WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

MEMO		Date: 1 December 2015
TO:		Application G17879
FROM:		GW: <u>Gerald H. Grondin</u> (Reviewer's Name)
SUBJ	ECT: S	Scenic Waterway Interference Evaluation
	YES	The service of empropriation is within on shows a Securic Weterway
\boxtimes	NO	The source of appropriation is within or above a Scenic Waterway
	YES	Use the Security Weterman and the gradition (Condition 71)
\boxtimes	NO	Use the Scenic Waterway condition (Condition 7J)

- Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is **able** to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a Scenic Waterway. The calculated interference is distributed below.
- Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is **unable** to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a scenic waterway; **therefore**, **the Department is unable to find that there is a preponderance of evidence that the proposed use will measurably reduce the surface water flows necessary to maintain the free-flowing character of a scenic waterway**.

DISTRIBUTION OF INTERFERENCE

Calculate the percentage of consumptive use by month and fill in the table below. If interference cannot be calculated, per criteria in 390.835, do not fill in the table but check the "unable" option above, thus informing Water Rights that the Department is unable to make a Preponderance of Evidence finding.

Exercise of this permit is calculated to reduce monthly flows in ______ Scenic Waterway by the following amounts expressed as a proportion of the consumptive use by which surface water flow is reduced.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

PUBLIC INTEREST REVIEW FOR GROUNDWATER APPLICATIONS

TO:	Water Rights Section	Date_	1 December 2015
FROM:	Groundwater Section	Gerald H. Grondin Reviewer's Name	
SUBJECT:	Application G- 17879	Supersedes review of	7 November 2014 Date of Review(s)

PUBLIC INTEREST PRESUMPTION; GROUNDWATER

OAR 690-310-130 (1) The Department shall presume that a proposed groundwater use will ensure the preservation of the public welfare, safety and health as described in ORS 537.525. Department staff review ground water applications under OAR 690-310-140 to determine whether the presumption is established. OAR 690-310-140 allows the proposed use be modified or conditioned to meet the presumption criteria. This review is based upon available information and agency policies in place at the time of evaluation.

A. GENERAL INFORMATION: Applicant's Name: Silvies Valley Ranch Water Co. LLC County: Grant

Applicant(s) seek(s) 3.899 (1750 gpm) cfs from 5 well(s) in the Malheur Lake Basin, A1. subbasin Quad Map: Silvies

Silvies River

A2.

Proposed useQuasi-MunicipalSeasonality:Year Round (365 days)Well and aquifer data (attach and number logs for existing wells; mark proposed wells as such under logid): A3.

Well	Logid	Applicant's Well #	Proposed Aquifer*	Proposed Rate(cfs)	Location (T/R-S QQ-Q)	Location, metes and bounds, e.g. 2250' N, 1200' E fr NW cor S 36
1	GRAN 51009	1	Marine Seds & Volcanic Deposit	3.899	17S/31E-sec 27 CBC	1346' N, 274' E fr SW cor S 27
2	Not Drilled Yet	2	Marine Seds & Volcanic Deposit	3.899	17S/31E-sec 27 DCA	820' N, 1940' W fr SE cor S 27
3	Not Drilled Yet	3	Marine Seds & Volcanic Deposit	3.899	17S/31E-sec 22 ADD	2255' S, 335' W fr NE cor S 22
4	Not Drilled Yet	4	Marine Seds & Volcanic Deposit	3.899	17S/31E-sec 27 CBD	1335' N, 980' E fr SW cor S 27
5	Not Drilled Yet	5	Marine Seds & Volcanic Deposit	3.899	17S/31E-sec 35 AAA	620' S, 75' W fr NE cor S 35

* Alluvium, CRB, Bedrock

Well	Well Elev ft msl	First Water ft bls	SWL ft bls	SWL Date	Well Depth (ft)	Seal Interval (ft)	Casing Intervals (ft)	Liner Intervals (ft)	Perforations Or Screens (ft)	Well Yield (gpm)	Draw Down (ft)	Test Type
1	4880	23	23	09/07/2009	346	0-18	+2-65	None	45-65	500	?	Α
2	4880	?	?	N.A.	Est 500	Est 0-18	Est +2-65	?	40-500	Est 625	?	N.A.
3	4840	?	?	N.A.	Est 500	Est 0-18	Est +2-65	?	40-500	Est 625	?	N.A.
4	4880	?	?	N.A.	Est 500	Est 0-18	Est +2-65	?	40-500	Est 625	?	N.A.
5	4615	?	?	N.A.	Est 500	Est 0-18	Est +2-65	?	40-500	Est 625	?	N.A.

Use data from application for proposed wells.

A4. **Comments:**

> The proposed aquifer is inferred from the mapped geology at the well locations and from the application that proposes obtaining groundwater from "bedrock." All five proposed POA wells are located in Grant County south of Seneca. Four of the five wells are in uplands that are northwest and immediately adjacent to Silvies Valley. Camp Creek is to the south of the five wells, and the upper portion of the Silvies River is east of the wells. Brown and Thayer (1966) mapped the four upland proposed POA well locations as Jurassic Age sedimentary and volcanic rocks that correspond to the Trowbridge and Lonesome Formations described by Lupher (1941) and mapped by Dickinson and Vigrass (1965). The area's geology is discussed in more detail in section B3 (water availability). The proposed fifth POA well location is in the valley. The surface geology is mapped as alluvium. Water well reports (well logs) for nearby wells indicate the valley fill thickness above the "bedrock" varies considerably with location.

> One of the five proposed POA wells exist (GRAN 51009). The water well report (well log) indicates the 346 feet deep well penetrated one-foot of soil, 19 feet of conglomerate, 25 feet of hard claystone, 15 feet of caving broken rock, and lastly, 286 feet of broken black basalt. Water was reportedly encountered from 23 to 346 feet depth and the static water level reportedly remained constant at 23 feet below land surface (4857 ft. elevation). Near the proposed POA wells, Camp Creek is about 4640 feet elevation and Silvies River is about 4600 feet elevation, which is more than 200 feet below the reported static water level at GRAN 51009.

A5. Provisions of the OAR 690-512-0040 Basin rules relative to the development, classification and/or management of ground water hydraulically connected to surface water \boxtimes are, or \square are not, activated by this application. (Not all basin rules contain such provisions.) **Comments:**

The rule states: "(1) Except as provided in section (3) of this rule, the Department shall not accept an application for permit, or issue a permit, for any use of surface water, or of groundwater the use of which has the potential to substantially interfere with surface water, in the Malheur Lake Basin unless the applicant shows, by a preponderance of evidence, that unappropriated water is available to supply the proposed use at the times and in the amounts requested. The evidence provided shall be prepared by a qualified hydrologist or other water resources specialist and shall include:

(a) Streamflow measurements of gage records from the source or, for use of groundwater, the stream in hydraulic connection with the source; or

(b) An estimate of water availability from the source or, for use of groundwater, the stream in hydraulic connection with the source which includes correlations with streamflow measurements or gage records on other, similar streams and considers current demands for water affecting the streamflows."

This review does find a potential for substantial interference with Camp Creek and the Silvies River.

A6. Well(s) # _____, ____, ____, tap(s) an aquifer limited by an administrative restriction. Name of administrative area: Comments:

No administrative area identified

B. GROUND WATER AVAILABILITY CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-310-130, 400-010, 410-0070

- B1. **Based upon available data**, I have determined that ground water* for the proposed use:
 - \Box is over appropriated, \Box is not over appropriated, or \boxtimes cannot be determined to be over appropriated during any a. period of the proposed use. * This finding is limited to the ground water portion of the over-appropriation determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
 - will not or will likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights. * This finding b. is limited to the ground water portion of the injury determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
 - will not or will likely to be available within the capacity of the ground water resource; or c.
 - **will, if properly conditioned**, avoid injury to existing ground water rights or to the ground water resource: d.
 - i. The permit should contain condition #(s) **7B**, **7F**, **7N**, **7P**, **7T**, **and other conditions noted below**
 - ii. The permit should be conditioned as indicated in item 2 below.
 - iii. The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in item 3 below;

B2.	a.	Condition to allow ground water production from no deeper than	ft. below land surface;
	b.	Condition to allow ground water production from no shallower than	ft. below land surface;
	c.	Condition to allow ground water production only from the	ground
		water reservoir between approximately ft. and	ft. below land surface;

d. **Well reconstruction** is necessary to accomplish one or more of the above conditions. The problems that are likely to occur with this use and without reconstructing are cited below. Without reconstruction, I recommend withholding issuance of the permit until evidence of well reconstruction is filed with the Department and approved by the Ground Water Section.

Describe injury –as related to water availability– that is likely to occur without well reconstruction (interference w/ senior water rights, not within the capacity of the resource, etc):

B3. Ground water availability remarks:

It cannot be determined whether groundwater in the uplands that are northwest and immediately adjacent to Silvies Valley is over-appropriated or not. No groundwater level data series representing the uplands northwest and adjacent to Silvies Valley was found. The closest groundwater level data is related to one state observation well within the Silvies Valley below the uplands, well GRAN 800 (state observation well 150) located southeast of the proposed POA wells in T18S/R31E-sec 12 (more than 3.3 miles southeast of the proposed POA wells). The 130-foot deep well is likely completed in valley sediments (no lithologic data for the well, but the location is mapped as alluvium (Qa)) and likely in direct hydraulic connection with the Silvies River. The groundwater level data at well GRAN 800 (state observation well 150) may represent or somewhat represent groundwater at the proposed fifth POA well in the valley. The GRAN 800 (state observation well 150) groundwater level data likely does not appear to directly represent groundwater at the proposed four upland POA wells given the apparent groundwater level difference of more than 200 feet. That does not mean groundwater in the uplands is not hydraulically connected with groundwater in Silvies Valley. They are most likely hydraulically connected, but inefficiently. The groundwater level data at well GRAN 800 (state observation well 150) is from the 1960s to present. That data shows seasonal and decadal groundwater level fluctuations, but no net decline.

The proposed use of 3.899 (1750 gpm) may or may not exceed the capacity of the resource.

All five proposed POA wells are located in Grant County south of Seneca. Four of the five wells are in uplands that are northwest and immediately adjacent to Silvies Valley. The proposed fifth POA well location is in the valley. Camp Creek is to the south of the wells, and the upper portion of the Silvies River is east of the wells. Brown and Thayer (1966) mapped the four upland well locations as Jurassic Age sedimentary and volcanic rocks (Jtl) that correspond to the Trowbridge and Lonesome Formations described by Lupher (1941) and mapped by Dickinson and Vigrass (1965). The geologic unit is generally described by Brown and Thayer (1966) as marine deposited sedimentary and volcanic rocks that are mostly black and green mudstones, with greywacke, calcareous sandstone, and some felsite flows and conglomerate. Dickinson and Vigrass (1965) indicate the Trowbridge Formation was "...formed by fine clastic deposits laid down on an erosional surface of low relief as it foundered rapidly beneath the sea. The supply of clastic detritus apparently did not keep pace with the sinking, so that waters deepened during Trowbridge deposition. Contemporaneous rhyodacitic volcanism contributed appreciable sediment to the basin, largely during periodic outbursts of explosive eruption." They also indicate the Lonesome Formation likely had a compound source area, "...the implications are that the source may have been a tectonic highland which rose as an eroding welt while the site of deposition sank. The andesitic detritus in the sandstones may have been derived from pyroclastic blankets maintained by continuing volcanism in the source area."

<u>Surrounding uplands that enclose the Jurassic Age sedimentary and volcanic rocks (Jtl) are mapped by Brown and Thayer (1966) as Triassic Age Picture Gorge and Yakima Basalts (Tcu) to the west and to the east, basaltic andesite related to the Strawberry Volcanics (Ts).</u>

Brown and Thayer (1966) mapped the Silvies Valley as alluvium (Qa) described as silt, sand, and gravel. The fifth proposed POA well is within this valley. Water well reports (well logs) for nearby wells indicate the alluvium-valley fill thickness above the "bedrock" varies considerably with location.

If a permit is issued, the following conditions are recommended:

Condition 7B (interference condition)

Condition 7F (well location condition)

Condition 7N (groundwater level measurements and decline condition)

Condition 7P (well tag condition)

Condition 7T (measuring tube condition)

"Large" water use condition (totalizing flowmeter required for each well). Note that "The readings must be reported to the Department by 31 December each year."

Condition for re-construction of existing POA well GRAN 51009: "Existing POA well GRAN 51009 (well tag L-99644) shall be reconstructed to have continuous casing and continuous seal from land surface or above to a depth of 65 feet or more below land surface."

Condition for construction of new POA wells: "New POA well(s) shall obtain groundwater solely from the "bedrock" beneath surficial sediments and/or alluvium-valley fill. The new POA wells shall meet current Oregon well construction standards and shall be constructed to have continuous casing and continuous seal from land surface or above to a depth below surficial sediments and/or alluvium-valley fill. The total depth of the continuous casing and continuous casing and continuous casing and continuous casing and and with the Department's well enforcement staff in Salem."

C. GROUND WATER/SURFACE WATER CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-09-040

C1. **690-09-040** (1): Evaluation of aquifer confinement:

Well	Aquifer or Proposed Aquifer	Confined	Unconfined
1	Marine Sediment and Volcanic Deposit Unit		\boxtimes
2	Marine Sediment and Volcanic Deposit Unit		\boxtimes
3	Marine Sediment and Volcanic Deposit Unit		\boxtimes
4	Marine Sediment and Volcanic Deposit Unit		\boxtimes
5	Marine Sediment and Volcanic Deposit Unit		\boxtimes

Basis for aquifer confinement evaluation:

Available data related to well 1 (GRAN 51009) indicates groundwater in the uplands composed of marine sedimentary and volcanic rocks (Jtl) is generally unconfined given the static water level was reportedly the same as where first water was encountered at the well and no change in static water level was reported with increasing well depth. If the water well report for GRAN 51009 is correct, the static groundwater level appears to be more than 200 feet above the nearby Silvies Valley and the groundwater within the Silvies Valley alluvium.

Groundwater at the proposed four upland POA wells appears to be inefficiently connected to groundwater in the Silvies Valley given the apparently large static water level difference. However, the Silvies Valley is likely the groundwater discharge area for the uplands surrounding the valley.

The proposed fifth POA well is within Silvies Valley.

C2. **690-09-040** (2) (3): Evaluation of distance to, and hydraulic connection with, surface water sources. All wells located a horizontal distance less than ¹/₄ mile from a surface water source that produce water from an unconfined aquifer shall be assumed to be hydraulically connected to the surface water source. Include in this table any streams located beyond one mile that are evaluated for PSI.

Well	SW #	Surface Water Name	GW Elev ft msl	SW Elev ft msl	Distance (ft)	Hydraulically Connected? YES NO ASSUMED	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed? YES NO
1	1	Closest Spring (un-named)	4857	4860	385		
2	1	Closest Spring (un-named)	4857	4820	650		
3	1	Closest Spring (un-named)	4857	4700	4155		
4	1	Closest Spring (un-named)	4857	4860	385		
5	1	Closest Spring (decreed)	4615	4782	4265		
1	2	Camp Creek	4857	4640	5025		
2	2	Camp Creek	4857	4640	4990		
3	2	Camp Creek	4857	4640	11050		
4	2	Camp Creek	4857	4640	5390		
<mark>5</mark>	<mark>2</mark>	Camp Creek	<mark>4615</mark>	<mark>4600</mark>	<mark>550</mark>		
1	3	Silvies River	4857	4600	5105		
2	3	Silvies River	4857	4600	2645		
3	3	Silvies River	4857	4600	2065		
4	3	Silvies River	4857	4600	4460		
<mark>5</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	Silvies River	<mark>4615</mark>	<mark>4590</mark>	<mark>1075</mark>		

Basis for aquifer hydraulic connection evaluation:

The "closest spring" for each proposed POA well is different. For the four proposed upland POA wells, the "closest springs" identified in the table are in the same geologic unit as the proposed POA wells. Therefore, the springs are identified as hydraulically connected to the wells. Each spring identified discharges to an intermittent creek. Consequently, each spring identified is considered intermittent also, and consequently, a potential for substantial interference cannot be assumed even though the well to spring distance is less than ¹/₄ mile for two proposed upland POA wells. No water rights were found associated with the springs or their adjoining creek.

For the proposed POA well in Silvies Valley, the "closest spring" (decreed with an 1893 priority date) appears to be perched above the valley in a different and upland geologic unit (tuffaceous sediments). The hydraulic connection is likely inefficient.

Camp Creek is located south of all five proposed POA wells. The creek is identified as perennial, and it is tributary to the Silvies River. It drains a relatively narrow valley whose lower reach is bounded by uplands composed of marine sedimentary and volcanic rocks (Jtl). Geologic mapping indicates the lowest creek reach flows on alluvium (Qa) and the reaches above flow on rock exposed in the adjoining upland. Groundwater at the proposed four upland POA wells appears to be inefficiently connected to Camp Creek given the apparently large water elevation difference. However, the creek likely receives groundwater discharge from the uplands bounding the creek valley. No potential for substantial interference was assumed for these four upland wells given the POAs are more than 0.25 mile from the creek as well as the apparently large water elevation difference. A potential for substantial interference is assumed for the fifth proposed POA well in Silvies Valley given its location is less than 0.25 mile from the creek and the likely small elevation difference between groundwater at the proposed POA well and the creek stage based on GRAN 50934 (original) and GRAN 51008 (deepening) driller reported data.

Silvies River is located east of all five proposed POA wells. The river is identified as perennial. Locally, it drains a valley bounded by uplands composed of marine sedimentary and volcanic rocks (Jtl). Geologic mapping indicates the river flows on alluvium (Qa). Groundwater at the proposed four upland POA wells appears to be inefficiently connected to river given the apparently large water elevation difference. However, the river likely receives groundwater discharge from the uplands bounding the river valley. No potential for substantial interference was assumed for these four upland wells given the POAs are more than 0.25 mile from the river as well as the apparently large water elevation difference. A potential for substantial interference is assumed for the fifth proposed POA well in Silvies Valley given its location is less than 0.25 mile from the river and the likely small elevation difference between groundwater at the proposed POA well and the river stage based on GRAN 50934 (original) and GRAN 51008 (deepening) driller reported data.

Water Availability Basin the well(s) are located within: CAMP CR > SILVIES R – AT MOUTH SILVIES R > W FK SILVIES R – AB TROUT CR

C3a. **690-09-040** (4): Evaluation of stream impacts for <u>each well</u> that has been determined or assumed to be **hydraulically** connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water source. Limit evaluation to instream rights and minimum stream flows that are pertinent to that surface water source, and not lower SW sources to which the stream under evaluation is tributary. Compare the requested rate against the 1% of 80% *natural* flow for the pertinent Water Availability Basin (WAB). If Q is not distributed by well, use full rate for each well. Any checked \boxtimes box indicates the well is assumed to have the potential to cause PSI.

Well	SW #	Well < ¼ mile?	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
1	1	\boxtimes		N.A.	N.A.		N.A.		See below	
2	1	\boxtimes		N.A.	N.A.		N.A.		See below	
3	1			N.A.	N.A.		N.A.		See below	
4	1	\square		N.A.	N.A.		N.A.		See below	
5	1			N.A.	N.A.		N.A.		See below	
1	2			N.A.	N.A.		0.43	\boxtimes	See below	\boxtimes
2	2			N.A.	N.A.		0.43	\boxtimes	See below	\boxtimes
3	2			N.A.	N.A.		N.A.		See below	
4	2			N.A.	N.A.		N.A.		See below	
5	2	\boxtimes		N.A.	N.A.		0.43	\boxtimes	See below	\boxtimes
1	3			?	10.00	\boxtimes	6.47	\boxtimes	See below	\boxtimes
2	3			?	10.00	\boxtimes	6.47	\boxtimes	See below	\boxtimes
3	3			?	10.00	\boxtimes	6.47	\square	See below	\boxtimes
4	3			?	10.00	\boxtimes	6.47	\square	See below	\boxtimes
5	3	\boxtimes		?	10.00	\boxtimes	6.47	\square	See below	\boxtimes

C3b. **690-09-040** (4): Evaluation of stream impacts by total appropriation for all wells determined or assumed to be hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water source. Complete only if Q is distributed among wells. Otherwise same evaluation and limitations apply as in C3a above.

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	SW #	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?

Comments: A potential for substantial interference with Camp Creek and Silvies River is assumed.

The closest spring to each of the five proposed POA wells is less than one-mile from the respective POA well. For three of the proposed upland POA wells, the closest spring is less than 0.25-mile from its respective POA well. For all four proposed upland POA wells, the closest spring is identified as hydraulically connected to the respective POA well. However, each spring identified discharges to an intermittent creek. Consequently, each spring identified is considered intermittent also, and consequently, a potential for substantial interference cannot be assumed. No water rights were found associated with the springs or their adjoining creek. For the proposed POA well in Silvies Valley, the "closest spring" (decreed with an 1893 priority date) appears to be perched above the valley in a different and upland geologic unit (tuffaceous sediments). The hydraulic connection is likely inefficient.

Camp Creek is less than one-mile from four of the five proposed POA wells. It is greater than one-mile from proposed POA well 3. The creek is identified as perennial. Groundwater at the four proposed upland POA wells appears to be inefficiently connected to Camp Creek given the apparently large groundwater-surface water elevation difference. However, the creek likely receives groundwater discharge from the uplands bounding the creek valley. Thus, a potential for substantial interference is automatically assumed given the likely hydraulic connection. Calculating the groundwater interference with the creek at the end of 30 days by pumping the upland wells would require developing a calibrated numerical groundwater flow model such as the USGS MODFLOW model which is beyond the scope of this review. A potential for substantial interference is automatically assumed for the fifth proposed POA well in Silvies Valley given its location is less than 0.25 mile from the creek and the likely small elevation difference between groundwater at the proposed POA well and the creek stage based on GRAN 50934 (original) and GRAN 51008 (deepening) driller reported data. Calculating the groundwater interference with the creek at the end of 30 days by pumping the fifth POA well in Silvies Valley requires local hydraulic property value data for the alluvium-basin fill and for the "bedrock" which is currently not available.

Silvies River is less than one-mile from all five proposed POA wells. The river is identified as perennial. Groundwater at the four proposed upland POA wells appears to be inefficiently connected to the river given the apparently large groundwater-surface water elevation difference. Current data indicate the upper Silvies River base flow supported by groundwater is very little given the geographic area drained by the upper Silvies River. However, the river likely receives groundwater discharge from the uplands bounding the river valley. Thus, a potential for substantial interference is automatically assumed given the likely hydraulic connection. Calculating the groundwater flow model such as the USGS MODFLOW model which is beyond the scope of this review. A potential for substantial interference is automatically assumed for the fifth proposed POA well in Silvies Valley given its location is less than 0.25 mile from the river and the likely small elevation difference between groundwater at the proposed POA well and the river stage based on GRAN 50934 (original) and GRAN 51008 (deepening) driller reported data. Calculating the groundwater interference with the river at the end of 30 days by pumping the fifth POA well in Silvies Valley requires local hydraulic property value data for the alluvium-basin fill and for the "bedrock" which is currently not available.

C4a. **690-09-040 (5):** Estimated impacts on hydraulically connected surface water sources greater than one mile as a percentage of the proposed pumping rate. Limit evaluation to the effects that will occur up to one year after pumping begins. This table encompasses the considerations required by 09-040 (5)(a), (b), (c) and (d), which are not included on this form. Use additional sheets if calculated flows from more than one WAB are required.

	istributed												
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfere	ence CFS												
D'-4'h		_											
Well	uted Wells SW#	s Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
wen	510	Jan %	1°C0 %	1viai %	Api %	1viay %	juli %	3ui %	Aug %	sep %	%	NOV %	%
Well O	as CFS	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	7
	ence CFS												
interiere		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	0/
Well O	as CFS	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	7
	ence CFS												
interiere		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well O	as CFS	/0	/0	/0	/0	70	70	/0	/0	70	70	/0	
	ence CFS												
merrere		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well O	as CFS	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	
	ence CFS												
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well O	as CFS	,0	70	,,,	,,,	70	70	,,,	,,,	70	, 0	70	
-	ence CFS												
1110011011		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well O	as CFS	<i>,</i> ,	,0	,0	,0	, 0	,0	,0	,0	, 0	, 0	, 9	/
	ence CFS												
$(\mathbf{A}) = \mathbf{To}$	tal Interf.												
(B) = 80	% Nat. Q												
(C) = 1	% Nat. Q												
(D) = ($\mathbf{(A)} > (\mathbf{C})$	✓	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	✓	~	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓	✓
$(\mathbf{E}) = (\mathbf{A})$	/ B) x 100	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%

(A) = total interference as CFS; (B) = WAB calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (C) = 1% of calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (D) = highlight the checkmark for each month where (A) is greater than (C); (E) = total interference divided by 80% flow as percentage.
 Basis for impact evaluation:

No evaluation. Camp Creek is greater than one-mile from proposed POA well 3. The creek is identified as perennial. Groundwater at the proposed POA wells appears to be inefficiently connected to Camp Creek given the apparently large groundwater-surface water elevation difference. However, the creek likely receives groundwater discharge from the uplands bounding the creek valley. Calculating the monthly groundwater interference with the creek for the first 365 days would require developing a calibrated numerical groundwater flow model such as the USGS MODFLOW model which is beyond the scope of this review.

C4b. 690-09-040 (5) (b) The potential to impair or detrimentally affect the public interest is to be determined by the Water Rights Section.

C5. If properly conditioned, the surface water source(s) can be adequately protected from interference, and/or ground water use under this permit can be regulated if it is found to substantially interfere with surface water:

- i. \Box The permit should contain condition #(s)
- ii. The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in "Remarks" below;

C6. SW / GW Remarks and Conditions

<u>This review does potential for substantial interference with Camp Creek and Silvies River.</u>

It cannot be determined whether groundwater in the uplands that are northwest and immediately adjacent to Silvies Valley is over-appropriated or not.

No groundwater level data series representing the uplands northwest and adjacent to Silvies Valley was found. The closest groundwater level data is related to one state observation well within the Silvies Valley below the uplands, well GRAN 800 (state observation well 150) located southeast of the proposed POA wells in T18S/R31E-sec 12 (more than 3.3 miles southeast of the proposed POA wells). The 130-foot deep well is likely completed in valley sediments (no lithologic data for the well, but the location is mapped as alluvium (Oa)) and likely in direct hydraulic connection with the Silvies River. The groundwater level data at well GRAN 800 (state observation well 150) likely does not appear to directly represent groundwater at the proposed POA wells given the apparent groundwater level difference of more than 200 feet. That does not mean groundwater in the uplands is not hydraulically connected with groundwater in Silvies Valley. They are most likely hydraulically connected, but inefficiently. The groundwater level data at well GRAN 800 (state observation well 150) is from the 1960s to present. That data shows seasonal and decadal groundwater level fluctuations, but no net decline.

The proposed use of 3.899 (1750 gpm) may or may not exceed the capacity of the resource.

All five proposed POA wells are located in Grant County south of Seneca. Four of the five wells are in uplands that are northwest and immediately adjacent to Silvies Valley. The proposed fifth POA well location is in the valley. Camp Creek is to the south of the wells, and the upper portion of the Silvies River is east of the wells. Brown and Thayer (1966) mapped the four upland well locations as Jurassic Age sedimentary and volcanic rocks (Jtl) that correspond to the Trowbridge and Lonesome Formations described by Lupher (1941) and mapped by Dickinson and Vigrass (1965). The geologic unit is generally described by Brown and Thayer (1966) as marine deposited sedimentary and volcanic rocks that are mostly black and green mudstones, with greywacke, calcareous sandstone, and some felsite flows and conglomerate. Dickinson and Vigrass (1965) indicate the Trowbridge Formation was "...formed by fine clastic deposits laid down on an erosional surface of low relief as it foundered rapidly beneath the sea. The supply of clastic detritus apparently did not keep pace with the sinking, so that waters deepened during Trowbridge deposition. Contemporaneous rhyodacitic volcanism contributed appreciable sediment to the basin, largely during periodic outbursts of explosive eruption." They also indicate the Lonesome Formation likely had a compound source area, "...the implications are that the source may have been derived from pyroclastic blankets maintained by continuing volcanism in the source area."

<u>Surrounding uplands that enclose the Jurassic Age sedimentary and volcanic rocks (Jtl) are mapped by Brown and Thayer (1966) as Triassic Age Picture Gorge and Yakima Basalts (Tcu) to the west and to the east, basaltic andesite related to the Strawberry Volcanics (Ts).</u>

Brown and Thayer (1966) mapped the Silvies Valley as alluvium (Qa) described as silt, sand, and gravel. The fifth proposed POA well is within this valley. Water well reports (well logs) for nearby wells indicate the alluvium-valley fill thickness above the "bedrock" varies considerably with location.

If a permit is issued, the following conditions are recommended:

Condition 7B (interference condition)

Condition 7F (well location condition)

Condition 7N (groundwater level measurements and decline condition)

Condition 7P (well tag condition)

Condition 7T (measuring tube condition)

"Large" water use condition (totalizing flowmeter required for each well). Note that "The readings must be reported to the Department by 31 December each year."

Condition for re-construction of existing POA well GRAN 51009: "Existing POA well GRAN 51009 (well tag L-99644) shall be reconstructed to have continuous casing and continuous seal from land surface or above to a depth of 65 feet or more below land surface."

Condition for construction of new POA wells: "New POA well(s) shall obtain groundwater solely from the "bedrock" beneath surficial sediments and/or alluvium-valley fill. The new POA wells shall meet current Oregon well construction standards and shall be constructed to have continuous casing and continuous seal from land surface or above to a depth below surficial sediments and/or alluvium-valley fill. The total depth of the continuous casing and continuous seal shall be determined in consultation with a Department Groundwater Section hydrogeologist in Salem and with the Department's well enforcement staff in Salem."

References Used:

Oregon Administrative Rules: OAR 690-512

Brown, C.E. and T.P. Thayer. 1966. Geologic map of the Canyon City quadrangle, northeastern Oreon. USGS Miscellaneous Geologic Investigations Map I-447.

Dikenson, W.R. and L.W. Vigrass. 1965. Geology of the Duplee-Izee area Crook, Grant, and Harney Counties, Oregon. Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries Bulletin 58.

Gonthier, J.B. 1985. A Description of Aquifer Units in Eastern Oregon. USGS Water Resources Investigations Report 84-4095.

OWRD water well reports, water level data, and/or hydrographs: GRAN 51009, GRAN 800 (state observation well 150)

USGS Quadrangle Map (1:24,000 scale): Silvies, Oregon

Application: <u>G-17879</u> D. <u>WELL CONSTRUCTION, OAR 690-200</u>

D1.	Well #: 1 Logid: GRAN 51009
D2.	THE WELL does not appear to meet current well construction standards based upon: a.
D3.	THE WELL construction deficiency or other comment is described as follows:
	Condition for re-construction of existing POA well GRAN 51009: "Existing POA well GRAN 51009 (well tag L- 99644) shall be reconstructed to have continuous casing and continuous seal from land surface or above to a depth of 65 feet or more below land surface."
D4.] Route to the Well Construction and Compliance Section for a review of existing well construction.
D1.	Well #: 2 Logid: Not Constructed Yet
D2.	THE WELL does not appear to meet current well construction standards based upon: a. review of the well log; b. field inspection by; c. report of CWRE; d. other: (specify);
D3.	THE WELL construction deficiency or other comment is described as follows:
	Condition for construction of new POA wells: "New POA well(s) shall obtain groundwater solely from the "bedrock" beneath surficial sediments and/or alluvium-valley fill. The new POA wells shall meet current Oregon well construction standards and shall be constructed to have continuous casing and continuous seal from land surface or above to a depth below surficial sediments and/or alluvium-valley fill. The total depth of the continuous casing and continuous seal shall be determined in consultation with a Department Groundwater Section hydrogeologist in Salem and with the Department's well enforcement staff in Salem."
D4.] Route to the Well Construction and Compliance Section for a review of existing well construction.
D1.	Well #: 3 Logid: Not Constructed Yet
D2.	THE WELL does not appear to meet current well construction standards based upon: a. review of the well log; b. field inspection by; c. report of CWRE; d. other: (specify);
D3.	THE WELL construction deficiency or other comment is described as follows:

Condition for construction of new POA wells: "New POA well(s) shall obtain groundwater solely from the "bedrock" beneath surficial sediments and/or alluvium-valley fill. The new POA wells shall meet current Oregon well construction standards and shall be constructed to have continuous casing and continuous seal from land surface or above to a depth below surficial sediments and/or alluvium-valley fill. The total depth of the continuous casing and continuous casing and continuous casing and continuous casing and address continuous casing and continuous casing and continuous casing and continuous seal shall be determined in consultation with a Department Groundwater Section hydrogeologist in Salem and with the Department's well enforcement staff in Salem."

D4.
Route to the Well Construction and Compliance Section for a review of existing well construction.

 D1.
 Well #:
 4
 Logid:
 Not Constructed Yet

D2. THE WELL does not appear to meet current well construction standards based upon:

- a. \Box review of the well log;
- b. [] field inspection by _____
- c. report of CWRE
- d. ____ other: (specify) _____

D3. THE WELL construction deficiency or other comment is described as follows:

Condition for construction of new POA wells: "New POA well(s) shall obtain groundwater solely from the "bedrock" beneath surficial sediments and/or alluvium-valley fill. The new POA wells shall meet current Oregon well construction standards and shall be constructed to have continuous casing and continuous seal from land surface or above to a depth below surficial sediments and/or alluvium-valley fill. The total depth of the continuous casing and continuous casing and continuous casing and and with the Department's well enforcement staff in Salem."

D4.
Route to the Well Construction and Compliance Section for a review of existing well construction.

 D1.
 Well #: _____5
 Logid: _____Not Constructed Yet

D2. THE WELL does not appear to meet current well construction standards based upon:

- a. ____ review of the well log;
- b. _____field inspection by ______
- c. report of CWRE
- d. ____ other: (specify)_____

D3. THE WELL construction deficiency or other comment is described as follows:

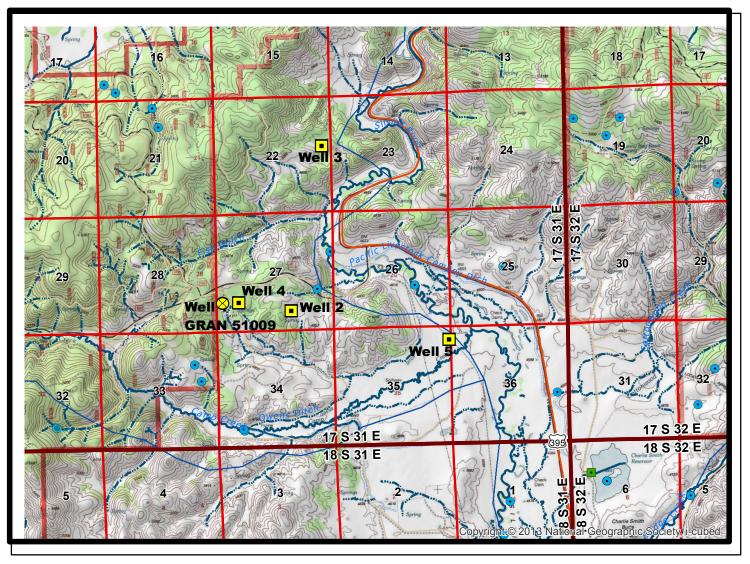
Condition for construction of new POA wells: "New POA well(s) shall obtain groundwater solely from the "bedrock" beneath surficial sediments and/or alluvium-valley fill. The new POA wells shall meet current Oregon well construction standards and shall be constructed to have continuous casing and continuous seal from land surface or above to a depth below surficial sediments and/or alluvium-valley fill. The total depth of the continuous casing and continuous casing and continuous casing and a continuous casing and mith the Department's well enforcement staff in Salem."

D4.
Route to the Well Construction and Compliance Section for a review of existing well construction.

Water Availability Tables

See attachments.

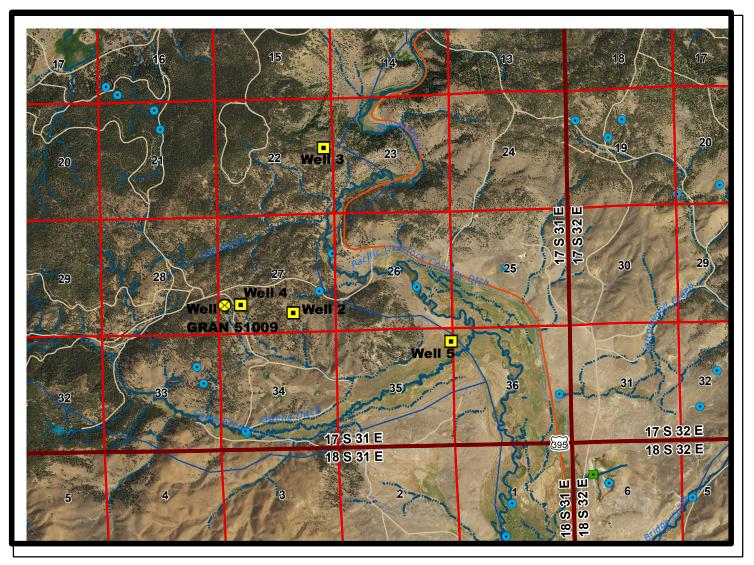
Groundwater Permit Application G-17879 Silvies Valley Ranch Water Company LLC





Yellow = Noted GW Well(s) Red = Other GW Wells Other Colors = SW POD's

Groundwater Permit Application G-17879 Silvies Valley Ranch Water Company LLC





Yellow = Noted GW Well(s) Red = Other GW Wells Other Colors = SW POD's

	GRAN 5	
STATE OF OREGON	GRAN S	51009 Page 1 of 1
WATER SUPPLY WELL REPORT	09-23-2	009 WELL LABEL # L 99644
(as required by ORS 537.765 & OAR 690-205-0210)		
		START CARD # 1007994
(1) LAND OWNER Owner Well I.	D. golf course	(9) LOCATION OF WELL (legal description)
First Name Scott Last Name C	mpbell	County Grant Twp 17.00 S N/S Range 31.00 E E/W W
Company <u>silvies valley ranch</u> Address 7610 SE 162nd		Sec <u>27</u> <u>SW</u> 1/4 of the <u>SW</u> 1/4 Tax Lot 500 Tax Map Number Lot
City Portland State OR	Zip 97236	Lat O DMS or DI
(2) TYPE OF WORK New Well Deepe		Long O o DMS or DI
Alteration (repair/recondition)		C Street address of well Nearest address
(3) DRILL METHOD		37 Road Hwy 395
Rotary Air Rotary Mud Cable Auger	Cable Mud	(10) STATIC WATER LEVEL
Reverse Rotary Other		Existing Well / Predeepening Date SWL(psi) + SWL(ft)
(4) PROPOSED USE Domestic Irrigation		Completed Well 09-07-2009
Industrial/ Commericial Livestock Dewaterin Thermal Injection Other	ng	Flowing Artesian? Dry Hole?
(5) BORE HOLE CONSTRUCTION Speci	al Standard Attach copy	WATER BEARING ZONES Depth water was first found 23
Depth of Completed Well <u>346.00</u> ft.		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
BORE HOLE SE	AL sacks/	
	om To Amt Ibs	╏┟╌╼╴┽╶━╌┽╶╾╶┼╴╌┽╶╾╶┤┝╉──┥
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		(11) WELL LOG Ground Elevation
How was seal placed: Method A B		Material From To
Other poured dry and tam		topsoil loam 0 1 conglomerate 1 20
Backfill placed fromft. toft. Material	Size	claystone hard 20 45
Explosives used: Yes Type Amou	nt	broken rock caving 45 60 basalt black broken 60 346
(6) CASING/LINER		Dasalt black broken 60 346
Casing Liner Dia + From To Ga	ige Sti Plstc Wld Thrd	
	- H H H	
Shoe Inside Outside Other Locati	on of shoe(s)	
Temp casing Yes Dia From	To	
(7) PERFORATIONS/SCREENS		
Perforations Method saw cut Screens Type	Material	
Perf/S Casing/Screen Scrn/slot	Slot # of Tele/	
creen Liner Dia From To width	length slots pipe size	Date Started 09-03-2009 Completed 09-07-2009
Perf Casing 12 45 65 .125	3 960	(unbonded) Water Well Constructor Certification
		I certify that the work I performed on the construction, deepening, alteration, a bandonment of this well is in compliance with Oregon water supply we
		construction standards. Materials used and information reported above are true the best of my knowledge and belief.
(8) WELL TESTS: Minimum testing time is 1	hour	License Number Date
Pump Bailer Air	Flowing Artesian	Electronically Filed
Yield gal/min Drawdown Drill stem/Pump de	U -	Signed
500 340		(bonded) Water Well Constructor Certification
		I accept responsibility for the construction, deepening, alteration, or abandonme work performed on this well during the construction dates reported above. All we
Temperature <u>46</u> °F Lab analysis Yes By		performed during this time is in compliance with Oregon water supply w construction standards. This report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief
Water quality concerns? Yes (describe below)	Amount Units	License Number <u>1424</u> Date <u>09-23-2009</u>
		Electronically Filed
		Signed <u>TIMOTHY K RILEY (E-filed)</u>

c

ORIGINAL - WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT THIS REPORT MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT WITHIN 30 DAYS OF COMPLETION OF WORK Form Version: 0.95

Water Availability Analysis

CAMP CR > SILVIES R - AT MOUTH MALHEUR LAKE BASIN Water Availability as of 10/10/2014

Watershed ID #: 31200209 (Map) Date: 10/10/2014

Download Data

Exceedance Level: 80% V Time: 1:19 PM

Water Availability

Select any Watershed for Details

Nesting V	Vatershed	Stream Name	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Sto
Order	ID #														
1	31200201	W FK SILVIES R> MALHEUR L- AT MOUTH	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	31200212	SILVIES R> W FK SILVIES R- AB CAVE G	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	71472	SILVIES R> W FK SILVIES R- AB TROUT CR	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	31200209	CAMP CR> SILVIES R- AT MOUTH	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

Limiting Watersheds

Monthly Streamflow in Cubic Feet per Second Annual Volume at 50% Exceedance in Acre-Feet

Month	Limiting Watershed ID #	Stream Name	Water Available?	Net Water Available
JAN	31200209	CAMP CR > SILVIES R - AT MOUTH	Yes	1.22
FEB	31200209	CAMP CR > SILVIES R - AT MOUTH	Yes	2.08
MAR	31200209	CAMP CR > SILVIES R - AT MOUTH	Yes	5.36
APR	31200209	CAMP CR > SILVIES R - AT MOUTH	Yes	15.20
MAY	31200201	W FK SILVIES R > MALHEUR L - AT MOUTH	No	-318.00
JUN	31200201	W FK SILVIES R > MALHEUR L - AT MOUTH	No	-321.00
JUL	31200201	W FK SILVIES R > MALHEUR L - AT MOUTH	No	-112.00
AUG	31200201	W FK SILVIES R > MALHEUR L - AT MOUTH	No	-45.10
SEP	31200201	W FK SILVIES R > MALHEUR L - AT MOUTH	No	-20.40
OCT	71472	SILVIES R > W FK SILVIES R - AB TROUT CR	No	-2.21
NOV	31200209	CAMP CR > SILVIES R - AT MOUTH	Yes	0.83
DEC	31200209	CAMP CR > SILVIES R - AT MOUTH	Yes	1.03
ANN	31200209	CAMP CR > SILVIES R - AT MOUTH	Yes	3,260.00

Detailed Reports for Watershed ID #31200201

W FK SILVIES R > MALHEUR L - AT MOUTH MALHEUR LAKE BASIN Water Availability as of 10/10/2014

Watershed ID #: 31200201 (Map) Date: 10/10/2014 Exceedance Level: 80% V Time: 1:19 PM

Water Availability Calculation

Monthly Streamflow in Cubic Feet per Second Annual Volume at 50% Exceedance in Acre-Feet

Month Na	tural Stream Consu	mptive Uses and	Expected	Reserved	Instream Flow	Net Water
	Flow	Storages	Stream Flow	Stream Flow	Requirement	Available
JAN	31.50	4.13	27.40	0.00	0.00	27.40
FEB	53.00	5.77	47.20	0.00	0.00	47.20
MAR	132.00	55.40	76.60	0.00	0.00	76.60
APR	343.00	231.00	112.00	0.00	0.00	112.00
MAY	235.00	553.00	-318.00	0.00	0.00	-318.00
JUN	124.00	445.00	-321.00	0.00	0.00	-321.00
JUL	38.60	151.00	-112.00	0.00	0.00	-112.00
AUG	17.30	62.40	-45.10	0.00	0.00	-45.10
SEP	13.30	33.70	-20.40	0.00	0.00	-20.40
OCT	16.90	3.68	13.20	0.00	0.00	13.20
NOV	25.20	3.90	21.30	0.00	0.00	21.30
DEC	27.40	3.75	23.70	0.00	0.00	23.70
ANN	122,000.00	94,100.00	57,600.00	0.00	0.00	57,600.00

Consumptive Uses and Storages in Cubic Feet per Second											
Month	Storage	Irrigation	Municipal	Industrial	Commercial	Domestic	Agricultural	Other	Total		
JAN	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	2.48	0.00	4.13		
FEB	3.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	2.48	0.00	5.77		
MAR	8.61	43.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	2.48	0.40	55.40		
APR	16.70	212.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	2.48	0.40	231.00		
MAY	10.70	540.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	2.47	0.00	553.00		
JUN	4.94	438.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	2.47	0.00	445.00		
JUL	1.39	147.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	2.46	0.00	151.00		
AUG	0.66	59.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	2.46	0.00	62.40		
SEP	0.49	30.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	2.46	0.00	33.70		
OCT	0.59	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	2.46	0.40	3.68		
NOV	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	2.48	0.40	3.90		
DEC	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	2.48	0.00	3.75		

Detailed Report of Reservations for Storage and Consumptive Uses

Reserved Streamflow in Cubic Feet per Second

No reservations were found for this watershed.

Detailed Report of Instream Flow Requirements

Instream Flow Requirements in Cubic Feet per Second

No instream flow requirements were found for this watershed.

Detailed Reports for Watershed ID #31200212

SILVIES R > W FK SILVIES R - AB CAVE G MALHEUR LAKE BASIN Water Availability as of 10/10/2014

Watershed ID #: 31200212 (Map) Date: 10/10/2014 Exceedance Level: 80% V Time: 1:19 PM

Water Availability Calculation

Monthly Streamflow in Cubic Feet per Second Annual Volume at 50% Exceedance in Acre-Feet

Month Na	atural Stream	Consumptive Uses and	Expected	Reserved	Instream Flow	Net Water
	Flow	Storages	Stream Flow	Stream Flow	Requirement	Available
JAN	30.90	1.08	29.80	0.00	0.00	29.80
FEB	50.80	1.68	49.10	0.00	0.00	49.10
MAR	127.00	12.70	114.00	0.00	0.00	114.00
APR	334.00	48.60	285.00	0.00	0.00	285.00
MAY	231.00	113.00	118.00	0.00	0.00	118.00
JUN	121.00	90.30	30.70	0.00	0.00	30.70
JUL	38.10	30.40	7.70	0.00	0.00	7.70
AUG	17.10	12.50	4.60	0.00	0.00	4.60
SEP	13.20	6.75	6.45	0.00	0.00	6.45
OCT	16.80	0.69	16.10	0.00	0.00	16.10
NOV	25.00	0.84	24.20	0.00	0.00	24.20
DEC	27.00	0.95	26.10	0.00	0.00	26.10
ANN	117,000.00	19,300.00	98,100.00	0.00	0.00	98,100.00

Consumptive Uses and Storages in Cubic Feet per Second											
Month	Storage	Irrigation	Municipal	Industrial	Commercial	Domestic	Agricultural	Other	Total		
JAN	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.46	0.00	1.08		
FEB	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.46	0.00	1.68		
MAR	3.32	8.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.46	0.00	12.70		
APR	5.13	42.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.46	0.00	48.60		
MAY	3.34	109.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.45	0.00	113.00		
JUN	1.55	88.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.45	0.00	90.30		
JUL	0.44	29.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.44	0.00	30.40		
AUG	0.21	11.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.44	0.00	12.50		
SEP	0.16	6.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.44	0.00	6.75		
OCT	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.44	0.00	0.69		
NOV	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.46	0.00	0.84		
DEC	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.46	0.00	0.95		

Detailed Report of Reservations for Storage and Consumptive Uses

Reserved Streamflow in Cubic Feet per Second

No reservations were found for this watershed.

Detailed Report of Instream Flow Requirements

Instream Flow Requirements in Cubic Feet per Second

No instream flow requirements were found for this watershed.

Detailed Reports for Watershed ID #71472

SILVIES R > W FK SILVIES R - AB TROUT CR MALHEUR LAKE BASIN Water Availability as of 10/10/2014

Watershed ID #: 71472 (Map) Date: 10/10/2014 Exceedance Level: 80% V Time: 1:19 PM

Water Availability Calculation

Monthly Streamflow in Cubic Feet per Second Annual Volume at 50% Exceedance in Acre-Feet

Month	Natural	Consumptive Uses and	Expected	Reserved	Instream Flow	Net Water
	Stream Flow	Storages	Stream Flow	Stream Flow	Requirement	Available
JAN	13.90	0.61	13.30	0.00	10.00	3.29
FEB	22.40	0.96	21.40	0.00	12.00	9.44
MAR	58.10	9.28	48.80	0.00	15.00	33.80
APR	160.00	39.40	121.00	0.00	15.00	106.00
MAY	116.00	91.00	25.00	0.00	15.00	10.00
JUN	62.90	72.70	-9.79	0.00	15.00	-24.80
JUL	19.20	24.30	-5.14	0.00	10.00	-15.10
AUG	8.56	9.92	-1.36	0.00	10.00	-11.40
SEP	6.47	5.29	1.18	0.00	10.00	-8.82
OCT	8.21	0.42	7.79	0.00	10.00	-2.21
NOV	11.90	0.50	11.40	0.00	10.00	1.40
DEC	12.20	0.54	11.70	0.00	10.00	1.66
ANN	56,500.00	15,400.00	41,000.00	0.00	8,570.00	33,500.00

Consumptive Uses and Storages in Cubic Feet per Second											
Month	Storage	Irrigation	Municipal	Industrial	Commercial	Domestic	Agricultural	Other	Total		
JAN	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	0.61		
FEB	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	0.96		
MAR	1.87	7.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	9.28		
APR	4.68	34.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	39.40		
MAY	3.17	87.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	91.00		
JUN	1.53	70.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	72.70		
JUL	0.43	23.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	24.30		
AUG	0.20	9.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	9.92		
SEP	0.15	4.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	5.29		
OCT	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	0.42		
NOV	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	0.50		
DEC	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	0.54		

Detailed Report of Reservations for Storage and Consumptive Uses

Reserved Streamflow in Cubic Feet per Second

No reservations were found for this watershed.

Detailed Report of Instream Flow Requirements

Instream Flow Requirements in Cubic Feet per Second

Application #	Status	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
IS71472A	APPLICATION	10.00	12.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Maximum		10.00	12.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00

Detailed Reports for Watershed ID #31200209

CAMP CR > SILVIES R - AT MOUTH MALHEUR LAKE BASIN Water Availability as of 10/10/2014

water Availability as of 10/1

Watershed ID #: 31200209 (Map) Date: 10/10/2014

Exceedance Level: 80% V Time: 1:19 PM

Water Availability Calculation

Monthly Streamflow in Cubic Feet per Second												
	Annual Volume at 50% Exceedance in Acre-Feet											
Month	Natural	Consumptive Uses and	Expected	Reserved	Instream Flow	Net Water						
	Stream Flow	Storages	Stream Flow	Stream Flow	Requirement	Available						

JAN	1.23	0.01	1.22	0.00	0.00	1.22
FEB	2.10	0.02	2.08	0.00	0.00	2.08
MAR	5.50	0.14	5.36	0.00	0.00	5.36
APR	15.80	0.63	15.20	0.00	0.00	15.20
MAY	9.33	1.52	7.81	0.00	0.00	7.81
JUN	4.11	1.23	2.88	0.00	0.00	2.88
JUL	1.32	0.41	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.91
AUG	0.57	0.17	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.40
SEP	0.43	0.09	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.34
OCT	0.54	0.01	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.53
NOV	0.84	0.01	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.83
DEC	1.04	0.01	1.03	0.00	0.00	1.03
ANN	5,110.00	257.00	4,850.00	0.00	0.00	4,850.00

Consumptive Uses and Storages in Cubic Feet per Second									
Month	Storage	Irrigation	Municipal	Industrial	Commercial	Domestic	Agricultural	Other	Total
JAN	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
FEB	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.02
MAR	0.01	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.14
APR	0.04	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.63
MAY	0.02	1.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	1.52
JUN	0.01	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	1.23
JUL	0.00	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.41
AUG	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.17
SEP	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.09
OCT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
NOV	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
DEC	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01

Detailed Report of Reservations for Storage and Consumptive Uses

Reserved Streamflow in Cubic Feet per Second

No reservations were found for this watershed.

Detailed Report of Instream Flow Requirements

Instream Flow Requirements in Cubic Feet per Second

No instream flow requirements were found for this watershed.