. 🗆	Provisions of	the Rogue			B	asin rules relative to t	he dev	elopment,	classifica	tion and/or	
	management o	f groundwater l	nydraulically com	nected to si	urface v	vater $\square$ are, $or \boxtimes a$	are not	t, activated	by this a	pplication.	
			ch provisions.)  Program rules (C	OAR 690-5	515) doe	es not contain such pro	ovisior	18.			
	-										
Аб. 🗆						_, tap(s) an aquifer			ninistrativ	ve restriction.	

Application G-19425 Date: May 10, 2024

### B. GROUNDWATER AVAILABILITY CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-310-130, 400-010, 410-0070

Page

•	Base	ed upon available data, I have determined that groundwater* for the proposed use:
	a.	$\Box$ is over appropriated, $\boxtimes$ is not over appropriated, $or$ $\Box$ cannot be determined to be over appropriated during any period of the proposed use. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the over-appropriation determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
	b.	$\square$ will not or $\square$ will likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the injury determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
	c.	$\square$ will not $or$ $\square$ will likely to be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource; or
	d.	<ul> <li>i.</li></ul>
		ii.   The permit should be conditioned as indicated in item 2 below.
		iii. $\square$ The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in item 3 below;
	a.	☐ Condition to allow groundwater production from no deeper than ft. below land surface;
	b.	☐ Condition to allow groundwater production from no shallower than ft. below land surface;
	c.	☐ Condition to allow groundwater production only from the
		groundwater reservoir between approximately ft. and ft. below land surface;
	d.	<ul> <li>Well reconstruction is necessary to accomplish one or more of the above conditions. The problems that are likely to occur with this use and without reconstructing are cited below. Without reconstruction, I recommend withholding issuance of the permit until evidence of well reconstruction is filed with the Department and approved by the Groundwater Section.</li> <li>Describe injury —as related to water availability—that is likely to occur without well reconstruction (interference w/</li> </ul>
		senior water rights, not within the capacity of the resource, etc):
	the r	undwater availability remarks: The proposed POA (JACK 14443) produces water from the fractured-rock aquifer of Grayback Pluton (Wiley, 2006). Water in this aquifer is transmitted via interconnected fractures. The OWRD well report base contains records for 20 water wells near the proposed POAs (Sec. 32, T37S R4W). According to the well reports, nedian and maximum yields are 40 and 110 gpm, respectively (see attached Well Statistics). Hydrographs for nearby in indicate groundwater levels are relatively stable with no long-term declines (see attached Water-Level Measurements in the Wells).
		re are several groundwater rights within 1 mile and several residential properties on adjacent tax lots that are likely
		blied by exempt use groundwater wells. A Theis (1935) drawdown analysis was conducted to assess potential well-to-interference at the closest residential property (Tax Lot 1400), located approximately 350 feet west of JACK 14443.
	Hyd	raulic parameters used in the Theis analysis are based on pumping tests for nearby wells and are within the typical range
	wou	alues for the hydrogeologic regime (Freeze and Cherry, 1979). To be conservative, the analysis assumed JACK 14443 ld be pumped continuously at the maximum requested rate (0.04 cfs) until reaching the requested annual volume of 6 -feet, which would take approximately 76 days. Results of the Theis analysis indicate drawdown at adjacent residential
		erties would likely not exceed 10 feet as a result of the proposed use at JACK 14443 (see attached Theis Interference
		lysis). The magnitude of well-to-well interference is difficult to predict for fractured-bedrock aquifer systems but based no relatively low requested pumping rate, it is unlikely that the proposed use would result in injury to other permitted
	grou	ndwater rights or exempt use wells.
		Version: 10/24/2023

#### C. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-09-040

C1. **690-09-040** (1): Evaluation of aquifer confinement:

Well	Aquifer or Proposed Aquifer	Confined	Unconfined
1	Fractured Bedrock of Grayback Pluton	$\boxtimes$	

Basis for aquifer confinement evaluation: The proposed POA and nearby wells are completed in the fractured bedrock aquifer of the Grayback Pluton overlain by approximately 30 feet of fine-grained fluvial terrace sediments. Well logs and water level data indicate that water levels measured in nearby wells are considerably above the water-bearing zones, and are above ground level in some locations, indicating the wells obtain groundwater from a confined aquifer.

C2. **690-09-040** (2) (3): Evaluation of distance to, and hydraulic connection with, surface water sources. All wells located a horizontal distance less than ¼ mile from a surface water source that produce water from an unconfined aquifer shall be assumed to be hydraulically connected to the surface water source. Include in this table any streams located beyond one mile that are evaluated for PSI.

Well	SW #	Surface Water Name	GW Elev ft msl	SW Elev ft msl	Distance (ft)		Conne	lically cted? ASSUMED	Potentia Subst. Int Assum YES	terfer.
1	1	Wooldridge Creek	1507	1366- 1518	70	×				⊠
1	2	Unnamed Tributary to	1507	1316	380	×	$\overline{}$	П		⊠
		Wooldridge Creek		1524		_			1	
1	3	Slagle Creek	1507	1256-	1130	$\boxtimes$				$\boxtimes$
				1507						
1	4	Applegate River	1507	1170	7800	X				$\boxtimes$

Basis for aquifer hydraulic connection evaluation: Static water levels measured in JACK 14443 and other nearby wells
completed in the fractured bedrock aquifer of the Grayback Pluton are higher than surface water elevations in nearby streams,
indicating that groundwater is discharging to surface water. Deeper groundwater flow paths likely discharge to the Applegate
River.

Water Availability Basin the well(s) are located within: <u>APPLEGATE R>ROGUE R - AT MOUTH (WID #249)</u>

C3a. **690-09-040** (4): Evaluation of stream impacts for <u>each well</u> that has been determined or assumed to be **hydraulically** connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water (SW) source. Limit evaluation to instream rights and minimum stream flows that are pertinent to that SW source, not lower SW sources to which the stream under evaluation is tributary. Compare the requested rate against the 1% of 80% *natural* flow for the pertinent Water Availability Basin (WAB). If Q is not distributed by well, use full rate for each well. Any checked  $\boxtimes$  box indicates the well is assumed to have the potential to cause PSI.

Well	SW #	Well < 1/4 mile?	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
1	1	$\boxtimes$					45.80		<25	
1	2	×					45.80		<25	
1	3	⋈					45.80		<25	

C3b. **690-09-040 (4):** Evaluation of stream impacts by total appropriation for all wells determined or assumed to be **hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile** from a surface water source. **Complete only if Q is distributed among wells**. Otherwise same evaluation and limitations apply as in C3a above.

	SW #	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?

Comments: C3a: An analytical stream depletion model (Hunt, 2003) was used to estimate potential interference with
streamflow at the closest stream, Wooldridge Creek, due to the proposed use. Hydraulic parameters used in the model were
obtained from regional data (Pumping Test Reports) and are representative of bulk aquifer properties. Specific parameter values
used in the analyses are listed in the attached Stream Depletion Model Analyses. Hunt model results indicate that stream
depletion (interference) at Wooldridge Creek is anticipated to be much less than 25% of the well discharge at 30 days of
continuous pumping at the maximum requested rate of 0.04 cfs. Other streams are located much farther from the proposed POA
and are expected to experience less interference as a result.

C4a. **690-09-040 (5):** Estimated impacts on **hydraulically connected surface water sources greater than one mile** as a percentage of the proposed pumping rate. Limit evaluation to the effects that will occur up to one year after pumping begins. This table encompasses the considerations required by 09-040 (5)(a), (b), (c) and (d), which are not included on this form. Use additional sheets if calculated flows from more than one WAB are required.

Non-Di	istributed	Wells											
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	9/
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfere	ence CFS												
Distrib	uted Well	s											
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	9/
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfere	ence CFS												
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	9/
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfere	ence CFS												
(A) = To	tal Interf.												
(B) = 80	% Nat. Q												
(C) = 1	% Nat. Q												
	-												
$(\mathbf{D}) = ($	$(\mathbf{A}) > (\mathbf{C})$	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	
$(\mathbf{E}) = (\mathbf{A})$	/ B) x 100	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%

(A) = total interference as CFS; (B) = WAB calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (C) = 1% of calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (D) = highlight the checkmark for each month where (A) is greater than (C); (E) = total interference divided by 80% flow as percentage.

Rasis for impact evaluation:

basis for impact evaluation:
The requested maximum pumping rate (0.04 cfs) is less than 1% of the minimum natural streamflow in Applegate River (45.80
cfs for September). Therefore, interference is expected to be less than 1% of the natural streamflow throughout the year.

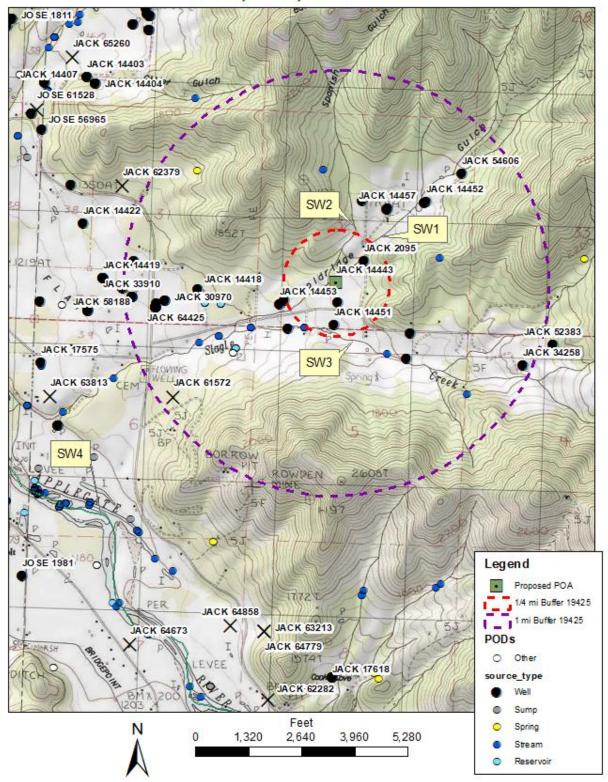
	9-040 (5) (b) The potential to impair or detrimentally affect the public interest is to be determined by the Wate ghts Section.
unde	<b>operly conditioned</b> , the surface water source(s) can be adequately protected from interference, and/or groundwater use r this permit can be regulated if it is found to substantially interfere with surface water:  .   The permit should contain condition #(s)
	ii.   The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in "Remarks" below;
nearby st Water A surface v River to	Remarks and Conditions: The proposed POA produces water from an aquifer which is hydraulically connected to reams (Wooldridge Creek, Slagle Creek) and the Applegate River, which is tributary to the Rogue River. The OWRD vailability Reporting System (WARS) has determined that groundwater use has already measurably reduced the vater flows necessary to maintain the free-flowing character of the Rogue Scenic Waterway from the Applegate Lobster Creek as per ORS 390.835. The proposed groundwater use would further reduce surface water flow to be Scenic Waterway.
Reference	es Used:
Applicati	on File: G-19417
Freeze, F	.A. and Cherry, J.A., 1979, Groundwater, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 604 p.
Hunt, B. 8(1), pp	2003. Unsteady Stream Depletion when Pumping from a Semiconfined Aquifer. Journal of Hydrologic Engineering. Vo 2-19
	V., 1935. The relation between the lowering of the piezometric surface and the rate and duration of discharge of a well undwater storage, Am. Geophys. Union Trans., vol. 16, pp. 519-524.
	J. 2006. Preliminary Geologic Map of the Sexton Mountain, Murphy, Applegate, and Mount Isabelle 7.5' Quadrangles, and Josephine Counties, Oregon. Oregon Dept. of Geology and Mineral Industries. OFR O-06-11

## D. WELL CONSTRUCTION, OAR 690-200

D1.	Well #: _	Logid:	_
D2.	THE WE	ELL does not appear to meet current well construction standards based upon:	
	a. 🗆 r	review of the well log;	
	b.	field inspection by	
		report of CWRE	;
	d. 🗆 d	other: (specify)	
D3.	THE WE	ELL construction deficiency or other comment is described as follows:	_
			_
			-
D4.	Route to	the Well Construction and Compliance Section for a review of existing well construction.	

#### **Well Location Map**

## G19425 Warrick Vineyard, LLC T37S, R4W, Section 32



Service Layer Credits: Copyright@ 2013 National Geographic Society, i-cubed

#### Water Availability Tables

# APPLEGATE R > ROGUE R - AT MOUTH ROGUE BASIN

Water Availability as of 5/6/2024

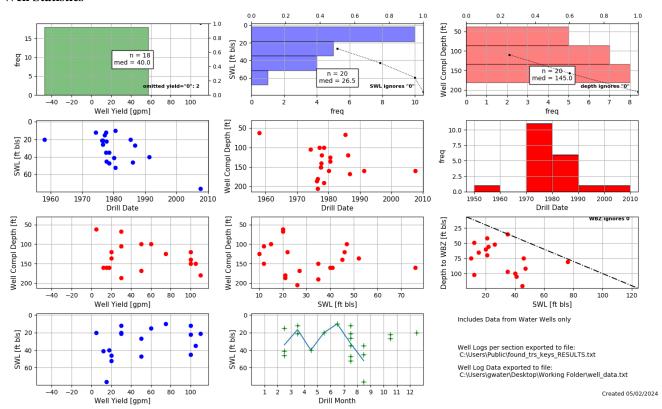
Watershed ID #: 249 (Map) Date: 5/6/2024 Exceedance Level: 80% V

## **Water Availability Calculation**

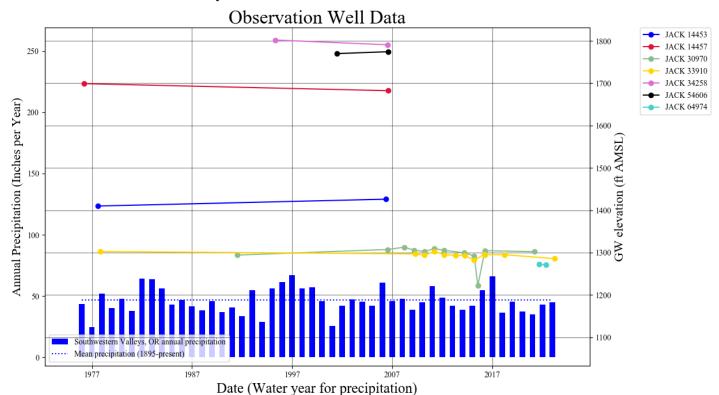
Monthly Streamflow in Cubic Feet per Second Annual Volume at 50% Exceedance in Acre-Feet

Month	Natural Stream Flow	Consumptive Uses and Storages	Expected Stream Flow	Reserved Stream Flow	Instream Flow Requirement	Net Water Available
JAN	373.00	5.68	367.00	0.00	300.00	67.30
FEB	674.00	439.00	235.00	0.00	300.00	-65.10
MAR	792.00	438.00	354.00	0.00	340.00	13.90
APR	662.00	460.00	202.00	0.00	340.00	-138.00
MAY	591.00	42.80	548.00	0.00	360.00	188.00
JUN	222.00	58.20	164.00	0.00	360.00	-196.00
JUL	91.80	77.00	14.80	0.00	120.00	-105.00
AUG	59.00	64.00	-5.02	0.00	120.00	-125.00
SEP	45.80	42.90	2.89	0.00	120.00	-117.00
OCT	56.00	15.90	40.10	0.00	360.00	-320.00
NOV	146.00	3.82	142.00	0.00	360.00	-218.00
DEC	244.00	4.73	239.00	0.00	300.00	-60.70
ANN	421,000.00	98,100.00	322,000.00	0.00	204,000.00	160,000.00

#### **Well Statistics**



#### Water-Level Measurements in Nearby Wells



#### Theis Interference Analysis Theis Time-Drawdown Worksheet v.5.00 Calculates Theis nonequilibrium drawdown and recovery at any arbitrary radial distance, r, from a pumping well for 3 different T values and radial distance, r, from a pumping well for 3 different T values and 2 different S values. Written by Karl C. Wozniak September 1992. Last modified December 17, 2019 Theis Drawdown and Recovery at r = 350 ft From Pumping Well Pump on = 109440 m 0.00 1.00 Input Data: Total pumping time Radial distance from pumped well: Pumping rate Hydraulic conductivity Apulfor the Research feet 2.00 Q conversions 17.95 gpm 0.04 cfs 3.00 100 4.00 Aquifer thickness Storativity 100 500 0.069444 0.347222 748 3740 5.00 Transmissivity Conversions 6.00 0.694444 ft2/min 7480 gpd/ft Elapsed Time Since Pumping Started, days Use the Recalculate button if recalculation is set to manual Theis Drawdown and Recovery at r = 350 ft From Pumping Well Pump on = 109440 minutes = 76.00 days Theis Drawdown and Recovery at r = 350 ft From Pumping Well Theis Drawdown and Recovery at r = 350 ft From Pumping Well Pump on = 109440 m 0.00 0.00 0.00 5.00 5.00 feet feet feet 10.00 10.00 10.00 15.00 15.0 15.00 20.00 25.00 100000 1000000 10000 100000 1000000 10 1000 10000 100 Elapsed Time Since Pumping Started, minutes Elapsed Time Since Pumping Started, minutes Theis Drawdown and Recovery at r = 350 ft From Pumping Well Pump on = 109440 minutes = 76.00 days rdown and Recovery at r = 350 ft From Pumping Well Pump on = 109440 minutes = 76.00 days Theis Drawdown and Recovery at r = 350 ft From Pumping Well Pump on = 109440 minutes = 76.00 days 5.00 5.00 5.0 feet feet 10.00 10.00 10.00 15.00 Draw T3S2 T3S1 T2S2 T2S1 T1S2 20.0 20.00 20.00 25.00 <del>|</del> 0.000 T1S1 25.00 100.000 200.000 300.000 400.000 0.010 0.100 1.000 10.000 100.000 1000.000 10 100 1000 t/t' Elapsed Time Since Pumping Started, days Elapsed Time Since Pumping Started, days

### **Stream Depletion (Hunt) Model Analysis**

Application type:

Application number:

19425

Well number:

Stream Number:

Pumping rate (cfs):

Pumping duration (days):

Pumping start month number (3=March)

G

19425

1

1

213

Parameter	Symbol	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Units
Distance from well to stream	a	70	70	70	ft
Aquifer transmissivity	T	100	500	1000	ft2/day
Aquifer storativity	S	.001	.0005	.0001	-
Aquitard vertical hydraulic conductivity	Kva	0.01	0.05	0.1	ft/day
Aquitard saturated thickness	ba	10	15	20	ft
Aquitard thickness below stream	babs	15	10	5	ft
Aquitard specific yield	Sya	0.2	0.2	0.2	-
Stream width	ws	15	20	25	ft

## Stream depletion for Scenario 2:

Days	10	300	330	360	30	60	90	120	150	180	210	240	270
Depletion (%)	3	4	3	3	4	5	5	6	7	7	8	4	4
Depletion (cfs)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

