# **Groundwater Application Review Summary Form**

Application # G- <u>19460</u>
GW Reviewer Stacey Garrison Date Review Completed: 9/22/2025
Summary of GW Availability and Injury Review:
Groundwater for the proposed use is either over appropriated, will not likely be available in the
amounts requested without injury to prior water rights, OR will not likely be available within the
capacity of the groundwater resource per Section B of the attached review form.
Summary of Potential for Substantial Interference Review:  There is the potential for substantial interference per Section C of the attached review form.
Summary of Well Construction Assessment:
☐ The well does not appear to meet current well construction standards per Section D of the attached review form. Route through Well Construction and Compliance Section.
This is only a summary. Documentation is attached and should be read thoroughly to understand the basis for determinations and for conditions that may be necessary for a permit (if one is issued).

Version: 10/24/2023

# WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

MEM	O							_5	Septemb	oer 22, 2	025	
TO:		Applica	tion G-	19460	-							
FRON	<b>1</b> :	<b>GW:</b> _ <u><b>s</b></u>	<b>tacey Ga</b> Reviewer									
SUBJ	ECT: Sc	enic Wa	aterway	Interf	erence ]	Evaluat	ion					
	YES NO		source (erway o		-	is hydr	aulically	y connec	cted to a	a State S	Scenic	
	YES NO	Use	the Scei	nic Wat	erway C	Condition	n (Cond	ition 7J)	)			
		S 390.8 ence with ence is d	h surfac	e water	that con					_		
	interfered Departs propose	S 390.8 ence wit ment is ed use in the fr	h surfac unable will me	e water to find easurab	that cor that the ly redu	ntributes ere is a p ace the	to a sce prepone surface	enic wat derance water	erway; e <b>of evic</b>	therefo	re, the at the	
Calculo per crit	RIBUTIC te the perce eria in 390 partment is	centage of 0.835, do 1	consump not fill in	tive use b the table	y month d but check	k the "una	ble" optic					
Water	se of this way by t e water f	he follo	wing an			-					use by v	vhich
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	

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# PUBLIC INTEREST REVIEW FOR GROUNDWATER APPLICATIONS

TO: FROM		Rights Secti ndwater Secti	on on	Stacey C			g	9/22/2	025		
SUBJE	CT: Appli	cation G- <u>19</u>	9460_		er's Nan revie	w of <u>3/5/2025</u>			Date of I	Review(	s)
OAR 69 welfare, to determent the pres	90-310-130 (1) T safety and healt mine whether the	The Department that described the presumption This review is	l in ORS 537.525. is established. OA is based upon ava	at a proposed Department start 690-310-14  iilable inform	taff rev 0 allov a <b>ation</b> a	dwater use will ense will ense groundwater a was the proposed use and agency policies to Farms, LLC	pplicate be mess in pl	tions uodified	ınder O. d or con	AR 69 ditione ne of e	0-310-140 ed to meet valuation.
A1.	Applicant(s) se	ek(s) 2.88	cfs from 4	well(s)	in the	Willamette					Basin
	Molalla-	-Pudding		subbas	in						
A2.	Proposed use _	Nurser	y	Season	nality:	Year round					
A3.	Well and aquife	er data <b>(attach</b>	and number log	s for existing	wells;	mark proposed w	ells as	such	under l	ogid):	
POA Well	Logid	Applicant's Well #	Proposed Aquife	Kale(c)	fs) <sup>a</sup>	Location (T/R-S QQ-Q)		2250'	N, 1200	'E fr N	bounds, e.g. W cor S 36
1	MARI 17388	1	Alluvium	2.88		6S/3W-23 SE-NI					4 cor S 23
3	MARI 5169 PROP 600	2	Alluvium Alluvium	2.88 2.88		6S/3W-24 NW-NV 6S/3W-23 NE-NI					1/4 cor S 24 TE cor S 23
4	MARI 5170	<u>3</u>	Alluvium	2.88		6S/3W-24 SW-NV					.4 cor S 24
	am, CRB, Bedrock		11100110111	2.00		0.5.0 11 21 5 11 11		0,0	1,,510	<u> </u>	
POA	Well Depth	Seal Interval	Casing Intervals	Liner Intervals	Perfo	orations Or Screens	Well Y	Yield	Drawd	lown	T . T
Well	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)		(ft)	(gpi		(ft		Test Type
1	200	0 to 19	+1 to 200		120	) to 150, 183 to 200	50				Air
2	140	0 to 20	0 to 140			80 to 139	70	0	33	3	Pump
3	360	0 to 20	0 to 360					_			
4	112	0 to 15	0 to 112			75 to 111	30	0	60	)	Pump
									1		
POA	Land Surface Ele		Depth of First Wat			SWL	Refe	erence ]		Refe	rence Level
Well	(ft am		(ft bls)	(ft bls	.)	Date		(ft bls			Date
1	183		75	62		6/19/1991	63.53 °		3/7/2018		
4	183 181		80 75		42     2/16/1971       36     9/10/1958			40.2 <sup>d</sup> 38.2 <sup>d</sup>			/ <u>21/2001</u> / <u>21/2001</u>
	from application f					9/10/1936		36.2		3/	21/2001
A4.						y limits for Keizer,					
					_	lso authorized unde					
						thorized under Peri					
						maximum rate of 0.					
	of 3.75 AF; the	total combine	d maximum rate f	or POA 1 (M.	<b>ARI 17</b>	7388) is 3.1723 cfs	(1,424)	gpm)	and the	e maxi	<u>mum</u>
	combined duty	is 638.75 AF.	POA 2 (MARI 51	69) is also aut	thorize	d under Certificate	46698	at a n	naximu	m rate	of 0.45 cfs
	and a maximun	n annual duty o	of 81.75 AF; Certi	ficate 55720 a	t a max	ximum rate of 0.3 c	fs and	a max	kimum a	annual	duty of
	59.25 AF; Certi	ificate 97362 a	it a maximum rate	of 0.31 cfs an	d a ma	ximum annual duty	of 62	.5 AF	the tot	al com	bined rate
						of <b>780 AF</b> . POA					
						um annual duty of 1					
			cfs and a maximu					,			101
						roposed well locati	ons (V	Vatere	hed Scie	ences	2009)
					set for application						
			ed from nearby we			bet for application	0-105	, <del></del> 1/pc	11111t U-	1/020	_
	Veterence 16A	cis extraporate	a nom hearby we	11 IVIANI 3148	•						
A5. 🗆	Provisions of t	<b>he</b> Willamette	<u>.</u>		Raci	n rules relative to tl	he dev	elonm	ent cla	ssificat	tion and/or
		·		. 1. 2				-			
				nected to surfa	ce wate	er $\square$ are, $or \boxtimes$ a	re not	, activ	ated by	this ap	oplication.
	(Not all basin ri	ules contain su	ch provisions)								

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	Comments: The proposed POAs are greater than 0.25 miles from the nearest surface water source. Per OAR 690-502-0240, the relevant basin rules do not apply.
A6. 🗆	Well(s) #,,, tap(s) an aquifer limited by an administrative restriction Name of administrative area:
	Comments:

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Date: 9/22/2025

# B. GROUNDWATER AVAILABILITY CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-310-130, 400-010, 410-0070

**Based upon available data**, I have determined that <u>groundwater</u>\* for the proposed use:

B1.

	a.	☐ is over appropriated, ☐ is not over appropriated, or ☐ cannot be determined to be over appropriated during a period of the proposed use. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the over-appropriation determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;	ny
	b.	$\square$ will not or $\square$ will likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the injury determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;	ıg
	c.	$\boxtimes$ will not or $\square$ will likely to be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource; or	
	d.	<ul> <li>will, if properly conditioned, avoid injury to existing groundwater rights or to the groundwater resource:         <ol> <li>i.</li></ol></li></ul>	
B2.	a.	☐ Condition to allow groundwater production from no deeper than ft. below land surface;	
	b.	☐ Condition to allow groundwater production from no shallower than ft. below land surface;	
	c.	Condition to allow groundwater production only from the groundwater reservoir between approximately ft. and ft. below land surface;	₩
	d.	<ul> <li>Well reconstruction is necessary to accomplish one or more of the above conditions. The problems that are likely to occur with this use and without reconstructing are cited below. Without reconstruction, I recommend withhold issuance of the permit until evidence of well reconstruction is filed with the Department and approved by the Groundwater Section.</li> <li>Describe injury —as related to water availability—that is likely to occur without well reconstruction (interference well).</li> </ul>	ing
В3.		senior water rights, not within the capacity of the resource, etc):  oundwater availability remarks: The POAs are located on 60 to 80 ft of fine-grained Missoula flood deposits, which erlies the 100 to 120 ft thick Willamette Aquifer that the POAs are likely to develop (O'Connor et al., 2001; Gannett and	
	Cal	Idwell, 1998). Within a mile of the POAs the sand and gravel water-bearing zones, WBZs, of the Willamette Aquifer are ween 35 and 400 ft bls [-214 to 129 ft amsl] and range in thickness from 7 to 290 ft <sup>a</sup> .	
	A repo	review of statistics for nearby well records was completed and compared with the highest maximum combined rate for the posed POAs, 3.94 cfs (1,768 gpm) for POA 2 (MARI 5169) from this application (see Well Statistics). The median ported well yield is 50 gpm and the maximum reported well yield is 2,000 gpm; of the 754 wells included in the tistical review, only six wells are reported with yields exceeding 1,000 gpm and only one well (MARI 5224) report	
		ield higher than the lowest combined rate for this application (POA 3/PROP 600 at 1,293 gpm). MARI 5224 was	<u>.cu</u>
	com POA 173 resp	veloped to 333 ft deep and with a combined open interval greater than 100 ft thick. The proposed maximum nbined rate for this application is 2,585% of the median and 65% of the maximum reported yield. Within one mile of the As, the median well yield is 368 gpm and the maximum is 1,200 gpm. The three POAs that are developed (POA 1/MAF)	RI
		388, POA 2/MARI 5169, POA 4/MARI 5170) report significantly lower yields (500 gpm, 700 gpm, and 300 gpm, pectively) than the respective proposed rates of 3.1723 cfs, 3.94 cfs, and 2.95 cfs. The undeveloped POA 3 (PROP 600)	_
	half 1/M	388, POA 2/MARI 5169, POA 4/MARI 5170) report significantly lower yields (500 gpm, 700 gpm, and 300 gpm,	an a-

A Theis drawdown analysis on the total drawdown within the pumping well was completed for each of the respective proposed maximum combined rates and compared to the anticipated drawdown capacity for each well. The drawdown capacity was calculated as the most recent static water level minus the maximum depth of the well. Results indicate that the proposed rates are likely to completely dewater the existing POA wells within 30 minutes. Therefore, the proposed use is not in the capacity of the resource.

The nearest groundwater user to POA 3/Proposed New Well (PROP 600) is MARI 71298 (an exempt domestic well) located 972 ft southwest and at an elevation of 184 ft amsl. To assess the degree of drawdown, a Theis drawdown analysis was conducted for the proposed use (see attached Theis Drawdown Analysis). Results indicate that the proposed use is likely to cause well-to-well interference with MARI 71298 that exceeds the threshold under the standard condition for alluvial aquifers in the Willamette Basin within 8 days. Therefore, the proposed use is not in the capacity of the resource.

Based on this analysis of the available data and under the assumptions previously identified, groundwater for the proposed use is likely not within the capacity of the resource; if a permit is issued for this application, the conditions in B1(d)(i) and B2(c) are recommended to protect senior users and the groundwater resource.

NOTE: This evaluation considers a conservative scenario for the nearest authorized POA not owned by the applicant. Other authorized POAs in the area may also experience an increase in interference as a result of this application, although to a lesser extent than the scenario evaluated here.

Well logs within one mile utilizing confined alluvium: MARI 4878, MARI 4880, MARI 4902, MARI 4916, MARI 4991,
 MARI 5030, MARI 5059, MARI 5064, MARI 5078, MARI 5079, MARI 5084, MARI 5089, MARI 5110, MARI 5148,
 MARI 5164, MARI 5165, MARI 5167/5112/8106/5098, MARI 5169, MARI 5170, MARI 5180, MARI 5182/5099, MARI 5279, MARI 5280, MARI 17269, MARI 17319, MARI 17388, MARI 17870, MARI 51900, MARI 57704, MARI 58798,
 MARI 68355, MARI 70362, MARI 71120, MARI 71280, MARI 71298.

#### C. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-09-040

C1. **690-09-040 (1):** Evaluation of aquifer confinement:

Well	Aquifer or Proposed Aquifer	Confined	Unconfined
1	Confined sand and gravel	$\boxtimes$	
2	Confined sand and gravel	$\boxtimes$	
3	Confined sand and gravel	$\boxtimes$	
4	Confined sand and gravel	×	

Basis for aquifer confinement evaluation: The three developed POAs (POA 1/MARI 17388, POA 2/MARI 5169, POA 4/MARI 5170) report static water levels (SWL) well above the top of the WBZ. There were 39 well logs identified within a mile of the POAsa, of those, 32 in addition to the three developed POAs above reported a SWL higher than the top of the WBZ. The 60-to-80-ft-thick Missoula Flood Deposits mapped at the surface are a confining layer to the underlying sand and gravel WBZs.

<sup>a</sup> Well logs within one mile: MARI 4878, MARI 4880, MARI 4902, MARI 4911, MARI 4914, MARI 4916, MARI 4991, MARI 5030, MARI 5059, MARI 5064, MARI 5076, MARI 5078, MARI 5079, MARI 5080, MARI 5084, MARI 5089, MARI 5110, MARI 5148, MARI 5164, MARI 5165, MARI 5167/5112/8106/5098, MARI 5169, MARI 5170, MARI 5180, MARI 5182/5099, MARI 5279, MARI 5280, MARI 17269, MARI 17319, MARI 17388, MARI 17870, MARI 51900, MARI 57704, MARI 58798, MARI 68355, MARI 70362, MARI 71120, MARI 71280, MARI 71298.

C2. **690-09-040** (2) (3): Evaluation of distance to, and hydraulic connection with, surface water sources. All wells located a horizontal distance less than ¼ mile from a surface water source that produce water from an unconfined aquifer shall be assumed to be hydraulically connected to the surface water source. Include in this table any streams located beyond one mile that are evaluated for PSI.

Well	SW #	Surface Water Name	GW Elev ft msl	SW Elev ft msl	Distance (ft)		Conn	ulically ected? ASSUMED	Potentia Subst. In Assum YES	terfer.
1	1	Clear Lake/Claggett Creek	119-121	105-106	4,250	$\boxtimes$				⊠
2	1	Clear Lake/Claggett Creek	141	105-106	5,050	$\boxtimes$				⊠
3	1	Clear Lake/Claggett Creek	107-165 <sup>a</sup>	105-106	4,210	×				⊠
4	1	Clear Lake/Claggett Creek	145	105-106	5,200	×				⊠

Basis for aquifer hydraulic connection evaluation: The groundwater elevation is above or coincident with the surface water elevation for SW 1 (Clear Lake/Claggett Creek), indicating groundwater discharges to surface water and the water table is between 120 and 140 ft amsl (O'Connor et al., 2001; Gannett and Caldwell, 1998). The surface water drainage of SW 1 (Clear Lake/Claggett Creek) has not incised below the elevation of the WBZs of the confined alluvial POAs. Hydraulic connection to SW 1 (Clear Lake/Claggett Creek) is likely but anticipated to be inefficient due to the horizontal distance and the low vertical permeability of the overlying fine-grained sediments.

a Well logs within one mile utilizing confined alluvium: MARI 4878, MARI 4880, MARI 4902, MARI 4916, MARI 4991, MARI 5030, MARI 5059, MARI 5064, MARI 5078, MARI 5079, MARI 5084, MARI 5089, MARI 5110, MARI 5148, MARI 5164, MARI 5165, MARI 5167/5112/8106/5098, MARI 5169, MARI 5170, MARI 5180, MARI 5182/5099, MARI 5279, MARI 5280, MARI 17269, MARI 17319, MARI 17388, MARI 17870, MARI 51900, MARI 57704, MARI 58798, MARI 68355, MARI 70362, MARI 71120, MARI 71280, MARI 71298.

Water Availability Basin the well(s) are located within: WILLAMETTE R>COLUMBIA R-AB MOLALLA R

C3a. 690-09-040 (4): Evaluation of stream impacts for <u>each well</u> that has been determined or assumed to be **hydraulically** connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water (SW) source. Limit evaluation to instream rights and minimum stream flows that are pertinent to that SW source, not lower SW sources to which the stream under evaluation is tributary. Compare the requested rate against the 1% of 80% *natural* flow for the pertinent Water Availability Basin (WAB). If Q is not distributed by well, use full rate for each well. Any checked  $\boxtimes$  box indicates the well is assumed to have the potential to cause PSI.

Well	SW #	Well < 1/4 mile?	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
1	1			MF182A	1500		3830		<25%	

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2	1		MF182A	1500	3830	<25%	
3	1		MF182A	1500	3830	<25%	
4	1		MF182A	1500	3830	<25%	

Comments: Potential depletion (interference with) SW 1 (Clear Lake/Claggett Creek) by proposed pumping at Well 3 (PROP 600) was estimated using Hunt 2003 analytical model. Hydraulic parameters used for the model were derived from regional data or studies of the hydrogeologic regime (OWRD Well Log Query Report; Conlon et al., 2003, 2005; Iverson, 2002; McFarland and Morgan, 1996; Woodward et al., 1998) or are within a typical range of values for the parameter within the hydrogeologic regime (Freeze and Cherry, 1979; Domenico and Mifflin, 1965). See attached "Stream Depletion Analysis" for the specific parameters used in the analysis. The Hunt 2003 analytical model results indicate that depletion of (interference with) SW 1 due to pumping of the proposed POA is anticipated to be much less than 25 percent of the well discharge at 30 days of continuous pumping.

Because only the distance is expected to vary between the POA and surface water sources, only the POA-SW pair with the shortest distance (in this case, POA 3 and SW 1) was analyzed quantitatively for interference (stream depletion). All other POA-SW pairs would presumably result in less interference due to their greater separation relative to POA 3 and SW 1. Therefore, the interference of both proposed POA with all surface water sources within 1 mile are anticipated to result in much less than 25 percent of the well discharge at 30 days of continuous pumping.

C3b. 690-09-040 (4): Evaluation of stream impacts by total appropriation for all wells determined or assumed to be hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water source. Complete only if Q is distributed among wells. Otherwise same

evaluation and limitations apply as in C3a above.

SW #	7	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?

**Comments:** N/A-Q is not distributed.

C4a. **690-09-040 (5):** Estimated impacts on **hydraulically connected surface water sources greater than one mile** as a percentage of the proposed pumping rate. Limit evaluation to the effects that will occur up to one year after pumping begins. This table encompasses the considerations required by 09-040 (5)(a), (b), (c) and (d), which are not included on this form. Use additional sheets if calculated flows from more than one WAB are required.

Non-D	istributed	Wells											
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well (	Q as CFS												
Interfer	ence CFS												
Distrib	uted Well	s											
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well (	Q as CFS												
Interfer	ence CFS												
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well (	Q as CFS												
Interfer	ence CFS												
(A) = To	otal Interf.												
(B) = 80	% Nat. Q												
(C) = 1	% Nat. Q												
(D)	(1) > (0)		-/		-/	-/	-/	-/	-/	-/	-/		-/
	(A) > (C)	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√	√	√	✓	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	√
$(\mathbf{E}) = (\mathbf{A}$	/ B) x 100	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%

(A) = total interference as CFS; (B) = WAB calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (C) = 1% of calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (D) = highlight the checkmark for each month where (A) is greater than (C); (E) = total interference divided by 80% flow as percentage.

**Basis for impact evaluation:** N/A-streams within one mile evaluated above.

C4b.	690-09-040 (5) (b)	The potential to impair or detrimentally affect the public interest is to be determined by the Water
	Rights Section.	

25. If properly conditioned, the surface water source(s) can be adequately protected from interference, and/or groundwater use under this permit can be regulated if it is found to substantially interfere with surface water:
i.   The permit should contain condition #(s)  ;
ii.   The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in "Remarks" below;
C6. SW / GW Remarks and Conditions:
References Used:

Application File: G-19460

- Pumping Test Files: MARI 4160, MARI 4614, MARI 5368, MARI 5367, MARI 4792, MARI 17319, MARI 18339, MARI 18339, MARI 4510, MARI 3846, MARI 17870, MARI 58798, MARI 17388, MARI 60275, MARI 5079, MARI 4218, MARI 4218, MARI 4880, MARI 18338, MARI 54503
- Well Reports: MARI 4878, MARI 4880, MARI 4902, MARI 4911, MARI 4914, MARI 4916, MARI 4991, MARI 5030, MARI 5059, MARI 5064, MARI 5076, MARI 5078, MARI 5079, MARI 5080, MARI 5084, MARI 5089, MARI 5110, MARI 5148, MARI 5164, MARI 5165, MARI 5167/5112/8106/5098, MARI 5169, MARI 5170, MARI 5180, MARI 5182/5099, MARI 5279, MARI 5280, MARI 17269, MARI 17319, MARI 17388, MARI 17870, MARI 51900, MARI 57704, MARI 58798, MARI 68355, MARI 70362, MARI 71120, MARI 71280, MARI 71298
- Conlon, T.D., Wozniak, K.C., Woodcock, D., Herrera, N.B., Fisher, B.J., Morgan, D.S., Lee, K.K., and Hinkle, S.R., 2005, *Ground-water hydrology of the Willamette Basin, Oregon*, Scientific Investigations Report 2005-5168: U. S. Geological Survey, Reston, VA.
- Gannett, M.W. and Caldwell, R., 1998, Geologic framework of the Willamette Lowland aquifer system, Oregon and Washington, Professional Paper 1424-A, 32 p. U. S. Geological Survey, Reston, VA.
- Hunt, B., 2003, Unsteady stream depletion when pumping from semiconfined aquifer: Journal of Hydrologic Engineering, January/February, 2003.
- Iverson, J., 2002, Investigation of the hydraulic, physical, and chemical buffering capacity of Missoula flood deposits for water quality and supply in the Willamette Valley of Oregon: Unpublished M.S. thesis, Oregon State University, 147 p.
- O'Connor, J.E., Sarna-Wojcick, A., Woznikak, K.C., Polette, D.J., Fleck, R.J., 2001, Origin, Extent, and Thickness of Quaternary Geologic Units in the Willamette Valley, Oregon; U.S. Geological Survey, Professional Paper 1620, 51 p.
- Theis, C.V., 1935, The relation between the lowering of the piezometric surface and the rate and duration of discharge of a well using ground-water storage: American Geophysical Union transactions, v. 16, p. 519-524.
- United States Geological Survey, 2013, National Elevation Dataset (NED) [DEM geospatial data]. 1/9th arc-second, updated 2013.
- Watershed Sciences, 2009, LIDAR remote sensing data collection, Department of Geology and Mineral Industries, Willamette Valley Phase I, Oregon: Portland, OR, December 21.
- Woodward, D.G., Gannett, M.W., and Vaccaro, J.J., 1998, Hydrogeologic framework of the Willamette Lowland aquifer system, Oregon and Washington: U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 1424-B, 82 p.

# D. WELL CONSTRUCTION, OAR 690-200

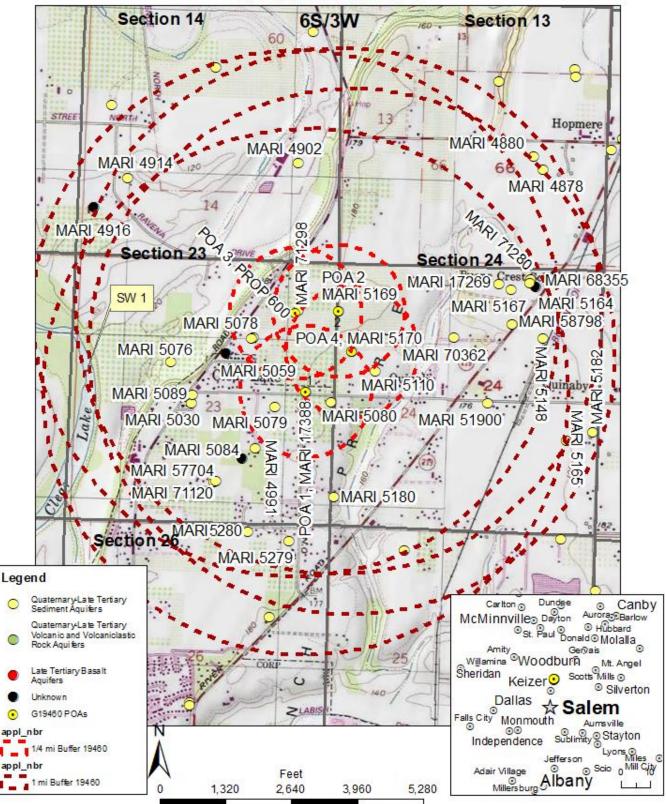
D1.	Well #:		]	Logid: _								
D2.	THE WELL do	es not appear t	to meet cu	rrent w	ell constructio	n standa	rds based	upon:				
		of the well log;				~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~		-г				
		spection by										
												,
		of CWRE										;
	d. U other: (	specify)										
D3.	THE WELL co	nstruction defi	ciency or	other co	mment is desc	cribed as	follows:					
D4. [	☐ Route to the W		-									
2			<b></b>	р			01 011100111	5	011001 41001			
***												
n	Availability Tabl										∰ Main €	) Help
N W	regon Water Resources Departm ater Availability Analysis	ent									• Return	
				Water	Availability A	nalysis						
					Detailed Reports							
				WILLAME	TTE R > COLUMBIA R - AB I WILLAMETTE BASIN	MOLALLA R						
Watershed	ID #: 182 (Map)			V	Vater Availability as of 1/21/20	25					Evcoodanc	re Level: 80% v
Date: 1/21/											Excoodance	Time: 12:23 PM
	Water Availability Calculation	Water Rights	Consumptive Use	es and Storages		Instream Flow	Requirements	Watershed Ch	aracteristics	Reserv	ations	
		Water ragnes						Waterbried Cit	aracteriotico			
					r Availability Calcu Streamflow in Cubic Feet pe							
Month	Natural Stream Flow	Cons	umptive Uses and Store	Annual V	olume at 50% Exceedance in Expected Stream Flow	Acre-Feet Re	served Stream Flow		Instream Flow	/ Requirement	N	let Water Available
JAN FEB			2,31 7,49	00.00	19,100.00 15,700.00		0.00 0.00			1,500.00 1,500.00		17,600.00 14,200.00
MAR APR	22,400.00 19,900.00		7,26 6,91		15,100.00 13,000.00		0.00			1,500.00 1,500.00		13,600.00 11,500.00
MAY JUN	16,600.00 8.740.00		4,25		12,300.00 6,760.00		0.00			1,500.00 1.500.00		10,800.00 5,260.00
JUL	4,980.00		1,81	0.00	3,170.00		0.00			1,500.00		1,670.00
AUG SEP			1,65	0.00	2,180.00 2,500.00		0.00			1,500.00 1,500.00		681.00 998.00
OCT	4,850.00 10,200.00			53.00 87.00	4,100.00 9,310.00		0.00			1,500.00 1,500.00		2,600.00 7,810.00
DEC	19,300.00		97	5.00	18,300.00		0.00			1,500.00		16,800.00
ANN	15,200,000.00		2,250,00	0.00	13,000,000.00		0.00			1,090,000.00		11,900,000.00
Download Data	a ( Text - Formatted., Text - Tab Delimited., Ex	xcel)										
See of	Pregon Water Resources Departm Vater Availability Analysis	ient										9 Help Contact Us
				\A/=4==	0						V Ketain	a contact os
				vvater	Availability A Detailed Reports							
				WILLAME	TTE R > COLUMBIA R - AB	MOLALLAR						
					WILLAMETTE BASIN  Water Availability as of 1/21/2							
Watershee Date: 1/21	I ID #: 182 ( <u>Map)</u> /2025			`	vater Availability as 01 1/2 1/2	023					Exceedan	ce Level: 80% v Time: 12:24 PM
	Water Availability Calculation	1	Consumptive Us	es and Storages		Instream Floy	v Requirements			Reser	vations	
		Water Rights		- V	•			Watershed Cl	haracteristics			_
			Det		rt of Instream Flo		ents					
	Application #	Status Jan	Feb	Instream Fl	ow Requirements in Cubic Fe Apr May	et per Second Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		ICATION 1,500.00 1,500.00	1,500.00 1,500.00	1,500.00 1,500.00	1,500.00 1,500.00 1,500.00 1,500.00	1,500.00 1,500.00	1,500.00 1,500.00	1,500.00 1,500.00	1,500.00 1,500.00	1,500.00 1,500.00	1,500.00 1,500.00	1,500.00 1,500.00

Download Data ( <u>Text - Formatted</u>, <u>Text - Tab Delimited</u>, <u>Excel</u>)

Application G-19460 Date: 9/22/2025

#### Well Location Map

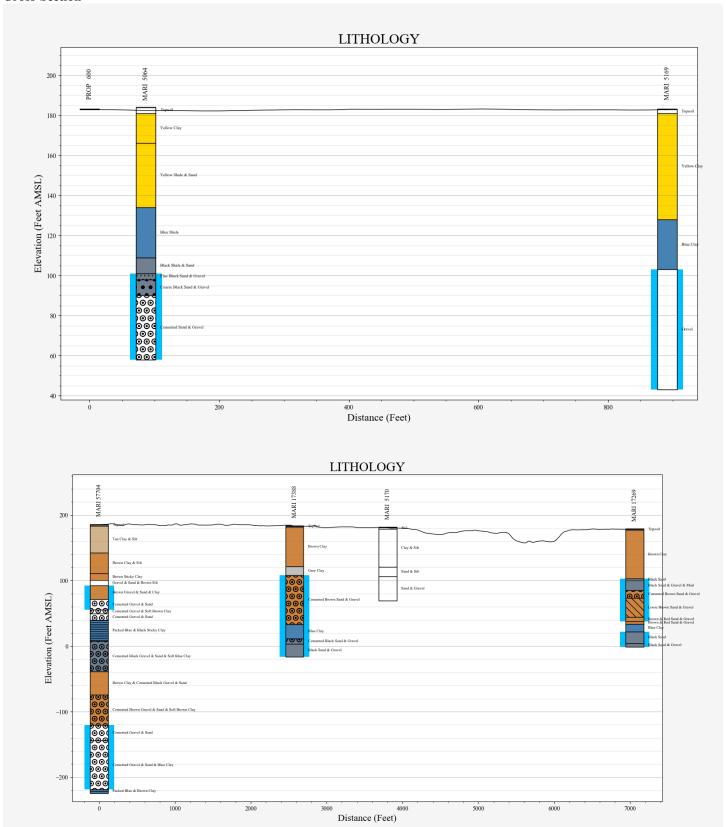
G-19460 Clearlake Farms LLC



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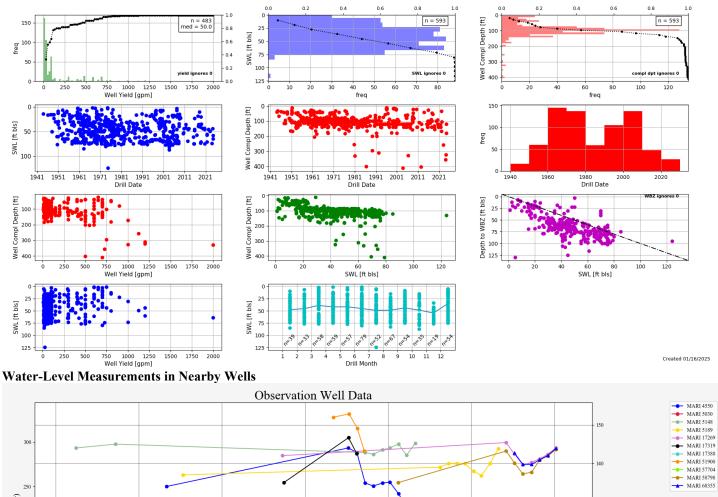
Page

## **Cross-Section**



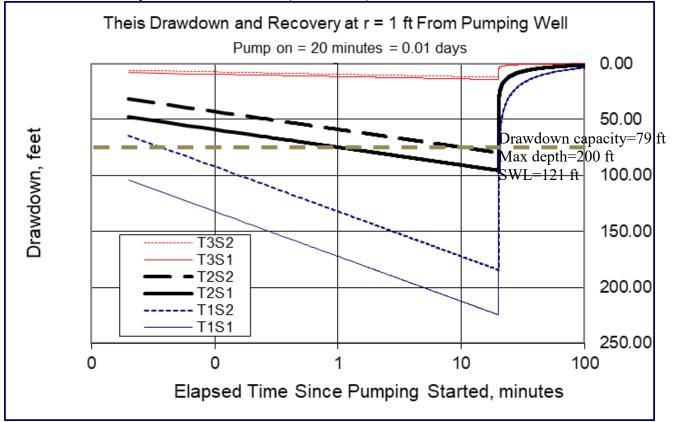
12

#### **Well Statistics**







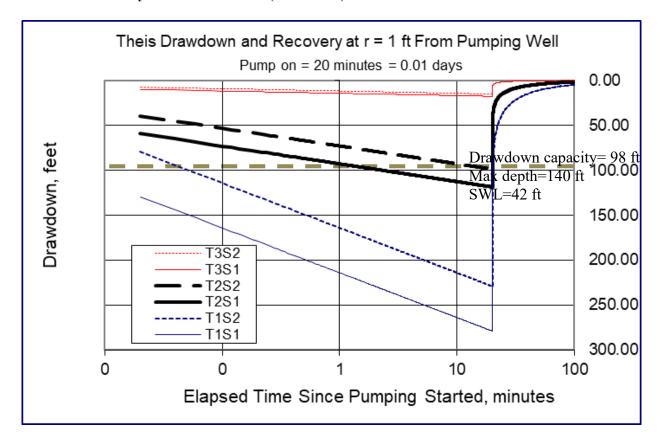


Radial distance from pumping well (r)=1, pumping well

Pumping Rate (Q)= 3.1723 cfs (~1,423.8 gpm)

Aquifer Transmissivity (T1)= 9,350 gpd/ft ( $1,250 \text{ ft}^2/\text{day}$ ), (T2)= 23,562 gpd/ft ( $3,150 \text{ ft}^2/\text{day}$ ), (T3)= 179,520 gpd/ft ( $24,000 \text{ ft}^2/\text{day}$ ) Storativity (s1) = 0.0001, (s2) = 0.001 [Conlon et al 2005, Table 1 and 2 values for MSU] Total pumping time=20 minutes

#### Theis Interference Analysis-POA 2/Main Well (MARI 5169)

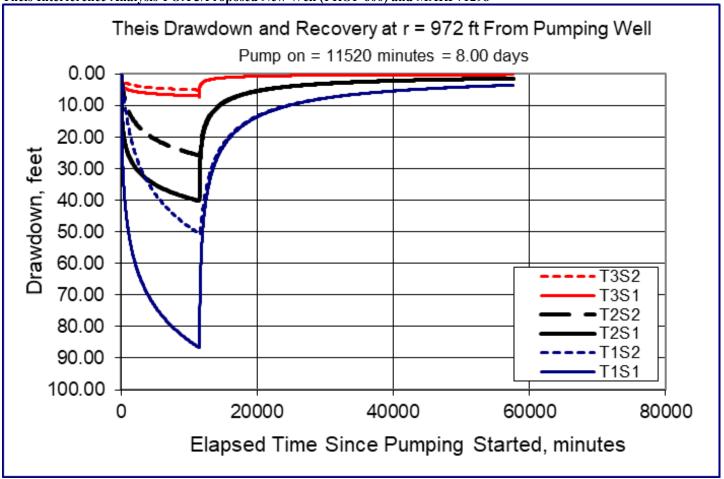


Radial distance from pumping well (r)=1 ft, pumping well

Pumping Rate (Q)= 3.94 cfs (~1,768.3 gpm)

Aquifer Transmissivity (T1)= 9,350 gpd/ft (1,250 ft²/day), (T2)= 23,562 gpd/ft (3,150 ft²/day), (T3)= 179,520 gpd/ft (24,000 ft²/day) Storativity (s1) = 0.0001, (s2) = 0.001 [Conlon et al 2005, Table 1 and 2 values for MSU] Total pumping time=20 minutes

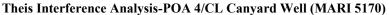


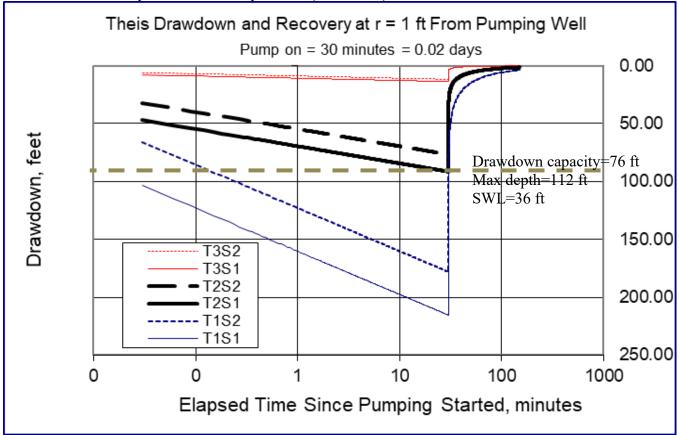


Radial distance from pumping well (r)=972 ft [estimated radial distance to nearest user, MARI 71298]

Pumping Rate (Q)= 2.88 cfs (~1,292.63 gpm)

Aquifer Transmissivity (T1)= 9,350 gpd/ft (1,250 ft²/day), (T2)= 23,562 gpd/ft (3,150 ft²/day), (T3)= 179,520 gpd/ft (24,000 ft²/day) Storativity (s1) = 0.0001, (s2) = 0.001 [Conlon et al 2005, Table 1 and 2 values for MSU] Total pumping time=8 days





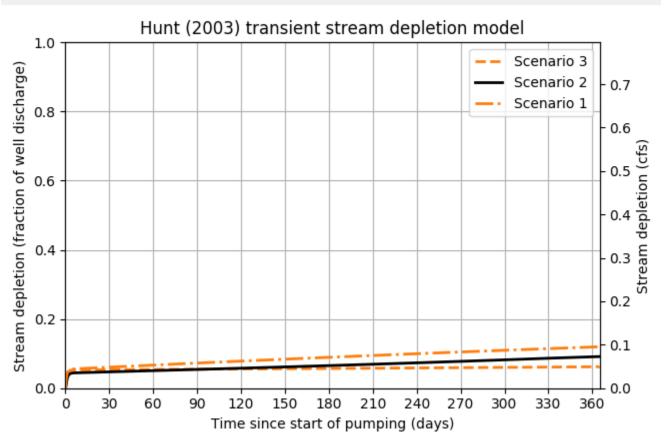
Radial distance from pumping well (r)=1, pumping well

Pumping Rate (Q)=  $2.95 \text{ cfs} (\sim 1,324.05 \text{ gpm})$ 

Aquifer Transmissivity (T1)= 9,350 gpd/ft (1,250 ft²/day), (T2)= 23,562 gpd/ft (3,150 ft²/day), (T3)= 179,520 gpd/ft (24,000 ft²/day) Storativity (s1) = 0.0001, (s2) = 0.001 [Conlon et al 2005, Table 1 and 2 values for MSU] Total pumping time=30 minutes

## **Stream Depletion (Hunt) Model Analysis**

	Parameter			Symbo	Scenario 1		Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Units					
Application type:	G		Distance from well to stream					4210	)	4210	4210	ft		
Application number:	19460		Aquifer transmissivity					240	24000 3		1250	ft2/day		
Well number:	3		Aquifer storativity					0.00	1	0.0005	0.0001	-		
Stream Number:	1		Aquitard vertical hydraulic conductivity					0.01	0.01 0.0		0.001	ft/day		
Pumping rate (cfs):				12	Aguitard saturated thickness					11	11 11		11	ft
Pumping duration (days	365		Aquitard thickness below stream					2 2		2	2	ft		
Pumping start month n	1	1 Aquitard specific yield						0.2	0.2 0.2		0.2	-		
Plotting duration (days)			365							265		265	265	ft
Stream depletion for Scenario 2:														
Days	1	31	62	92	122	153	183	213	244	274	304	335	365	
Depletion (%)	2	5	5	5	6	6	7	7	7	3	8	9	9	
Depletion (cfs	0.02	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.07	



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