WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

MEM	O							July	29	,20_	15		
TO:		Applio	cation 6	Z LL	-1665		_						
FROM	M:	GW:_	GW: M. Thoma (Reviewer's Name)										
SUBJ	ECT: S	cenic V	Vaterwa	ay Inter	rference	Evalu	ation						
	YES	The so	The source of appropriation is within or above a Scenic Waterway										
M	NO												
	YES	Use the	Use the Scenic Waterway condition (Condition 7J)										
Ø	NO												
	Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is able to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a Scenic Waterway. The calculated interference is distributed below.												
	Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is unable to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a scenic waterway; therefore, the Department is unable to find that there is a preponderance of evidence that the proposed use will measurably reduce the surface water flows necessary to maintain the free-flowing character of a scenic waterway.												
Calcula calcula	te the per	criteria i	of consum n 390.83.	nptive use 5, do not	e by mont t fill in t	h and fill he table to make	but chec	k the "ur	nable" op	tion abo	ve, thus		
Water	way by	-	owing a	mounts	express	e month ed as a	-				Scenic use by		
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec		
					- 1								

PUBLIC INTEREST REVIEW FOR GROUNDWATER APPLICATIONS TO: Water Rights Section Date ____ July 29, 2016 FROM: Groundwater Section Michael J Thoma Reviewer's Name SUBJECT: Application LL- 1665 Supersedes review of ____ Date of Review(s) PUBLIC INTEREST PRESUMPTION: GROUNDWATER OAR 690-310-130 (1) The Department shall presume that a proposed groundwater use will ensure the preservation of the public welfare, safety and health as described in ORS 537.525. Department staff review groundwater applications under OAR 690-310-140 to determine whether the presumption is established. OAR 690-310-140 allows the proposed use be modified or conditioned to meet the presumption criteria. This review is based upon available information and agency policies in place at the time of evaluation. A. GENERAL INFORMATION: Applicant's Name: Azalea Rojo LLC County: Linn Applicant(s) seek(s) <u>0.6</u> cfs from <u>1</u> well(s) in the <u>Willamette</u> A1. Basin. Calapooia R subbasin A2. Proposed use Establishment of vineyard (91 ac) Seasonality: March 1 – October 31 (244d) A3. Well and aquifer data (attach and number logs for existing wells; mark proposed wells as such under logid); Applicant's Proposed Location Location, metes and bounds, e.g. Well Logid Proposed Aquifer* Well# Rate(cfs) (T/R-S QQ-Q) 2250' N, 1200' E fr NW cor S 36 Proposed 1 1 Alluvium 0.6 14S/03W-12 NWNE 510'S, 2900' E of NW cor S12 2 3 * Alluvium, CRB, Bedrock Well First Well Seal Casing Liner Perforations Well Draw SWL **SWL** Test Well Elev Water Depth Interval Intervals Intervals Or Screens Yield Down ft bls Date Type ft msl ft bls (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (gpm) 5-15* 200-300 325 0-18 0-18 Use data from application for proposed wells

A 4.	Comments: *The applicant's POA is a proposed well with estimated depth provided on the application. SWL is estimated from what is reported on nearby well logs.									
A5. 🛛	management of groundwater hydraulically connected to surface water \square are, or \boxtimes are not, activated by this application. (Not all basin rules contain such provisions.) Comments: OAR 690-502-0110(1)(e) has restrictions on type of use of the Calapooia River and tributaries. In the event that									
A6. 🗌	Well(s) #,,, tap(s) an aquifer limited by an administrative restriction. Name of administrative area: Comments:									

Version: 04/20/2015

B. GROUNDWATER AVAILABILITY CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-310-130, 400-010, 410-0070

31.	Bas	Based upon available data, I have determined that groundwater* for the proposed use:											
	a.	is over appropriated, ☐ is not over appropriated, or ☒ cannot be determined to be over appropriated during any period of the proposed use. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the over-appropriation determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;											
	b.	will not or will likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the injury determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;											
	c.	\square will not or \square will likely to be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource; or											
	d.	will, if properly conditioned, avoid injury to existing groundwater rights or to the groundwater resource: i. The permit should contain condition #(s) 7N (annual SWL reporting); Large Water-use Reporting ii. The permit should be conditioned as indicated in item 2 below. iii. The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in item 3 below;											
32.	a.	Condition to allow groundwater production from no deeper than ft. below land surface;											
	b.	Condition to allow groundwater production from no shallower than ft. below land surface;											
	c.	Condition to allow groundwater production only from the groundwater reservoir between approximately ft. and ft. below land surface;											
	d.	■ Well reconstruction is necessary to accomplish one or more of the above conditions. The problems that are likely to occur with this use and without reconstructing are cited below. Without reconstruction, I recommend withholding issuance of the permit until evidence of well reconstruction is filed with the Department and approved by the Groundwater Section.											
		Describe injury -as related to water availability- that is likely to occur without well reconstruction (interference w/ senior water rights, not within the capacity of the resource, etc):											
33.	sys SW rep ass	oundwater availability remarks: There are SWL data from wells in the area and producing from the same aquifer tem but the majority of data are suspect and should not be considered necessarily accurate. However, it is likely that /Ls in the proposed alluvial aquifer are shallow and closely tied to surface water as the majority of well logs in the area out SWL between 5 and 15 fl bls. There are several groundwater POAs in the vicinity of the proposed POA but with an umed high K and high storativity aquifer system (owing the its alluvial composition) it is unlikely that injury to existing undwater rights will occur.											

C. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-09-040

C1.	690-09-040	(1):	Evaluation	of	aquifer	confinement:
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Well	Aquifer or Proposed Aquifer	Confined	Unconfined
1	Alluvium		

Date: 7/29/16

Basis for aquifer confinement evaluation: <u>Driller's logs for wells in the area generally report 50 to > 100 ft of alluvial material – primarily clay with sand/gravel – overlaying claystone bedrock. These layers of fine and coarse sediments likely create a semi-confined aquifer system with confinement increasing with depth.</u>

C2. **690-09-040** (2) (3): Evaluation of distance to, and hydraulic connection with, surface water sources. All wells located a horizontal distance less than ¼ mile from a surface water source that produce water from an unconfined aquifer shall be assumed to be hydraulically connected to the surface water source. Include in this table any streams located beyond one mile that are evaluated for PSI.

Well	SW #	Surface Water Name	GW Elev ft msl	SW Elev ft msl	Distance (ft)	Hydraulically Connected? YES NO ASSUMED	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed? YES NO
1	1	Courtney Cr	~310	310-325	1660		
1	2	Calapooia R	~310	315-325	6320		

Basis for aquifer hydraulic connection evaluation: <u>GW elevations in the area are near or above SW elevations, implying that groundwater and surface water are strongly connected.</u>

Water Availability Basin the well(s) are located within: Calapooia R > Willamette R - AB Mouth (ID# 76)

C3a. 690-09-040 (4): Evaluation of stream impacts for <u>each well</u> that has been determined or assumed to be **hydraulically** connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water source. Limit evaluation to instream rights and minimum stream flows that are pertinent to that surface water source, and not lower SW sources to which the stream under evaluation is tributary. Compare the requested rate against the 1% of 80% natural flow for the pertinent Water Availability Basin (WAB). If Q is not distributed by well, use full rate for each well. Any checked box indicates the well is assumed to have the potential to cause PSI.

Well	SW #	Well < 1/4 mile?	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw> 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
1	1			NA	NA		22.7		< 1%	\boxtimes

Comments: Interference with Courtney Cr. was estimated using the Hunt (2003) stream-depletion model. Result are very low given, primarily, the stream width and thickness of low-conductivity fine-grained layers near the surface and below the creek.

C3b. **690-09-040 (4):** Evaluation of stream impacts by total appropriation for all wells determined or assumed to be hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water source. Complete only if Q is distributed among wells. Otherwise same evaluation and limitations apply as in C3a above.

SW #	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?

Comments:				

Date: 7/29/16

C4a. **690-09-040 (5):** Estimated impacts on **hydraulically connected surface water sources greater than one mile** as a percentage of the proposed pumping rate. Limit evaluation to the effects that will occur up to one year after pumping begins. This table encompasses the considerations required by 09-040 (5)(a), (b), (c) and (d), which are not included on this form. Use additional sheets if calculated flows from more than one WAB are required.

Non-Di	istributed	Wells		· · · · · · ·						·			
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1	2	%	%	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 1 %	%	9
Well Q	as CFS			0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6		
Interfer	ence CFS			< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.0
Distrib	uted Well	ls											
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	9
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfer	ence CFS												
$(A) = T_0$	otal Interf.			< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
(B) = 80	% Nat. Q	592	650	575	423	234	111	46	26	22.7	29.6	133	499
(C) = 1	% Nat. Q	5.92	6.50	5.75	4.23	2.34	1.11	0.46	0.26	0.23	0.30	1.33	4.99
(D) = ((A) > (C)												
(E) = (A)	/B) x 100	%	%	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 1 %

(A) = total interference as CFS; (B) = WAB calculated natural flow at 80% exceed, as CFS; (C) = 1% of calculated natural flow at 80% exceed, as CFS; (D) = highlight the checkmark for each month where (A) is greater than (C); (E) = total interference divided by 80% flow as percentage.

Basis for impact evaluation:

Interference with the Calapooia River was not directly modeled but based on results of estimating stream-depletion with Courtney Cr (see Section C3a) interference will be < 1 % of the pumping rate (i.e., < 0.006 cfs) which is < 1% of the 80%-exceedance flows in the Calapooia River in all months.

- C4b. 690-09-040 (5) (b) The potential to impair or detrimentally affect the public interest is to be determined by the Water Rights Section.
- C5. If properly conditioned, the surface water source(s) can be adequately protected from interference, and/or groundwater use under this permit can be regulated if it is found to substantially interfere with surface water:

 i. The permit should contain condition #(s)
 - ii. The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in "Remarks" below;
- C6. SW / GW Remarks and Conditions: The applicant's proposed POA would be producing from an aquifer system that has been found to be hydraulically connected to Courtney Cr and the Calapooia River. The location of the proposed POA is < 1 mile from Courtney Cr and the rate requested is > 1% of the minimum 80%-exceedance flows in the river so OAR 690-009 requires the Department to assume that the proposed use will have the potential for substantial interference (PSI) with Courtney Cr. Although Courtney Cr is mapped as a partially intermittent stream on USGS topographic maps, the local Watermaster regulates on the creek annually and has expressed concerns that additional appropriation of hydraulically-connected groundwater could exacerbate problems within Courtney Cr. Hydraulic connection with the Calapooia River is note efficient enough to rise to the level of PSI.

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References Used:

Gannet, M. W. and R. R. Caldwell. 1998. Geologic Framework of the Willamette Lowland Aquifer System, Oregon and Washington. USGS Professional Paper 1424-A.

Hunt, B. 2003. *Unsteady Stream Depletion when Pumping from a Semiconfined Aquifer*. Journal of Hydrologic Engineering. Vol 8(1), pp 12-19

O'Conner, J. E., A. Sarna-Wojcicki, K. C. Wozniak, D. J. Polette, and R. J. Fleck. *Origin, Extent, and Thickness of Quaternary Geologic Units in the Willamette Valley, Oregon.* USGS Professional Paper 1620

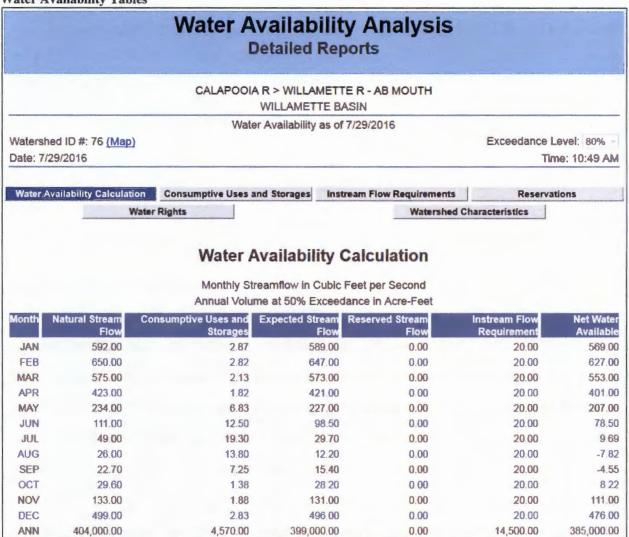
Woodward, D. G., M. W. Gannett, and J. J. Vaccaro. 1998. *Hydrogeologic Framework of the Willamette Lowland Aquifer System, Oregon and Washington*. USGS Professional Paper 1424-B.

D. WELL CONSTRUCTION, OAR 690-200

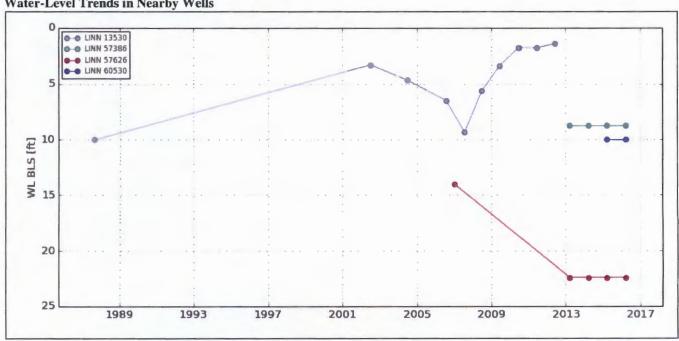
D1.	Well #: _	Logid:	_
D2.	a.	ELL does not appear to meet current well construction standards based upon: review of the well log; field inspection by report of CWRE other: (specify)	_;
D3.		ELL construction deficiency or other comment is described as follows:	
D4. [Route to	o the Well Construction and Compliance Section for a review of existing well construction.	_

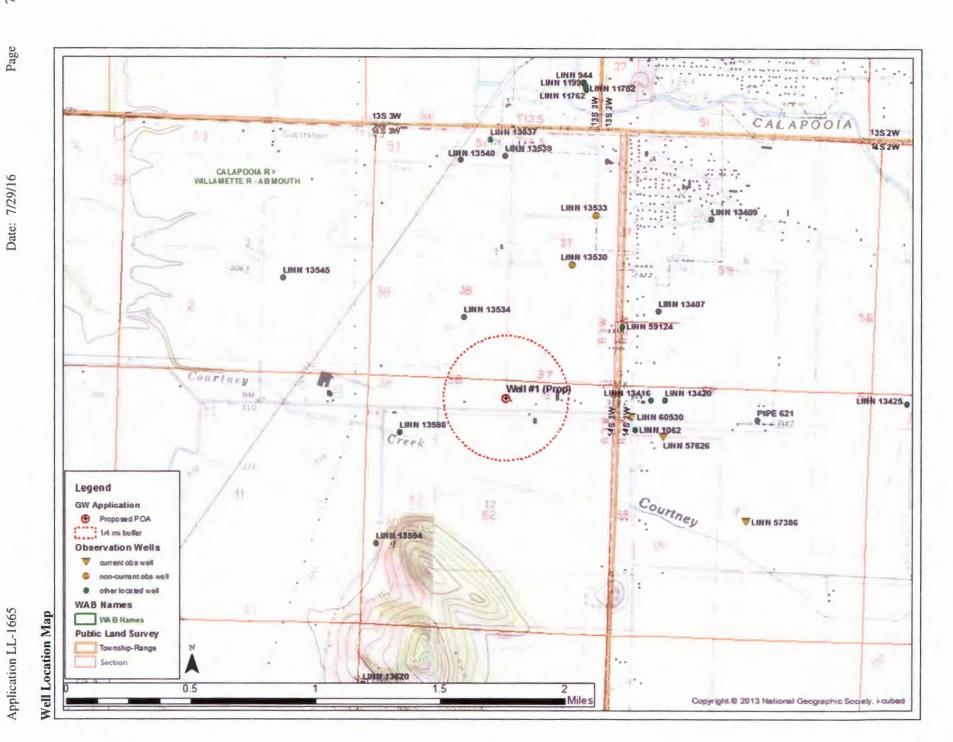
Date: 7/29/16

Water Availability Tables



Water-Level Trends in Nearby Wells





Date: 7/29/16

Stream-depletion Model Results

