DEQ DIVISION 33 APPLICATION REVIEW SHEET

Recommendations for Water Right Applications that may affect the Habitat of Sensitive, Threatened or Endangered Fish Species, OAR 690-33-310 through 340.

Application #: G-18212 Applicant's Name: Bill Riley	
1) Is there a connection to a 303(d) listed water quality limited water body? NO YES	
Explain: The applicant proposes to withdraw .23 cfs from March 1 st to October 31 st each year from a well that is hydraulically connected to the Deschutes River. The Deschutes River, in the vicinity of the well is listed for dissolved oxygen (January 1 st to May 1 temperature (year round), pH (year round), and flow modification (year round). The Deschutes is also listed as a potential concern for phosphate phosphorous (summer) and biological criteria (year round).	
2) What is the potential for this use to impact a water quality limited water body: HIGH MEDIUM LOW	
Explain: OWRD has determined that the well is hydraulically connected to the Deschutes River.	
3) If the answer to question (2) is HIGH or MEDIUM, will the proposed use still result in diminution of water quality for the habitat of sensitive, threatened, or endangered fish species? NO XYES	ıf
If YES, how?	
Temperature – Stream Oregon's stream temperature standards are based on the life cycle needs of salmonids. Stream temperatures that exceed the standards disrupt the life cycle of a sensitive, threatened, or endangered fish species and may even cause death. Temperatures are already known exceed standards in the Deschutes River. Further withdrawals from the stream will reduce the stream's heat capacity and cause greate fluctuation in daytime and nighttime stream temperatures. This will result in the diminution of habitat of sensitive, threatened, or endangered fish species.	ı to
Dissolved Oxygen Fish and other aquatic organisms require different concentrations of dissolved oxygen based on their species and life history stage. Oregon's dissolved oxygen standards are based on the most sensitive species and life history stage at the location and season of conce Dissolved oxygen levels are affected by temperature, flow, nutrient loading, algae growth, and other factors. If dissolved oxygen drop low enough levels, it can result in fish kills. In waterbodies where dissolved oxygen concentrations are known to be insufficient for the habitat of sensitive, threatened, and endangered fish, any additional reduction in dissolved oxygen concentrations would result in the diminution of habitat.	s to
Withdrawals from the stream will reduce the stream's heat capacity and cause greater fluctuation in daytime and nighttime stream temperatures. When nutrients and sunlight are sufficiently present, higher stream temperatures lead to more algal growth. During the calgae absorb carbon dioxide from the water for cell growth, raising pH. At night, photosynthesis stops and algae continue to respire, releasing carbon dioxide and lowering pH. This cycle creates diel fluctuations in pH. Additional withdrawals from a stream that is already for pH will lead to larger diel fluctuations in pH. Fish and aquatic insects are sensitive to imbalances in pH. Low pH levels (below 5) may lead to death and high pH levels (9-14) can harm fish by denaturing cellular membranes. These pH imbalances result in diminution of the habitat of sensitive, threatened, or endangered fish species.	ady
4) Can conditions be applied to mitigate the impact of the use?	
☐ NO ☑ YES; recommend from Menu of Conditions and skip to question 7.	
OWRD has determined that the proposed use is not allowable unless the applicant satisfies a mitigation obligation 32.4 AF in mitigation credits the Middle Deschutes Zone of Impact. DEQ also recommends that this mitigation obligation be a condition of use. Should the facts of the application change, DEQ should be given the opportunity to submit an updated review.	
5) If conditions cannot be identified to offset impacts, would the proposed use affect the Habitat of Sensitive, Threatened, or Endange Fish Species?	red
If YES, please explain:	

6) If a permit is issued, are there any conditions you would like to see included in the permit?

7) Your recomm	endation under OAR 690-033-0330 (2):	Approval with conditions Approval without conditions Denial
DEQ Representa	ative signature:	Date: 9/2/2016
WRD Contact:	Caseworker: Elisabeth Graham, Water Rig	thts Division, 503-986-0900 / Fax 503-986-0901

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MENU OF CONDITIONS FOR WRD, ODFW, DEO AND AG

The following condition will be included in any permit issued unless ODFW explicitly requests that it be omitted:

The permittee shall not construct, operate or maintain any dam or artificial obstruction to fish passage in the channel of the subject stream without providing a fishway to ensure adequate upstream and downstream passage for fish, unless the permittee has requested and been granted a fish passage waiver or exemption through the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife. The permittee is hereby directed to contact an Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife Fish Passage Coordinator before beginning construction of any in-channel obstruction.

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The permittee shall install, maintain, and operate fish screening and by-pass devices consistent with current Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW) standards. Fish screening is to prevent fish from entering the proposed diversion while by-pass devices provide adequate upstream and downstream passage for fish. The required screen and by-pass devices are to be in place and functional prior to diversion of any water. Permittee shall obtain written approval from ODFW that the installation of the required screen and by-pass devices meets the state's criteria or the permittee shall submit documentation that ODFW has determined screens and/or by-pass devices are not necessary.

fishapprove The permittee shall install, maintain, and operate fish screening and by-pass devices consistent with current Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW) standards. Fish screening is to prevent fish from entering the proposed diversion while by-pass devices provide adequate upstream and downstream passage for fish. The required screen and by-pass devices are to be in place and functional, and approved in writing by ODFW prior to diversion of any water. The permittee may submit evidence in writing that ODFW has determined screens and/or by-pass devices are not necessary.

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If the riparian area is disturbed in the process of developing a point of diversion, the permittee shall be responsible for restoration and enhancement of such riparian area in accordance with ODFW's Fish and Wildlife Habitat Mitigation Policy OAR 635-415. For purposes of mitigation, the ODFW Fish and Wildlife Habitat Mitigation Goals and Standards, OAR 635-415, shall be followed.

The use may be restricted if the quality of the source stream or downstream waters decrease to the point that those waters no longer meet existing state or federal water quality standards due to reduced flows.

The permittee shall install, maintain, and operate fish screening and by-pass devices consistent with current Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW) standards. Fish screening is to prevent fish from entering the proposed diversion while by-pass devices provide adequate upstream and downstream passage for fish. The required screen and by-pass devices are to be in place and functional, and approved in writing by ODFW prior to diversion of any water. The permittee may submit evidence in writing that ODFW has determined screens and/or by-pass devices are not necessary.

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Not withstanding that ODFW has made a determination that fish screens and/or by-pass devices are not necessary at the time of permit issuance, the permittee may be required in the future to install, maintain, and operate fish screening and by-pass devices to prevent fish from entering the proposed diversion and to provide adequate upstream and downstream passage for fish.

b52 Water may be diverted only when Department of Environmental Quality sediment standards are being met.

b5 The water user shall install and maintain adequate treatment facilities meeting current DEQ requirements to remove sediment before returning the water to the stream.

b51a The period of use has been limited to through

b57 Before water use may begin under this permit, a totalizing flow meter must be installed at each diversion point.

Before water use may begin under this permit, a staff gage that measures the entire range and stage between full reservoir level dead pool storage must be installed in the reservoir. The staff gage shall be United States Geological Survey style porcelain enamel iron staff gage style A, C, E or I. Additionally, before water use may begin under this permit, if the reservoir is located in channel then weirs or other suitable measuring devices must be installed upstream and downstream of the reservoir, and, a gated valve outlet must be installed. A written waiver may be obtained from the local Watermaster if in his judgment the installation of the weir(s) will provide no public benefit.

futile call The use of water allowed herein may be made only at times when waters from the (NAME OF SURFACE WATER) would not otherwise flow into a tributary of the _____ River or sufficient water is available to satisfy all prior rights, including rights for maintaining instream flows.

riparian If the riparian area is disturbed in the process of developing a point of diversion, the permittee shall be responsible for restoration and enhancement of such riparian area in accordance with ODFW's Fish and Wildlife Habitat Mitigation Policy OAR 635-415. For purposes of mitigation, the ODFW Fish and Wildlife Habitat Mitigation Goals and Standards, OAR 635-415, shall be followed.

The use may be restricted if the quality of the source stream or downstream waters decrease to the point that those waters no longer meet existing state or federal water quality standards due to reduced flows.

The stream and its adjacent riparian area shall be fenced to exclude livestock.

Water must be diverted to a trough or tank through an enclosed water delivery system. The delivery system must be equipped with an automatic shutoff or limiting flow control mechanism or include a means for returning water to the stream source through an enclosed delivery system. The use of water shall not exceed 0.10 cubic feet per second per 1000 head of livestock.

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