

# DEQ DIVISION 33 APPLICATION REVIEW SHEET

Recommendations for Water Right Applications that may affect the  
Habitat of Sensitive, Threatened or Endangered Fish Species, OAR 690-33-310 through 340.

Application #: G-18155      Applicant's Name: Robert Blake III

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1) Is there a connection to a 303(d) listed water quality limited water body?  NO  YES

Explain: The applicant proposes to withdraw .0013 cfs (3 AF) from a well for year round nursery use. The proposed well is not within a water quality limited 5<sup>th</sup> or 6<sup>th</sup> field HUC. However, the proposed use is within a drainage which has a confluence with the Deschutes River. The Deschutes River, below the confluence, is 303d listed for temperature (year round), dissolved oxygen (January 1 through May 15) and pH (year round).

2) What is the potential for this use to impact a water quality limited water body:  HIGH  MEDIUM  LOW

Explain: OWRD has determined the following:

- This use has the potential for substantial interference with the Deschutes River.
- Surface water is not available from this water availability basin at any time of year.

3) If the answer to question (2) is HIGH or MEDIUM, will the proposed use still result in diminution of water quality for the habitat of sensitive, threatened, or endangered fish species?  NO  YES

If YES, how?

#### Temperature

Oregon's stream temperature standards are based on the life cycle needs of salmonids. Stream temperatures that exceed the standards can disrupt the life cycle of a sensitive, threatened, or endangered fish species and may even cause death. Temperatures are already known to exceed standards in the Deschutes River in the summer. Further withdrawals from the stream will reduce the stream's heat capacity and cause greater fluctuation in daytime and nighttime stream temperatures. This will result in the diminution of habitat of sensitive, threatened, or endangered fish species.

#### Dissolved Oxygen

Fish and other aquatic organisms require different concentrations of dissolved oxygen based on their species and life history stage. Oregon's dissolved oxygen standards are based on the most sensitive species and life history stage at the location and season of concern. Dissolved oxygen levels are affected by temperature, flow, nutrient loading, algae growth, and other factors. If dissolved oxygen drops to low enough levels, it can result in fish kills. In waterbodies where dissolved oxygen concentrations are known to be insufficient for the habitat of sensitive, threatened, and endangered fish, any additional reduction in dissolved oxygen concentrations would result in the diminution of habitat.

#### pH

Withdrawals from the stream will reduce the stream's heat capacity and cause greater fluctuation in daytime and nighttime stream temperatures. When nutrients and sunlight are sufficiently present, higher stream temperatures lead to more algal growth. During the day, algae absorb carbon dioxide from the water for cell growth, raising pH. At night, photosynthesis stops and algae continue to respire, releasing carbon dioxide and lowering pH. This cycle creates diel fluctuations in pH. Additional withdrawals from a stream that is already impaired for pH will lead to larger diel fluctuations in pH. Fish and aquatic insects are sensitive to imbalances in pH. Low pH levels (below 5) may lead to death and high pH levels (9-14) can harm fish by denaturing cellular membranes. These pH imbalances result in the diminution of the habitat of sensitive, threatened, or endangered fish species.

4) Can conditions be applied to mitigate the impact of the use?

NO  YES; recommend from Menu of Conditions and skip to question 7.

OWRD has determined that water is not available for this proposed use. If the facts of the application change, DEQ should be notified and given the opportunity to submit updated comments.

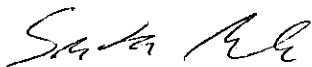
5) If conditions cannot be identified to offset impacts, would the proposed use affect the Habitat of Sensitive, Threatened, or Endangered Fish Species?  NO  YES

If YES, please explain: See responses to #2 and #3

6) If a permit is issued, are there any conditions you would like to see included in the permit?

7) Your recommendation under OAR 690-033-0330 (2):  Approval with conditions  
 Approval without conditions  
 Denial

DEQ Representative signature:



Date: 2/19/2016

WRD Contact: **Caseworker:** Kim French, Water Rights Division, 503-986-0900 / Fax 503-986-0901

## MENU OF CONDITIONS FOR WRD, ODFW, DEQ AND AG

The following condition will be included in any permit issued unless ODFW explicitly requests that it be omitted:

The permittee shall not construct, operate or maintain any dam or artificial obstruction to fish passage in the channel of the subject stream without providing a fishway to ensure adequate upstream and downstream passage for fish, unless the permittee has requested and been granted a fish passage waiver or exemption through the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife. The permittee is hereby directed to contact an Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife Fish Passage Coordinator before beginning construction of any in-channel obstruction.

- fishself** The permittee shall install, maintain, and operate fish screening and by-pass devices consistent with current Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW) standards. Fish screening is to prevent fish from entering the proposed diversion while by-pass devices provide adequate upstream and downstream passage for fish. The required screen and by-pass devices are to be in place and functional prior to diversion of any water. Permittee shall obtain written approval from ODFW that the installation of the required screen and by-pass devices meets the state's criteria or the permittee shall submit documentation that ODFW has determined screens and/or by-pass devices are not necessary.
- fishapprove** The permittee shall install, maintain, and operate fish screening and by-pass devices consistent with current Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW) standards. Fish screening is to prevent fish from entering the proposed diversion while by-pass devices provide adequate upstream and downstream passage for fish. The required screen and by-pass devices are to be in place and functional, and approved in writing by ODFW prior to diversion of any water. The permittee may submit evidence in writing that ODFW has determined screens and/or by-pass devices are not necessary.
- fishdiv33** If the riparian area is disturbed in the process of developing a point of diversion, the permittee shall be responsible for restoration and enhancement of such riparian area in accordance with ODFW's Fish and Wildlife Habitat Mitigation Policy OAR 635-415. For purposes of mitigation, the ODFW Fish and Wildlife Habitat Mitigation Goals and Standards, OAR 635-415, shall be followed.
- The use may be restricted if the quality of the source stream or downstream waters decrease to the point that those waters no longer meet existing state or federal water quality standards due to reduced flows.
- The permittee shall install, maintain, and operate fish screening and by-pass devices consistent with current Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW) standards. Fish screening is to prevent fish from entering the proposed diversion while by-pass devices provide adequate upstream and downstream passage for fish. The required screen and by-pass devices are to be in place and functional, and approved in writing by ODFW prior to diversion of any water. The permittee may submit evidence in writing that ODFW has determined screens and/or by-pass devices are not necessary.
- fishmay** Notwithstanding that ODFW has made a determination that fish screens and/or by-pass devices are not necessary at the time of permit issuance, the permittee may be required in the future to install, maintain, and operate fish screening and by-pass devices to prevent fish from entering the proposed diversion and to provide adequate upstream and downstream passage for fish.
- b52** Water may be diverted only when Department of Environmental Quality sediment standards are being met.
- b5** The water user shall install and maintain adequate treatment facilities meeting current DEQ requirements to remove sediment before returning the water to the stream.
- b51a** The period of use has been limited to \_\_\_\_\_ through \_\_\_\_\_.
- b57** Before water use may begin under this permit, a totalizing flow meter must be installed at each diversion point.
- b58** Before water use may begin under this permit, a staff gage that measures the entire range and stage between full reservoir level dead pool storage must be installed in the reservoir. The staff gage shall be United States Geological Survey style porcelain enamel iron staff gage style A, C, E or I. Additionally, before water use may begin under this permit, if the reservoir is located in channel then weirs or other suitable measuring devices must be installed upstream and downstream of the reservoir, and, a gated valve outlet must be installed. A written waiver may be obtained from the local Watermaster if in his judgment the installation of the weir(s) will provide no public benefit.
- fruitless call** The use of water allowed herein may be made only at times when waters from the (NAME OF SURFACE WATER) would not otherwise flow into a tributary of the \_\_\_\_\_ River or sufficient water is available to satisfy all prior rights, including rights for maintaining instream flows.
- riparian** If the riparian area is disturbed in the process of developing a point of diversion, the permittee shall be responsible for restoration and enhancement of such riparian area in accordance with ODFW's Fish and Wildlife Habitat Mitigation Policy OAR 635-415. For purposes of mitigation, the ODFW Fish and Wildlife Habitat Mitigation Goals and Standards, OAR 635-415, shall be followed.
- wq** The use may be restricted if the quality of the source stream or downstream waters decrease to the point that those waters no longer meet existing state or federal water quality standards due to reduced flows.
- fence** The stream and its adjacent riparian area shall be fenced to exclude livestock.
- blv** Water must be diverted to a trough or tank through an enclosed water delivery system. The delivery system must be equipped with an automatic shutoff or limiting flow control mechanism or include a means for returning water to the stream source through an enclosed delivery system. The use of water shall not exceed 0.10 cubic feet per second per 1000 head of livestock.

