# PUBLIC INTEREST REVIEW FOR GROUNDWATER APPLICATIONS

ТО:	: Water Rights Section							Date	e	December 4,	2015		
FROM	COM: Groundwater Section												
SUBJE	SUBJECT: Application G- 1			<u>18128</u>	Reviewer's Name Supersedes review of					Date of Re	eview(s)		
OAR 69 welfare, to deter	90-310-1 safety a mine who umption	30 (1) Tond health ether the criteria.	he Depart h as descr presumpt	ibed in ORS ion is establ ew is based	resume than 537.525. D ished. OAR upon avail	t a propos epartment 690-310- able infor	ed groundwe t staff review 140 allows t rmation and	v groundwate he proposed l agency poli	r applicati use be mo- cies in pla	preservation of ons under OA dified or conduce at the time County:	R 690-31 itioned to e of evalu	0-140 meet nation.	
A1.	Applica	ant(s) see		cfs fro				Umatilla				_ Basin,	
A2.	_		Irr	<u>igation</u>		Seas	sonality: <u>N</u>	<u> </u>			• 1)		
Well	Logi	Logid Applicant Well #		quifer data (attach and number logs for Applicant's Well # Proposed Aquifer*		Proposed Rate(cfs) (		Location (T/R-S QQ	ı -Q)	Location, metes and bounds, e.g 2250' N, 1200' E fr NW cor S 36 600' N, 1380' W fr E1/4 cor S 5			
1 2 3 4	Propos	ed	1		CRB	0	.5	1S/33E-5 SW	-NE	600° N, 1380°	W fr E1/4	cor S 5	
5	um, CRB,	Bedrock											
Well	Well Elev ft msl	First Water ft bls	SWL ft bls	SWL Date	Well Depth (ft) 150 est.	Seal Interval (ft) 0-18 est.	Casing Intervals (ft) +1-19 est.*	Liner Intervals (ft)	Perforati Or Scree (ft)		Draw Down (ft)	Test Type	
Use data	from app	lication fo	or proposed	l wells.									
A4.	Comm	ents: <u>*T</u>	he applica				-		_	ole of propose			
A5. 🛚	manage (Not all	ement of I basin ru	groundwa les contai	ter hydrauli n such provi	cally conned isions.)	cted to sur	rface water	ıles relative t ☐ <b>are</b> , or ∑	are not,	lopment, class activated by th	ification nis applic	and/or ation.	
A6. 🗌	Name of	of admini	strative ar	rea:						oy an administ			

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## B. GROUNDWATER AVAILABILITY CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-310-130, 400-010, 410-0070

Bas	sed upon available data, I have determined that groundwater* for the proposed use:
a.	is over appropriated, is not over appropriated, $or \boxtimes$ cannot be determined to be over appropriated during any period of the proposed use. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the over-appropriation determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
b.	will not or will likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the injury determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
c.	$\square$ will not or $\square$ will likely to be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource; or
d.	will, if properly conditioned, avoid injury to existing groundwater rights or to the groundwater resource:  i.
	iii. The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in item 3 below;
a.	Condition to allow groundwater production from no deeper than ft. below land surface;
b.	Condition to allow groundwater production from no shallower than ft. below land surface;
c.	Condition to allow groundwater production only from the groundwater reservoir between approximately ft. and ft. below land surface;
d.	Well reconstruction is necessary to accomplish one or more of the above conditions. The problems that are likely to occur with this use and without reconstructing are cited below. Without reconstruction, I recommend withholding issuance of the permit until evidence of well reconstruction is filed with the Department and approved by the Groundwater Section.
	<b>Describe injury</b> –as related to water availability– that is likely to occur without well reconstruction (interference w/ senior water rights, not within the capacity of the resource, etc):
	bundwater availability remarks: The applicant's well is located in an area that contains basalt flows of the Columbia
	er Basalt Group (CRBG) from land surface to depths of several thousand feet. Within the CRBG, most water occurs in fined aquifers that occupy thin rubble zones (interflow zones) at the contacts between lava flows. The interiors of the
	alt flows generally have low porosity and permeability and act as confining beds. This geometry generally produces a
	k of thin aquifers (interflow zones) separated by thick confining beds (flow interiors). The low permeability of the basalt
flov	v interiors limits the natural vertical connection between overlying aquifers.
	ficial geologic mapping (Madin and Geitgy, 2007) indicates that the well will encounter multiple flows of the Grande
	ade Basalt Formation. Locally, the total thickness of the Grande Ronde Basalt Formation is approximately 2000 feet. In
	ny areas of the Umatilla Basin, the CRBG has been significantly faulted after emplacement. Locally, down-to-the-west blacement on the order several hundred feet along the Cabbage Hill Fault has juxtaposed basalt flows of the R2
mag	gnetostratigraphic unit east of the fault against Grande Ronde N2 magnetostratigraphic unit flows west of the fault. Due
the	magnitude of vertical displacement, the Cabbage Hill Fault likely acts as an effective barrier to groundwater flow.
Nea	urby wells typically produce from water-bearing zones (WBZs) founds at depths ranging from 30 to 120 feet. Proposed
	struction for the applicant's well indicates that it will produce from one or more of the same WBZs as several of these

nearby wells; the well's proximity to these wells could potentially result in undue well-to-well interference. Additionally, if constructed as proposed, the applicant's well will likely produce from a WBZ that is hydraulically connected to McKay Creek (see section C2 for further discussion). In order to avoid undue interference with nearby wells and hydraulic connection to McKay Creek, the applicant's well shall be constructed as described in the special conditions below. The

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SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

1) Groundwater production in the well shall be limited to a single aquifer in the Columbia River Basalt Group lavas. The well shall be cased and sealed into hard basalt below an elevation of approximately 1570 feet (approximately 75 feet below land surface at the proposed well location). The open interval in the well shall be no greater than 100 feet except as noted below. Open interval means the total length of borehole that is not behind sealed casing. The borehole above the open interval shall be continuously cased and continuously sealed to land surface. A larger open interval may be approved by the Department if the applicant can demonstrate, using packer tests or other suitable methods, that the hydraulic heads of water-bearing zones in the proposed open interval are equivalent or if the applicant can demonstrate that the open interval is part of a continuous zone of interconnected porous materials such as a sequence of pillow lavas or an hyaloclastite complex.

2) The permittee shall instruct the well constructor to contact the Ground Water Section of the Water Resources Department prior to drilling the well to arrange for the collection of drill cuttings.

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#### C. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-09-040

C1. **690-09-040** (1): Evaluation of aquifer confinement:

Well	Aquifer or Proposed Aquifer	Confined	Unconfined
1	CRB	$\boxtimes$	

Basis for aquifer confinement evaluation: The Columbia River basalt aquifers are confined by the dense flow zones that restrict vertical movement of groundwater. Nearby CRBG well logs report static water levels above the water-bearing zone, indicating a confined aquifer or series of aquifers.

C2. **690-09-040** (2) (3): Evaluation of distance to, and hydraulic connection with, surface water sources. All wells located a horizontal distance less than ½ mile from a surface water source that produce water from an unconfined aquifer shall be assumed to be hydraulically connected to the surface water source. Include in this table any streams located beyond one mile that are evaluated for PSI.

Well	SW #	Surface Water Name	GW Elev ft msl	SW Elev ft msl	Distance (ft)	Hydraulically Connected? YES NO ASSUMED		Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed? YES NO		
1	1	McKay Creek	1635	1700- 1580	200		$\boxtimes$			

Basis for aquifer hydraulic connection evaluation: Hydraulic connection between CRBG aquifers and local streams typically occurs where the streams have eroded through water-bearing interflow zones in the basalts. Locally, the basalts dip approximately 3-5 degrees to the west; water-bearing zones encountered at the applicant's well will be 150 to 200 feet lower in elevation at a distance of ½ mile to the west. The sealing requirements specified in the Special Condition (see section B2) will isolate water-bearing zones in the applicant's well from nearby reaches of McKay Creek and significantly reduce hydraulic connection with the creek.

Water Availability Basin the well(s) are located within: 70682: MCKAY CR > UMATILLA R – AB SPRING HOL

C3a. **690-09-040** (4): Evaluation of stream impacts for <u>each well</u> that has been determined or assumed to be **hydraulically** connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water source. Limit evaluation to instream rights and minimum stream flows that are pertinent to that surface water source, and not lower SW sources to which the stream under evaluation is tributary. Compare the requested rate against the 1% of 80% *natural* flow for the pertinent Water Availability Basin (WAB). If Q is not distributed by well, use full rate for each well. Any checked  $\boxtimes$  box indicates the well is assumed to have the potential to cause PSI.

Well	SW #	Well < 1/4 mile?	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
							1.90			

C3b. **690-09-040 (4):** Evaluation of stream impacts <u>by total appropriation</u> for all wells determined or assumed to be **hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile** from a surface water source. **Complete only if Q is distributed among wells.** Otherwise same evaluation and limitations apply as in C3a above.

SW #	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
Comments:								

C4a. **690-09-040 (5):** Estimated impacts on **hydraulically connected surface water sources greater than one mile** as a percentage of the proposed pumping rate. Limit evaluation to the effects that will occur up to one year after pumping begins. This table encompasses the considerations required by 09-040 (5)(a), (b), (c) and (d), which are not included on this form. Use additional sheets if calculated flows from more than one WAB are required.

	istributed	Wells											
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well (	Q as CFS												
Interfer	rence CFS												
D: 4 1	4 1 337 11	1											
Well	outed Well SW#	ıs Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
VV CII	3 W #	7an %	%	1V1a1 %	_	wiay	Juii %	3ui %	Aug %	зер %	%	%	<u>рес</u> %
Wall (	Q as CFS	%0	%0	%0	%	%0	%	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%
	rence CFS												
merier	Telice CFS	۵,	٥.	0.1	٥.	0.4	0.4	٥,	0.1	0.1	٥,	٥,	0.1
W 11 6	) CEG	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
	Q as CFS												
Interfer	rence CFS												
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
	Q as CFS												
Interfer	rence CFS												
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
	Q as CFS												
Interfer	rence CFS												
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well (	Q as CFS												
Interfer	rence CFS												
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well (	Q as CFS												
Interfer	rence CFS												
		·											
$(\mathbf{A}) = \mathbf{T}\mathbf{c}$	otal Interf.												
(B) = 80	) % Nat. Q												
(C) = 1	% Nat. Q												
( <b>D</b> ) =	(A) > (C)	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√	<b>√</b>	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√
(E) = (A	(/B) x 100	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%

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(A) = total interference as CFS; (B) = WAB calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (C) = 1% of calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (D) = highlight the checkmark for each month where (A) is greater than (C); (E) = total interference divided by 80% flow as percentage. **Basis for impact evaluation:** C4b. 690-09-040 (5) (b) The potential to impair or detrimentally affect the public interest is to be determined by the Water Rights Section. C5. If properly conditioned, the surface water source(s) can be adequately protected from interference, and/or groundwater use under this permit can be regulated if it is found to substantially interfere with surface water: i. The permit should contain condition #(s) ii. The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in "Remarks" below; C6. SW / GW Remarks and Conditions: **References Used:** Madin, I. P. and R. P. Geitgey, 2007. Preliminary Geologic Map of the Umatilla Basin, Morrow and Umatilla Counties, Oregon. Open-File Report O-07-17. State of Oregon – Dept. of Geology And Mineral Industries. "Columbia River Basalt Stratigraphy in the Pacific Northwest". USGS – Oregon Water Science Center website. http://or.water.usgs.gov/projs\_dir/crbg/. Accessed Nov. 2015

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# D. WELL CONSTRUCTION, OAR 690-200

D1.	Well #:	Logid:	
D2.	_	not appear to meet current well construction standards based up	pon:
		ction by	;
	c. report of C	CWRE	;
	d.  dother: (spe	ccify)	
D3.	THE WELL const	ruction deficiency or other comment is described as follows:	
D4. [	Route to the Well	Construction and Compliance Section for a review of existing w	vell construction.

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## **Well Location Map**

