### WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

MEM	O							2	2 July 2	.013	
TO:		Applic	<b>ation</b> G	- <u>1768</u>	<u> 86</u>		_				
FROM	И:	GW: _	Gerald (Reviewe								
SUBJ	ECT: S	cenic V	aterwa	y Inter	ference	Evalua	ation				
	YES	The so	irce of a	annronr	iation is	within	or abov	e a Scer	nic Wate	erway	
$\boxtimes$	NO	The so	The source of appropriation is within or above a Scenic Waterway								
	YES Use the Scenic Waterway condition (Condition 7J)										
$\boxtimes$	NO	Use the Scenic Waterway condition (Condition 7J)									
	Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is <b>able</b> to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a Scenic Waterway. The calculated interference is distributed below.										
$\boxtimes$	Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is unable to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a scenic waterway; therefore, the Department is unable to find that there is a preponderance of evidence that the proposed use will measurably reduce the surface water flows necessary to maintain the free-flowing character of a scenic waterway.								refore, idence		
DISTRIBUTION OF INTERFERENCE  Calculate the percentage of consumptive use by month and fill in the table below. If interference cannot be calculated, per criteria in 390.835, do not fill in the table but check the "unable" option above, thus informing Water Rights that the Department is unable to make a Preponderance of Evidence finding.											
Water	way by	is permi the follo water f	wing a	mounts	o reduce express	e month ed as a j	ly flows proporti	in on of th	e consu	S imptive	Scenic use by
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

## PUBLIC INTEREST REVIEW FOR GROUND WATER APPLICATIONS

TO:		Wate	r Rights S	ection				Date	22 July	2013		
FROM	:	Grou	nd Water/	Hydrology	Section _			ıdin				
SUBJE	ECT:	Appl	ication G-	17686			<sup>ewer's</sup> Name persedes re	eview of				
						•		7 10 W 01		Date of Re	eview(s)	
OAR 6 welfare to deter	90-310-1 , safety a mine who sumption	30 (1) nd head ether the criteria	The Depa lth as desci ne presump	ribed in ORS tion is estab ew is based	presume to 5 537.525. lished. OA upon avai	hat a prop Departmen R 690-310 lable infor	osed groun t staff revie -140 allows	w ground wat the proposed d agency police	ill ensure the per applications use be modificies in place a	under O ied or con t the tim	AR 690- nditioned e of eval	310-140 to meet uation.
A1.									ne Goose & S			
								•	18h		_	
A2.	Propose	ed use:	Primary	/ Irrigation	(68.2 acre	s) Seas	onality:	1 March to	31 October (2	245 days)	)	
A3.	Well an	d aquif	er data (at	tach and nu	mber logs	for existin	g wells; ma	ark proposed	wells as such	under lo	gid):	
Wel	Oald   c   i   j											
1 LAKE 1839 Well 1 Basalt 0.85 T36s/R24E-sec 17 dad 2140' N, 2												
3	No L	og	Well 2	В	asalt	0.85	T36s/F	R24E-sec 17 d	ad 2140' I	N, 220' W	fr SE cor	S 17
	um, CRB,	Bedroc	k									
Well	Well Elev	First Water	SWL	SWL	Well Depth	Seal Interval	Casing Intervals	Liner Intervals	Perforations Or Screens	Well Yield	Draw Down	Test
	ft msl	ft bls	ft bls	Date	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(gpm)	(ft)	Туре
2	4489 4489	50 ?	17.5	08/20/49 ??/??/60	128	?	0-75 ?	?	?	1000 2500	20	P ?
					100	•			•	2500	•	
Use data	from app	lication	for proposed	d wells.								
A4.	Comme	ents: _										
The ap	plication	reque	sts a total	maximum	oumping r	ate of 0.85	5 cfs (383 g	pm) and a to	tal maximum	annual	volume o	of 204.6
				the two pr			, , , , , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Inform	ation for	the tw	o propose	d POA well	s comes fr	om a comb	ination of	sources that i	nclude water	well rep	ort LAK	E 1839,
final pr	oof surv	ey note	es in file L	1-297 (perm	it U-273, c	ertificate	31171), and	d USGS Prof	essional Pape	r 1044-I	by Samr	nel and
Craig (	1981). 1	ne two	wells are	iocated abo	ut 10 feet a	apart. we	II LAKE 18	339 nas 10 inc	th casing, the	otner na	s 16 inch	
A5. 🗌	A5. Provisions of the in general OAR 690-513; particularly OAR 690-513-0040 (Warner Lakes sub-basin) Basin rules relative to the development, classification and/or management of ground water hydraulically connected to surface water are, or are not, activated by this application. (Not all basin rules contain such provisions.)  Comments:											
A6. 🗌	Name o	f admir	istrative ar	ea:				p(s) an aquifer	· limited by an	administ	rative res	triction.
	Comments: Currently, there is no administrative area.											

		WATED ANAIL									
B1.	n	WALER AVAIL	ABILITY CONSIDERAT	TONS, OAR 690-31	0-130	, 400-010, 410-0070					
	Basec	l upon available dat	a, I have determined that grou	nd water* for the propo	sed us	se:					
	a.	period of the pro	ed, is <b>not</b> over appropriate posed use. * This finding prescribed in OAR 690-310-13	is limited to the grou	termin and wa	<b>ned to be</b> over appropriated during ater portion of the over-approp	ng any riatior				
	b.					ry to prior water rights. * This fi rescribed in OAR 690-310-130					
	c.	will not or will likely to be available within the capacity of the ground water resource; or									
	d.	<ul><li>i.</li></ul>	conditioned, avoid injury to entit should contain condition #(nit should be conditioned as in the should contain special conditioned contain special conditioned as in the should contain special conditioned contain special conditioned contain special conditioned.	s) 7B, 7N, 7T dicated in item 2 below		to the ground water resource:					
B2.	a.	Condition to allo	ow ground water production fro	om no deeper than		ft. below land surface;					
	b.	Condition to allo	ow ground water production from	om no shallower than _		ft. below land surface;					
	c.	Condition to allowater reservoir be	w ground water production on tween approximately	ly from the ft. and	ft. bel	grou low land surface;	nd				
	d.	to occur with th	is use and without reconstruce of the permit until evidence	ructing are cited below	w. W	onditions. The problems that are Without reconstruction, I reconsted with the Department and appropriate the problems are supported by the problems of the problems are supported by the problems of the probl	nmend				
						out well reconstruction (interferen					

The state observation well with long term data (early 1960s to 2013) closest to the proposed POA wells is state observation well 377 (well LAKE 1886) located in T36S/R24E-sec 33 abb. It is about 2.5 miles southeast of the proposed POA wells. The water level data shows long term climate influences as well as annual seasonal influences. Before the 1990s, peak annual groundwater levels were generally between 15 and 17 feet below land surface at the well. After 1990, the peak annual groundwater level has often been from 17 to 19 feet below land surface. Climate may be partly to entirely responsible for the lower annual peak levels after 1990. Ongoing groundwater level measurements will help that determination.

If a permit is issued, the following conditions should be included: 7B, 7N, 7T, and

The "large" water use condition: (require a totalizing flow meter at each well. Each flow meter shall be located within 50 feet of the wellhead and adjacent to each flow meter shall be a clearly visible monument with a sign noting the flow meter. Lastly, require for every flow meter the reading, recording (monthly at minimum), and annual reporting of the flow meter data, all flow meters).

Special Condition for groundwater production: "All POA wells under this permit shall comply with existing well construction standards. Groundwater production shall occur from the predominantly basalt unit below the predominantly basin fill unit by continuous casing and continuous seal through the predominantly basin fill unit and into the predominantly basalt unit."

#### C. GROUND WATER/SURFACE WATER CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-09-040

C1. **690-09-040** (1): Evaluation of aquifer confinement:

Wel	Aquifer or Proposed Aquifer	Confined	Unconfined
1	Basalt		$\square$
2	Undetermined (likely Basalt)		$\boxtimes$

Basis for aquifer confinement evaluation:

Walker (1973) and Walker and Repenning (1965) respectively map the surface geology at the proposed POA wells as Os (lacustrine sedimentary rocks) and OTs (lacustrine, fluviatile, and Aeolian sedimentary rocks, interstratified tuff, ashy diatomite and unconsolidated clay, sand, and gravel). Sand dune deposits are noted near the wells as well as basalt (Tb) exposed in the uplands to the west of the wells.

The groundwater system is identified as generally unconfined with discontinuous low permeability layers causing local (discontinuous, limited) confinement. Generally, lower transmissivity (lower permeability) sediment (predominantly basin-fill sediment unit) of varying thickness overlies higher transmissivity (higher permeability) basalt (predominantly basalt unit). Groundwater occurs in both the predominantly basin-fill sediment unit and the predominantly basalt unit. Groundwater is vertically connected within each unit and between each unit. This is based upon investigations by Sammel and Craig (1981) for Warner Valley, Morgan (1988) for Goose Lake Valley and Miller (1984 and 1986) for the Fort Rock and Christmas Valley area. Sammel and Craig (1981) particularly note the similarity of the hydrogeology in the Warner lakes Valley to the Klamath Basin.

The predominant basin-fill sediment unit thickness can vary. For example, the depth to the top of the predominantly basalt unit is about 75 feet at the proposed POA well LAKE 1839; the depth to the top of the predominantly basalt unit is less than 20 feet at nearby well LAKE 1840 located about 500 feet west of the proposed POA wells; and the depth to the top of the predominantly basalt unit is about 150 feet at state observation well 377 (LAKE 1886) located about 2.5 miles southeast of the proposed POA wells.

C2. **690-09-040 (2) (3):** Evaluation of distance to, and hydraulic connection with, surface water sources. All wells located a horizontal distance less than ¼ mile from a surface water source that produce water from an unconfined aquifer shall be assumed to be hydraulically connected to the surface water source. Include in this table any streams located beyond one mile that are evaluated for PSI.

Well	SW #	Surface Water Name	GW Elev ft msl	SW Elev ft msl	Distance (ft)	Hydraulica Connected YES NO ASS	1?	Subst. In	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed? YES NO	
1	1	Hart Lake	4469	4473	11400				$\boxtimes$	
2	1	Hart Lake	4469	4473	11400				$\boxtimes$ I	
1	2	Honey Creek	4469	4505	9300					
2	2	Honey Creek	4469	4505	9300				$\square$	

Basis for aquifer hydraulic connection evaluation: \_\_\_

Available reports indicate groundwater and surface water are connected in the Warner lakes Valley, and groundwater flows from south to north in the valley.

Groundwater at the proposed POA wells is downgradient of Honey Creek and somewhat coincident (parallel) to Hart Lake.

The distance to Honey Creek is to the perennial flow portion of the creek.

Water Availability Basin the well(s) are located within: HONEY CR > HART L - AT MOUTH

C3a. 690-09-040 (4): Evaluation of stream impacts for each well that has been determined or assumed to be hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water source. Limit evaluation to instream rights and minimum stream flows that are pertinent to that surface water source, and not lower SW sources to which the stream under evaluation is tributary. Compare the requested rate against the 1% of 80% natural flow for the pertinent Water Availability Basin (WAB). If Q is not distributed by well, use full rate for each well. Any checked box indicates the well is assumed to have the potential to cause PSI.

Well	SW #	Well < 1/4 mile?	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
							,			
							-			

C3b. 690-09-040 (4): Evaluation of stream impacts by total appropriation for all wells determined or assumed to be hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water source. Complete only if Q is distributed among wells. Otherwise same evaluation and limitations apply as in C3a above

541110	same evaluation and miniations apply as in C3a above.											
	SW #		Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?		
									-			

Comments:
No analysis in this section given the proposed POA wells are more than 1.0 mile from Honey Creek and Hart Lake.

C4a. 690-09-040 (5): Estimated impacts on hydraulically connected surface water sources greater than one mile as a percentage of the proposed pumping rate. Limit evaluation to the effects that will occur up to one year after pumping begins. This table encompasses the considerations required by 09-040 (5)(a), (b), (c) and (d), which are not included on this form. Use additional sheets if calculated flows from more than one WAB are required.

					_								
Non-D	istributed	Wells											
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	<u>J</u> ul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1	2	0.2%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%
Well Q	as CFS	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.00	0.00
Interfer	ence CFS	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.00
Dist	tributed V	Vells						_					
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	0/0	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q	as CFS			_									
Interfere	ence CFS				_								
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfere	ence CFS												
(A) = To	tal Interf.	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.00
(B) = 80	% Nat. Q	5.06	6.64	12.6	41.5	53.8	26.8	4.32	2.27	2.07	2.14	3.01	3.74
(C) = 1	% Nat. Q	0.0506	0.0664	0.1260	0.4150	0.5380	0.2680	0.0432	0.0227	0.0207	0.0214	0.0301	0.037
(D) = (A	(C)	No	No	No	No	No	No						
	/ B) x 100	0.0198	0.0151	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0467	0.0332	0.026
		0.0170	0.0151	0.000	0.0300	0.0000	3.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0.0407	0.0002	3.02

(A) = total interference as CFS; (B) = WAB calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (C) = 1% of calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (D) = highlight the checkmark for each month where (A) is greater than (C); (E) = total interference divided by 80% flow as percentage.

Basis for impact evaluation: \_

Analysis is done in this section given the proposed POA wells are more than 1.0 mile from Honey Creek and Hart Lake.

The Table above was used for interference with Honey Creek only given it is the water body with water availability data. All the pumping was assigned to one of the POA wells only given the two wells are similar and about 10 feet apart.

A pro-rated pumping rate of 0.42 cfs (189 gpm) was used for the pumping rate. The pro-rated rate is the maximum annual volume of water allowed (204.6 ac-ft) divided the total time (245 days). This distributes the pumping over the entire proposed irrigation season.

Hunt (2003) was used to calculate the interference:

Used pro-rated pumping rate = 0.42 cfs (189 gpm),

Used aquifer transmissivity = 10,000 ft2/day based on specific capacity of LAKE 1840, LAKE 1825, and

LAKE 1839. The value is within the range noted by Sammel and Craig (1981)

Used, an intermediate storage coefficient = 0.001

Used, sediment hydraulic conductivity Kv = 1.00 ft/day (horizontal conductivity (Kh) divided by 100)

Used sediment thickness below lake = 150 feet (based on LAKE 1888 near Honey Creek)

Used stream width = 20 feet.

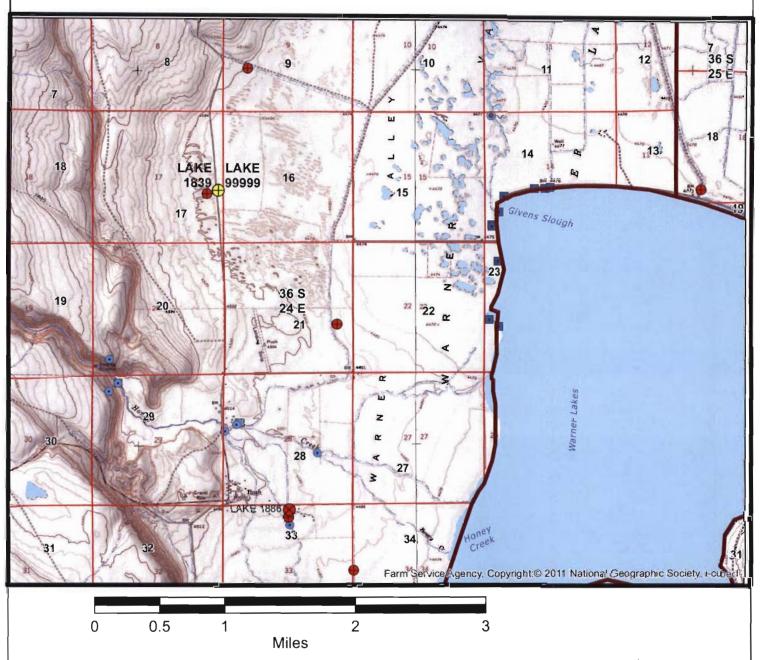
The Theis equation (Theis, 1935) was used to calculate the groundwater level drawdown at Hart Lake using the same values above. The calculated drawdown at the end of 30 days pumping was 1.02 feet for continuous pumping at the maximum rate and 0.51 feet for continuous pumping at the pro-rated rate. The calculated drawdown at the end of 245 days pumping was 2.20 feet for continuous pumping at the maximum rate and 1.09 feet for continuous pumping at the pro-rated rate.

Appl	ication G	17686	continued	Date_	22 July 2013
C4b.	690-09-04 Rights	40 (5) (b) The section.	potential to impair or detrimentally a	ffect the public intere	est is to be determined by the Water
C5.	under thi i.	s permit can be r The permit sh	the surface water source(s) can be adequegulated if it is found to substantially introduced contain condition #(s) 7B, 7N, would contain special condition(s) as independent	terfere with surface wa	ater:
C6. §	SW / GW Re	emarks and Con	ditions		
Ī	f a permit is	s issued, the follo	owing conditions should be included:	7B, 7N, 7T, and	
<u>f</u> <u>I</u> <u>r</u>	eet of the we Lastly, requineter data, a	ellhead and adja ire for every floating the second and the second	tion: (require a totalizing flow meter event to each flow meter shall be a clea low meter the reading, recording (mo	arly visible monumer onthly at minimum).	nt with a sign noting the flow meter. and annual reporting of the flow
<u>c</u>	onstruction redominant	standards.	ndwater production: "All POA we Groundwater production shall occ by continuous casing and continuous it."	ur from the prede	ominantly basalt unit below the
<u>(</u> <u>b</u> <u>b</u> <u>C</u> <u>S</u>	discontinuo asin-fill sed asalt unit). Groundwate ammel and ort Rock a	us, limited) con liment unit) of v Groundwater ( r is vertically o Craig (1981) fo nd Christmas V	identified as generally unconfined with finement. Generally, lower transmorarying thickness overlies higher transpocurs in both the predominantly based onnected within each unit and between Warner Valley, Morgan (1988) for alley area. Sammel and Craig (1981) the Klamath Basin.	issivity (lower perm ismissivity (higher p in-fill sediment unit veen each unit. Th Goose Lake Valley	eability) sediment (predominantly ermeability) basalt (predominantly and the predominantly basalt unit. is is based upon investigations by and Miller (1984 and 1986) for the
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pplication G	17686	continue	d	Date_	22 July 2013	3
References L	Jsed:					
References c	onsulted were:					
Hampton, E. Basin, Lake	.R., 1964, Geold County, Oregon	ogic factors that cont : USGS Professional	rol the occurrence Paper 383-B, 29 p.	and availability	of ground w	ater in the Fort Roc
Hunt, B., 2 Engineering,	003, Unsteady January/Febru	stream depletion wary, 2003.	hen pumping from	1 semiconfined	aquifer: Jo	ournal of Hydrolog
McFarland, water levels i	W.D. and Ryals	s, G.N., 1991, Adequa Basin, south-central	acy of available hyd Oregon: USGS Wa	Irogeologic data ater Resources In	for evaluation	of declining ground eport 89-4057, 47 p.
Miller, D.W. File Report,	, 1984, Apprais 157 p.	al of ground-water co	onditions in the For	t Rock Basin, L	ake County, O	regon: OWRD Ope
Miller, D.W. Water Repor	, 1986, Ground t No. 31, 196 p.	water conditions in t	he Fort Rock Basin	ı, northern Lake	e County, Ore	gon: OWRD Groun
Morgan, D.S and Californ	., 1988, Geohyd ia: USGS Wate	rology and numerical r Resources Investiga	l model analysis of a tions Report 87-405	ground-water flo 88, 92 p.	ow in the Goos	e Lake Basin, Orego
Oregon Wate	er Resources De	partment, 1989, Goos	e and Summer Lake	es Basin report:	OWRD Basin	Report, 112 p.
		e, J.R., 1970, The recoregon: DOGAMI Bu		y and mineral re	esources of eas	tern Klamath Count
		orgh, A.S., 1971, Hydr entral Oregon: USGS			ummer, and G	oose Lakes, and othe
	. and Craig, R sional Paper 10	.W., 1981, The geoth 44-I, 147 p.	ermal hydrology o	f Warner Valle	y, Oregon: a i	econnaissance study
		on between the lower rage. American Geor				
		aissance geologic maj USGS Mineral Invest				quadrangle, Lake an
		ng, C.A., 1965, Reco USGS Miscellaneous			el quadrangle.	Lake, Klamath, an
	/., 1973, Prelim Map MF-495	nary geologic and tec	ctonic maps of Oreg	gon east of the 1	21 <sup>st</sup> meridian:	USGS Miscellaneou
Waring, G.A 85 p.	., 1908, Geology	and water resources	of a portion of sout	th-central Orego	on: USGS Wa	ter Supply Paper 220
Goose and Su	ımmer Lakes B	asin Program rules (C	OAR 690-513).			
Old State Ob	esrvation Well	SOW 377 (LAKE 188	36)			
Water well re	eports for wells	in Township 36 South	/Range 24 East			

App	neation G- 1/6	080	continued		Date 22 July	<u> </u>
D. <u>V</u>	VELL CONSTR	RUCTION, OAR	690-200			
D1.	Well #:	1				
	Well #:	2	Logid: _	No Log		
D2.	_		ent well constru	iction standards ba	ised upon:	
	b. 🔲 field	w of the well log; inspection by				
	c. repor	t of CWRE				
D3.		construction defici				
		titutes a health threa ningles water from r		200 rules; ound water reservoi	ir;	
	c. 🗌 perm	its the loss of artesia	an head;	round water reservoi		
5.						
D4.	THE WELL	construction defici	-			
D5.	THE WELL			onstructed according or most recent modif	to the standards in effect fication.	at the time of
		b. 🛭 I don	't know if it met	standards at the time	e of construction.	
		Comments:				
						er this permit shall comply
						ion shall occur from the by continuous casing and
						redominantly basalt unit."
D6.					ance of the permit until even and the Ground Water Se	ridence of well reconstruction ection.
THI	S SECTION TO	D BE COMPLET	ED BY ENFO	RCEMENT PER	RSONNEL	
D7.					ons:	
D7.	—————			——————————	713.	
	(Enfo	orcement Section Sig	onature)			, 200
D.C					41.	
D8.	☐ Route to Wa	ter Rights Section	(attach well rec	onstruction logs to	tnis page).	

## Groundwater Right Application G-17686 Fitzgerald Ranch, Inc.

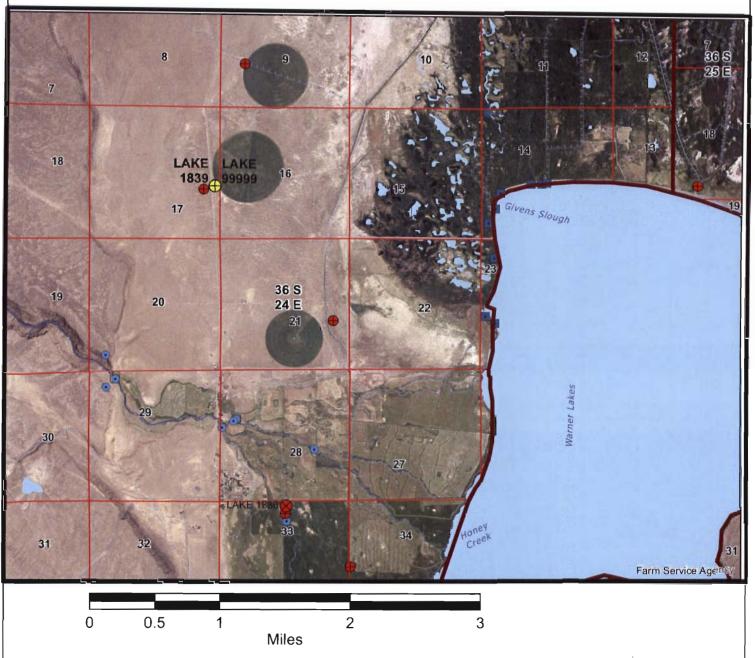


Yellow = Application Noted Well(s) Red = Other Existing or Proposed Wells

Blue and Other = surface water rights



# Groundwater Right Application G-17686 Fitzgerald Ranch, Inc.



Yellow = Application Noted Well(s) Red = Other Existing or Proposed Wells

Blue and Other = surface water rights



### STATE ENGINEER Salem, Oregon



## Well Record

STATE WELL NO. 36/24-17J(1)
COUNTY Lake
APPLICATION NO.

	MAILING
OWNER: J. P. Eagan	ADDRESS:
LOCATION OF WELL: Owner's No	CITY AND STATE:
NE ¼ SE ¼ Sec. 17 T. 36 S, R. 24 W.	TAZ TAZ
Bearing and distance from section or subdivision	, 44.141.
corner	
Altitude at well44:95	
TYPE OF WELL: drilled Date Constructed	
Depth drilled 128 Depth cased 75	Section
CASING RECORD: 10 inch	
FINISH:	
AQUIFERS: Volcanic breccia (?)	
2100014 (1)	
WATER LEVEL: 20	
WATER LEVEL: 20	
PUMPING EQUIPMENT: Typeturbine	H.P.
WELL TESTS:	
Drawdown ft. after	hours G.P.M
Drawdown ft. after	hours
	Temp
ADDITIONAL DATA:	
LogX Water Level Measurements	Chemical AnalysisX Aquifer Test
REMARKS: Reported drawdown 20 ft. when I	oumped at 1000 gpm.

## STATE ENGINEER Salem, Oregon

State Well No.	36/24-17J(1)
County	Lake
Application No.	

## Well Log

Owner: J. P. Eagan	C	wner's No	
Driller: Frank Williams			
CHARACTER OF MATERIAL	(Feet below From	and surface)	Thickness (feet)
Soil	0	1	ı
Older valley fill:			
Clay, light gray	1	22	21
Sand, gray	22	$22\frac{1}{2}$	1/2
Clay, light gray	22½	50	27 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Sand, water-bearing	50	75	25
Tertiary volcanic rock:			
Lava rock	75	87	12
"Cinders" volcanic breccia(?), water-bearing	87	105	18
Lava rock	105	128	23

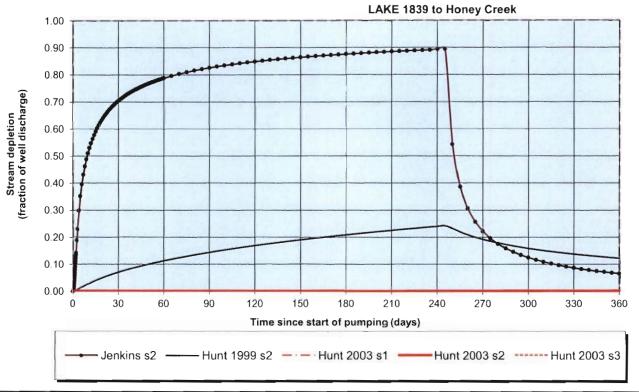
#### STATE ENGINEER Salem, Oregon

State Well No. 36/2 4 - 17 10
County Late
Application No.

## Chemical Analysis

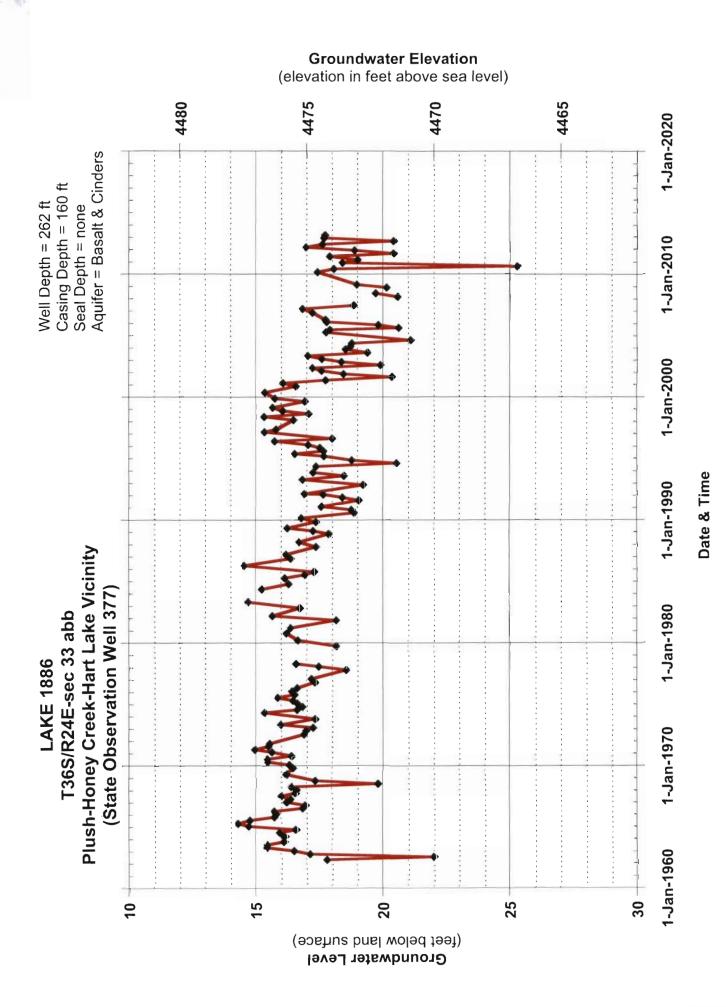
OWNER J. P. Eagan	OWNER'S NO	
analyst <i>U.S. G. S.</i>	Address	
Date of Collection Feb. 13, 1950		
Point of Collection		
	P.P.M.	E.P.M.
Silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	45	
ron (Fe) Total	.16	
Manganese (Mn)		
Calcium (Ca)	13	,65
Magnesium (Mg)	8.7	.71
Sodium (Na)	21	.91
Potassium (K)	7	.18
Bicarbonate (HCO <sub>2</sub> )	122	2.
Carbonate (CO <sub>8</sub> )		<u> </u>
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )	8.5	.18
Chloride (Cl)	5.0	.14
Fluoride (F)	. 2	.01
Nitrate (NO <sub>8</sub> )	1.9	.03
Boron (B)	.01	.00
Dissolved Solids	170	
Hardness as CaCO <sub>8</sub>	69	
Specific Conductance (Micromhos at 25°C)	2.25	
pH	8./	
Percent Sodium	37	
Sodium Absorption Ratio (S.A.R.)		
CLASS		

### Transient Stream Depletion (Jenkins, 1970; Hunt, 1999, 2003)



<b>Output for St</b>	ream De	pletion, S	cenerio	2 (s2):		Time pur	mp on (p	umping o	duration)	= 245 da	ıys	
Days	30	60	90	120	150	180	210	240	270	300	330	360
JSD	70.4%	78.8%	82.6%	84.9%	86.5%	87.7%	88.6%	89.3%	22.2%	12.5%	8.7%	6.6%
H SD 1999	7.1%	11.4%	14.5%	17.0%	19.1%	21.0%	22.6%	24.1%	19.2%	15.9%	13.8%	12.3%
H SD 2003	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Qw, cfs	0.420	0.420	0.420	0.420	0.420	0.420	0.420	0.420	0.420	0.420	0.420	0.420
H SD 99, cfs	0.030	0.048	0.061	0.071	0.080	0.088	0.095	0.101	0.081	0.067	0.058	0.052
H SD 03, cfs	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001

Parameters:		Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Units
Net steady pumping rate of well	Qw	0.42	0.42	0.42	cfs
Time pump on (pumping duration)	tpon	245	245	245	days
Perpendicular from well to stream	а	9300	9300	9300	ft
Well depth	d	128	128	128	ft
Aquifer hydraulic conductivity	K	100	100	100	ft/day
Aquifer saturated thickness	b	100	100	100	ft
Aquifer transmissivity	T	10000	10000	10000	ft*ft/day
Aquifer storativity or specific yield	S	0.001	0.001	0.001	
Aquitard vertical hydraulic conductivity	Kva	1	1	1	ft/day
Aquitard saturated thickness	ba	150	150	150	ft
Aquitard thickness below stream	babs	150	150	150	ft
Aquitard porosity	n	0.2	0.2	0.2	
Stream width	ws	20	20	20	ft
Streambed conductance (lambda)	sbc	0.133333	0.133333	0.133333	ft/day
Stream depletion factor	sdf	8.649000	8.649000	8.649000	days
Streambed factor	sbf	0.124000	0.124000	0.124000	
input #1 for Hunt's Q_4 function	ť'	0.115620	0.115620	0.115620	
input #2 for Hunt's Q_4 function	K'	57.660000	57.660000	57.660000	
input #3 for Hunt's Q_4 function	epsilon'	0.005000	0.005000	0.005000	
input #4 for Hunt's Q_4 function	lamda'	0.124000	0.124000	0.124000	



Drawdown Calcu	Drawdown Calculations Using Theis Equation	Equation									
Theis Equation:	$\begin{split} s &= [Q/(4*T^*pi)][W(u)] \\ u &= (r^*r^*S)/(4*T^*t) \\ W(u) &= (-\ln u) - (0.5772157) + (\omega'1^*1!) - (u^*\omega'2^*2!) + (u^*u^*\omega'3^*3!) - (u^*u^*u'4^*4!) + \dots \end{split}$	ı)] 72157)+(ш/1*1!	)-(u*u/2*2!)+(u*u	J*u/3*3!)-(u*u*u*u	/4*4!)+						
	s = drawdown (L) T = transmissivity (L*L/T) S = storage coefficient (dimensionless) pi = 3.141592654	-*レT) ent (dimension!	ess)		r = radial distance (L) t = time (T) u = dimensionless W(u) = well function	tance (L) onless function					
Transmissivity	Transmissivity	Storage	Pumping Rate	Pumping Rate Pumping Rate	Time	Distance	<u>0</u> .	<b>c</b>	W(u)	Drawdown	Comments
1	-	Coefficient	۵	۵	-	7				so	
(gpant)	(itabuay)	۵	(gariiiii)	(Italsec)	(uaya)	(leet)				(lear)	
								Note: W(u)		calculation valid when u < 7.1	<7.1
Note	Note: yellow grid areas are where values are calculated	are where valu	ies are calculati	ed				7.0000	1.1545E-04		W(u) calculation test
Proposed Well (L	Proposed Well (LAKE 1839) to Hart Lake (Transmissivity from specific capacity data)	ake (Transmis	ssivity from spe	cific capacity da	ata)						
74,805.20	10,000.00	0.00100	381.51	0.85	30.00	11,400.00	3.14	0.1083	1.7511	1.0234	Continuous Pumping at Full Rate
74,805.20	10,000.00	0.00100	381.51	0.85	245.00	11,400.00	3.14	0.0133	3.7589	2.1968	Continuous Pumping at Full Rate
74,805.20	10,000.00	0.00100	188.97	0.42	30.00	11,400.00	3.14	0.1083	1.7511	0.5069	Pro-Rated Pumping Rate
74,805.20	10,000.00	0.00100	188.97	0.42	245.00	11,400.00	3.14	0.0133	3.7589	1.0881	Pro-Rated Pumping Rate