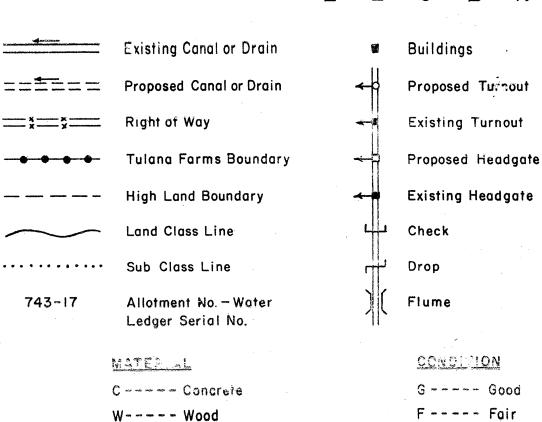
Siphon or Pipeline

Drain Culvert under Road

Bridge

B - - - - Bad

KLAMATH INDIAN RESERVATION, OREGON



Example: Concrete Turnout, Condition Good - C-G

LAND CLASSIFICATION

IRRIGABLE

T---- Tin or other metal

 $\mathbf{\Pi}_{ij}$

CLASS II: Good land with minor physical limitations, as gentle slopes, less deep soils or slight erosion. Choice in crops is reduced or special practices as water management, contour operations, cover cropping or longer rotation are needed.



CLASS III: Moderately good land with major physical limitations, as relatively steep slopes, shallow soils or severe erosion. Choice in crops is further reduced and more protective measures are required, as terracing, strip cropping and cateful water management.



CLASS IX: Fairly good land that is best suited to pasture and hay but can be cultivated occasionally. When plowed, careful erosion control practices must be used.

NON-IRRIGABLE



CLASS VI: Land generally not suited for intensive cultivation. It is best suited for moderate use in a permanent vegalative cover.



CLASS VIII: Land physically unsuited for cultivation. It is best suited for wildlife, recreation or watershed protection. This land is usually steep, rough, stony, sandy, wet or highly erodible.

★Some Class 🎞 is tabulated as irrigable for use when special practices and uses are applied. 1512.91 acres included as irrigable by Administrative Decision to protect their right to water when future development is accomplished.

SUB CLASSES:

Cı - Climatic Factor

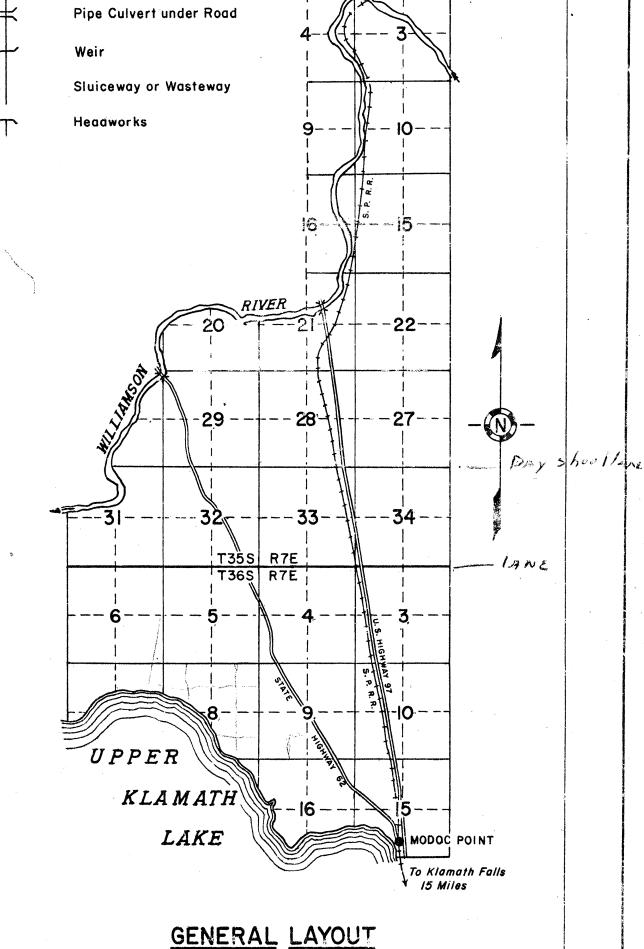
S5-Gravel

eı − Slope

Wı-Fluctuating Water Table

e2 - Slope and Texture e3 - Slope and Effective Depth W2-Permanent Water Table W 3 - Poor Internal Drainage

S3- Alkali



13-0070