Groundwater Application Review Summary Form

Application # G- 19479 GW Reviewer Gabriela Ferreira Date Review Completed: January 2, 2025 **Summary of GW Availability and Injury Review:** ☐ Groundwater for the proposed use is either over appropriated, will not likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights, OR will not likely be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource per Section B of the attached review form. **Summary of Potential for Substantial Interference Review:** There is the potential for substantial interference per Section C of the attached review form. **Summary of Well Construction Assessment:** The well does not appear to meet current well construction standards per Section D of the attached review form. Route through Well Construction and Compliance Section. This is only a summary. Documentation is attached and should be read thoroughly to understand the basis for determinations and for conditions that may be necessary for a permit (if one is issued).

Version: 10/24/2023

WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

MEM	Ю	
то:		Application G19479_
FRO	М:	GW: Gabriela Ferreira (Reviewer's Name)
SUBJ	ECT: S	Scenic Waterway Interference Evaluation
	YES NO	The source of appropriation is hydraulically connected to a State Scenic Waterway or its tributaries
	YES NO	Use the Scenic Waterway Condition (Condition 7J)
	interfe	RS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is able to calculate ground water rence with surface water that contributes to a Scenic Waterway. The calculated rence is distributed below
	interfe Depar propo	RS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is unable to calculate ground water rence with surface water that contributes to a scenic waterway; therefore , the the the tis unable to find that there is a preponderance of evidence that the sed use will measurably reduce the surface water flows necessary to ain the free-flowing character of a scenic waterway
DIÇT	וחומוס	ON OF INTERFERENCE

Calculate the percentage of consumptive use by month and fill in the table below. If interference cannot be calculated, per criteria in 390.835, do not fill in the table but check the "unable" option above, thus informing Water Rights that the Department is unable to make a Preponderance of Evidence finding.

Exercise of this permit is calculated to reduce monthly flows in [Enter] Scenic Waterway by the following amounts expressed as a proportion of the consumptive use by which surface water flow is reduced.

Ja	n	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

Version: 10/24/2023

PUBLIC INTEREST REVIEW FOR GROUNDWATER APPLICATIONS

TO:	Wate	r Rights Secti	on			Date _		1/2/2025		
FROM	: Grou	ndwater Secti	on	Gabriela I						
SUBJE	CT: Appl	ication G- _1 9	1470	Reviewe		of				
SOBJE	ст. Аррг	ication G- <u>13</u>	<u> </u>	Supersedes .	ieview	/ OI		Date	of Review	(s)
										,
			TION; GROUN t shall presume th		anaun d	watan waa will one	arma th	a nuagamia	ion of th	a nublia
			i snatt presume in in ORS 537.525.							
			is established. OA							
the pres	umption criteria	. This review i	s based upon ava	ilable informa	ation a	nd agency policie	es in p	lace at the	time of o	evaluation.
A. <u>GE</u>	NERAL INFO	RMATION:	Applicant's	Name: <u>Co</u>	lton Sc	chool District #53	3	Cour	ty: <u>Cla</u>	ckamas
A1.	Applicant(s) se	eek(s) <u>0.089</u>	cfs from 2	well(s) i	in the _	Willamette				Basin,
				subbasir	n					
A2.	Proposed use	Irrigatio	on (36.1 acres)	Seasona	ality:	March 1 through	Octob	er 31		
	_				-	_				
A3.	Well and aquif	er data (attach	and number logs	for existing w	vells; n	nark proposed w	ells as	such und	er logid):	
POA	Logid	Applicant's	Proposed Aquife	r* Propose		Location				bounds, e.g.
Well 1	PROPOSED	Well #	Volcanics	Rate(cfs 0.089	s)	(T/R-S QQ-Q) T5S/ R3E – 3 SW-				NW cor S 36 NE cor S 3
2	PROPOSED	2	Volcanics			T5S/ R3E – 3 SW-				NE cor S 3
* Alluviu	ım, CRB, Bedroc	k								_
POA	Well Depth	Seal Interval	Casing Intervals	Liner Intervals	Perfor	rations Or Screens	Well	Yield Dra	wdown	Tast Tyma
Well	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)		(ft)	(gp		(ft)	Test Type
2	150 150	0-20 0-20	0 - 150 0 - 150	TBD TBD		TBD TBD	TB TB		TBD TBD	TBD TBD
		•						•		
POA	Land Surface El		Depth of First Wat			SWL	Ref	erence Leve	Refe	rence Level
Well 1	(ft ar		(ft bls) TBD	(ft bls)		Date TBD		(ft bls) TBD		Date TBD
2	76.		TBD	TBD		TBD		TBD		TBD
Use data	from application	for proposed wel	lls.							
A4.	Comments: T	he proposed Po	OAs/POU are loca	ted approximat	telv () 5	s miles southeast (of Col	ton and 9 n	iles sout	hwest of
11			oses irrigation use							
	rate of 0.089 c	fs (~40 gpm) ar	nd maximum annu	al volume of 4.	3.3 acre	<u>e-feet.</u>				
	a Land surface	alayatian from	LIDAR at the pro	nosad wall loss	otion (C	OLC 2016)				
	Land surface	cicvation mom	LIDAR at the pro	posed well loca	ation (C	<u>DLC, 2010).</u>				
A5. 🗆	Provisions of					rules relative to t		_		
			nydraulically conn	ected to surfac	e water	\square are, $or oxtimes a$	re no	t, activated	by this a	pplication.
			ch provisions.)				.1	4 337'11 44	. D	1 (OAD
		<u>do not apply.</u>	As will produce f	rom a confined	aquife	er; therefore, the re	elevan	t Willameti	e Basın ı	ules (OAR
	2, 2 2 02 10									
A6.	Well(s) #	,	, ,	,	_ , tap(s) an aquifer limit	ted by	an adminis	trative re	striction.
	Name of admir	nistrative area:	N/A							
	Comments: N	/A								

Version: 10/24/2023

B. GROUNDWATER AVAILABILITY CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-310-130, 400-010, 410-0070

B1.	Bas	ed upon available data, I have determined that groundwater* for the proposed use:
	a.	□ is over appropriated, $⊠$ is not over appropriated, or $□$ cannot be determined to be over appropriated during any period of the proposed use. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the over-appropriation determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
	b.	\square will not or \square will likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the injury determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
	c.	\square will not or \square will likely to be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource; or
	d.	 will, if properly conditioned, avoid injury to existing groundwater rights or to the groundwater resource: i. ☐ The permit should contain condition #(s)
B2.	a.	☐ Condition to allow groundwater production from no deeper than ft. below land surface;
	b.	☐ Condition to allow groundwater production from no shallower than ft. below land surface;
	c.	Condition to allow groundwater production only from the groundwater reservoir between approximately ft. and ft. below land surface;
	d.	☐ Well reconstruction is necessary to accomplish one or more of the above conditions. The problems that are likely to occur with this use and without reconstructing are cited below. Without reconstruction, I recommend withholding issuance of the permit until evidence of well reconstruction is filed with the Department and approved by the Groundwater Section.
		Describe injury —as related to water availability— that is likely to occur without well reconstruction (interference w/ senior water rights, not within the capacity of the resource, etc):
B3.	Cre	bundwater availability remarks: The proposed POA/POU is located on the southwest slopes of Mount Hood. The
B3.	Gro	bundwater availability remarks: The proposed POA/POU is located on the southwest slopes of Mount Hood. The

3. Groundwater availability remarks: The proposed POA/POU is located on the southwest slopes of Mount Hood. The surrounding area is characterized by steep topographic relief and variable geology from overlapping alluvial and volcanic deposits. The proposed POAs would produce water from the Sardine Formation, comprised of middle and upper Miocene andesitic lava flows, volcanic mudflow breccias, ash-flow tuff, and other volcanic flows. The proposed POAs are located near the western margin of the Sardine Formation, where it thins and may interlayer with the Troutdale Formation, although the Troutdale Formation mostly overlies the Sardine Formation. The Troutdale Formation is exposed at lower elevations north and west of the proposed POAs, along lower reaches of the Milk Creek drainage. The Columbia River Basalt Group is encountered at depths between 200 to 400 feet bls (Gannet and Caldwell, 1998; Hampton, 1972; Wells, 2020). The Sardine Formation is considered part of the basement confining unit within Willamette Basin hydrogeologic units as described by Conlon and others (2005) and is characterized by low permeability and low porosity.

Within approximately two mile of the proposed POA locations, four groundwater rights are present for nursery, irrigation, agricultural, and pond maintenance uses, along with several exempt domestic wells. The nearby wells appear to produce from the Troutdale and Sardine Formations and have somewhat low yields, with most less than 60 gpm (see attached well statistics). One nearby well deepening was reported for a well that appear to be completed in the Sardine Formation (CLAC 10624 / 50128). The requested rate (~40 gpm) is within reported yields for similarly constructed wells.

Although a well report was not identified, injury was evaluated against a potential well located approximately 1,200 feet east of the proposed POA Well 1, assuming a similarly constructed well associated with the domestic property at address 21800 S

Schieffer Road. Despite not fully penetrating the Sardine Formation aquifer system, potential impacts on a potential well were modeled using the attached Theis drawdown analysis and assuming the full duty and rate of the proposed POA. Transmissivity values are based on published values (Freeze and Cherry 1979; Conlon and others, 2005). Under conservative modeled parameters (Scenario 1), acute temporary drawdown in excess of typical permit conditions may occur; therefore, Condition 7RLN is recommended to assess potential future injury concerns.

Water level data from four wells were selected for evaluation based on location and aquifer system. Two wells, CLAC 65759 (~1.5 mile west) and CLAC 11435 (~2 miles northwest), are near the western margin of the Sardine Formation and may be interlayered with the Troutdale Formation. The other two wells, CLAC 206 and CLAC 2951, are located approximately 8 miles north and likely produce from the Sardine Formation, although these wells may also have some hydraulic connection to the Clackamas River. CLAC 2951 reports a decline of approximately 12 feet from ~1991 to 2006; the other three wells have relatively stable water levels, with 10 to 15 feet of variability observed over the available record. Although somewhat limited, the available groundwater level data suggests that groundwater for the proposed use is not over appropriated.

Permit condition 7RLN is recommended to assess potential future injury concerns, and as a means to monitor long-term groundwater conditions in this area.

Version: 07/28/2020

C. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-09-040

C1. **690-09-040** (1): Evaluation of aquifer confinement:

Well	Aquifer or Proposed Aquifer	Confined	Unconfined
1	Volcanics		
2	Volcanics		

Basis for aquifer confinement evaluation: The proposed wells would produce from the Sardine Formation, comprised of volcanic lavas and mudflow breccias. Water levels for nearby similarly constructed wells typically report static water levels above water bearing zone(s), indicating a confined aquifer or series of aquifers.

C2. **690-09-040** (2) (3): Evaluation of distance to, and hydraulic connection with, surface water sources. All wells located a horizontal distance less than ¼ mile from a surface water source that produce water from an unconfined aquifer shall be assumed to be hydraulically connected to the surface water source. Include in this table any streams located beyond one mile that are evaluated for PSI.

Well	SW #	Surface Water Name	GW Elev ft msl	SW Elev ft msl	Distance (ft)		Conne	ulically ected? ASSUMED	Potentia Subst. Int Assum YES	terfer.
1	1	Bee Creek	700 - 740	565 - 860	1,690	\boxtimes				\boxtimes
2	1	Bee Creek	700 - 740	565- 845	1,650	\boxtimes				\boxtimes
1	2	Canyon Creek	700 – 740	565 – 800	1,830	\boxtimes				×
2	2	Canyon Creek	700 – 740	565 - 790	1,680	\boxtimes				☒

Basis for aquifer hydraulic connection evaluation: ¹Estimated groundwater elevation is based on reported static water levels in nearby similarly constructed wells that produce from the Sardine Formation (CLAC 57763 and CLAC 67385).

²Estimated surface water elevation and distance is provided for the nearest perennial reach for the surface water body (OLC, 2016; USGS 2014).

Because the estimated groundwater elevations for the POAs are coincident with the estimated elevation ranges for the listed surface water sources, the aquifer system proposed to be accessed by the POA is efficiently hydraulically connected to those stream reaches. Additionally, the surface water sources have incised into reported water-bearing zones within the Sardine Formation, at which elevation several spring rights are also identified (Certificates 29595 and 22817 approximately 0.5 to 1 mile west of the proposed POAs, elevations 635 to 710 ft amsl). These observations also support the reported hydraulic connection from the Sardine Formation to local springs providing base flow to nearby streams (Hampton, 1972).

Water Availability Basin the well(s) are located within: #131: Milk Creek > Molalla River – At Mouth

C3a. **690-09-040 (4):** Evaluation of stream impacts for <u>each well</u> that has been determined or assumed to be **hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile** from a surface water (SW) source. Limit evaluation to instream rights and minimum stream flows that are pertinent to that SW source, not lower SW sources to which the stream under evaluation is tributary. Compare the requested rate against the 1% of 80% *natural* flow for the pertinent Water Availability Basin (WAB). If Q is not distributed by well, use full rate for each well. Any checked \boxtimes box indicates the well is assumed to have the potential to cause PSI.

Well	SW #	Well < 1/4 mile?	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
1	1			IS89613	1.31	⊠	8.92		N/A	<mark>⊠</mark>
2	1			IS89613	1.31	⊠	8.92		N/A	⊠
1	2			IS89612	1.31	⊠	8.92		N/A	⊠
2	2			IS89612	1.31	⊠	8.92		N/A	⊠

C3b. **690-09-040 (4):** Evaluation of stream impacts <u>by total appropriation</u> for all wells determined or assumed to be **hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile** from a surface water source. **Complete only if Q is distributed among wells**. Otherwise same evaluation and limitations apply as in C3a above.

Version: 07/28/2020

	SW #	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
Ī									

Comments: C3a: PSI is found with SW 1 and 2, because the proposed rate (0.089 cfs) exceeds 1% of the respective ISWR (0.0131 cfs for both IS89612 and IS89613).

Analytical models typically used to estimate stream interference/depletion (Hunt 1999, Hunt 2003) are not appropriate for this particular hydrogeologic setting within a volcanic formation and given the locality's high local topographic relief and correspondingly great variability in surface water and groundwater levels.

C3b: Not applicable.

C4a. **690-09-040 (5):** Estimated impacts on **hydraulically connected surface water sources greater than one mile** as a percentage of the proposed pumping rate. Limit evaluation to the effects that will occur up to one year after pumping begins. This table encompasses the considerations required by 09-040 (5)(a), (b), (c) and (d), which are not included on this form. Use additional sheets if calculated flows from more than one WAB are required.

Non-Di	stributed	Wells											
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfere	ence CFS												
	-	•		•						•			
	uted Well												
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfere	ence CFS												
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q	as CFS												
	ence CFS												
		-											
$(\mathbf{A}) = \mathbf{To}$	tal Interf.												
(B) = 80	% Nat. Q												
(C) = 1	% Nat. Q												
	-	•											
$(\mathbf{D}) = ($	$(\mathbf{A}) > (\mathbf{C})$	√	√	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	√	√	√	\checkmark
$(\mathbf{E}) = (\mathbf{A} / \mathbf{E})$	/ B) x 100	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%

(A) = total interference as CFS; (B) = WAB calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (C) = 1% of calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (D) = highlight the checkmark for each month where (A) is greater than (C); (E) = total interference divided by 80% flow as percentage.

Basis for impact evaluation:

C4b. 690-09-040 (5) (b) The potential to impair or detrimentally affect the public interest is to be determined by the Water Rights Section.

C5. L	☐ If properly conditioned , the surface water so	rce(s) can be adequately	protected from interference	, and/or groundwater use
	under this permit can be regulated if it is found	to substantially interfere	with surface water:	

	 i. The permit should contain condition #(s)	
C6. SW	/ GW Remarks and Conditions:	

Date: January 2, 2025

Page

8

References Used: Application File G-19479

Application G-19479

Water well reports and data CLAC 2006, CLAC 2591, CLAC 11435, CLAC 55763, CLAC 65759, CLAC 67385

Barlow, P.M., and Leake, S.A., 2012, Streamflow depletion by wells—Understanding and managing the effects of groundwater pumping on streamflow, Circular 1376: U.S. Geological Survey, Reston, VA.

Bredehoeft J., 2011, Hydrologic trade-offs in conjunctive use management: Ground Water, July/August, Vol 49(4), p. 468-475.

Freeze, R.A. and Cherry, J.A., 1979, Groundwater, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 604 p.

Gannett, M.W. and Caldwell, R., 1998, Geologic framework of the Willamette Lowland aquifer system, Oregon and Washington, Professional Paper 1424-A, 32 p. U. S. Geological Survey, Reston, VA.

Hampton, E. R., 1972, *Geology and Ground Water of the Molalla-Salem Slope Area, Northern Willamette Valley, Oregon*, Water-Supply Paper 1997: U. S. Geological Survey, Reston, VA.

Hunt, B., 2003, Unsteady stream depletion when pumping from semiconfined aquifer: Journal of Hydrologic Engineering, January/February, Vol 8, p. 12-19.

Oregon Lidar Consortium (OLC), 2016, OLC metro 2014 lidar project, Oregon Department of Geology & Mineral Industries, Portland, OR, November 30.

Theis, C.V., 1935, The relation between the lowering of the piezometric surface and the rate and duration of discharge of a well using groundwater storage, American Geophysical Union Transactions, vol. 16, p. 519-524.

<u>United States Geological Survey, 2014, National Hydrography Dataset (NHD), 1:24,000, U. S. Department of the Interior, Reston, VA.</u>

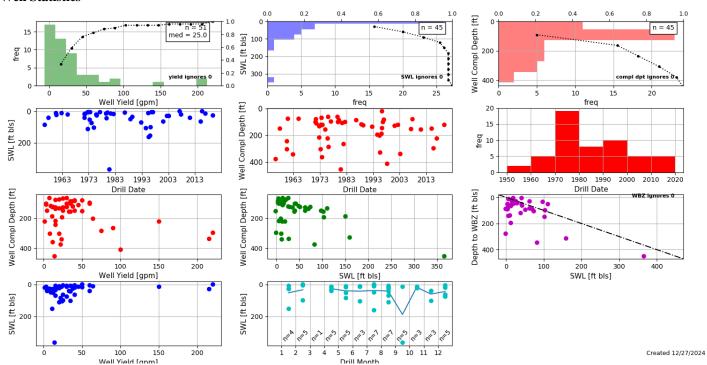
Wells, R., Haugerud, R.A., Niem, A.R., Niem, W.A., Ma, L., Evarts, R.C., O'Connor, J.E., Madin, I.P., Sherrod, D.R., Beeson, M.H., Tolan, T.L., Wheeler, K.L., Hanson, W.B., and Sawlan, M.G., 2020, *Geologic map of the greater Portland metropolitan area and surrounding region, Oregon and Washington*: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Map 3443, pamphlet 55 p., 2 sheets, scale 1:63,360.

Application G-19479 Date: January 2, 2025

D. WELL CONSTRUCTION, OAR 690-200

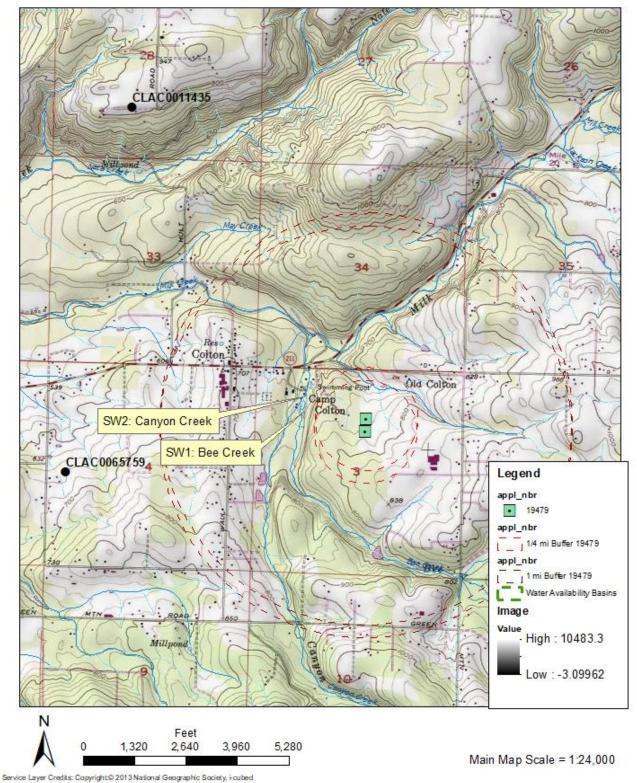
Well #:	Logid:
THE W	VELL does not appear to meet current well construction standards based upon:
a. 🗆	review of the well log;
b. 🗆	field inspection by;
	report of CWRE;
d. 🗆	other: (specify)
THE W	VELL construction deficiency or other comment is described as follows:
	to the Well Construction and Compliance Section for a review of existing well construction

Well Statistics

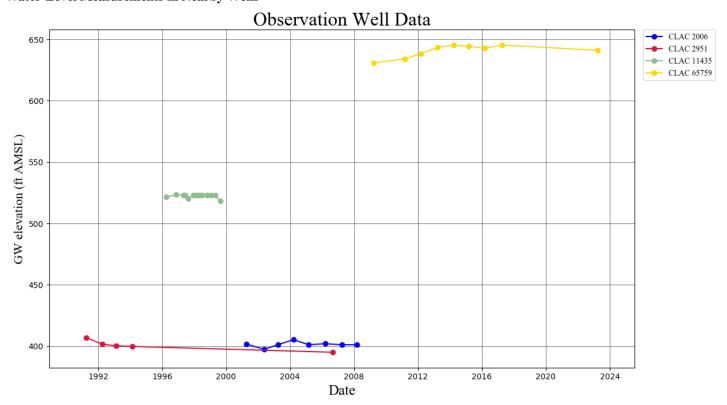


Well Location Map

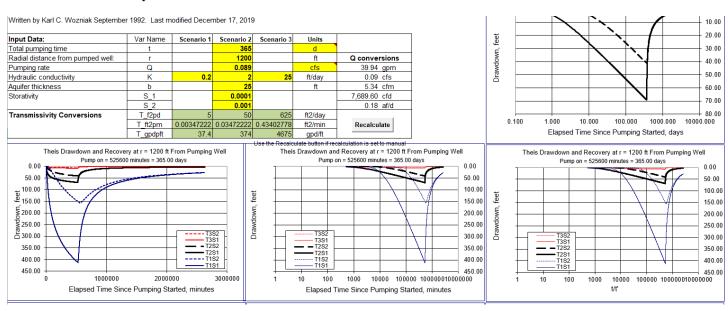
Application G-19479 Colton School D53 T5S R3E Section 3



Water-Level Measurements in Nearby Wells



Theis Interference Analysis



Water Availability Tables

Water Availability Analysis

Detailed Reports

MILK CR > MOLALLA R - AT MOUTH

WILLAMETTE BASIN

Water Availability as of 12/31/2024
Watershed ID #: 131 (Map)
Date: 12/31/2024

Exceedance Level: 80% V

Water Availability Calculation Consumptive Uses and Storages Instream Flow Requirements Reservations

Water Rights Watershed Characteristics

Water Availability Calculation

Monthly Streamflow in Cubic Feet per Second Annual Volume at 50% Exceedance in Acre-Feet

Allitada Volatilo de 60 // Excessidados III // 60 / 60						
Month	Natural Stream Flow	Consumptive Uses and Storages	Expected Stream Flow	Reserved Stream Flow	Instream Flow Requirement	Net Water Available
JAN	124.00	2.40	122.00	0.00	85.00	36.60
FEB	117.00	2.28	115.00	0.00	85.00	29.70
MAR	121.00	1.99	119.00	0.00	85.00	34.00
APR	91.50	2.23	89.30	0.00	85.00	4.27
MAY	59.20	5.04	54.20	0.00	85.00	-30.80
JUN	26.50	7.32	19.20	0.00	60.00	-40.80
JUL	10.80	12.50	-1.75	0.00	40.00	-41.70
AUG	8.92	10.30	-1.37	0.00	20.00	-21.40
SEP	8.95	4.47	4.48	0.00	20.00	-15.50
OCT	15.20	1.69	13.50	0.00	40.00	-26.50
NOV	32.20	1.54	30.70	0.00	85.00	-54.30
DEC	92.00	2.51	89.50	0.00	85.00	4.49
ANN	93,600.00	3,290.00	90,300,00	0.00	46,700.00	48,700.00

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