Groundwater Application Review Summary Form

Application # G- 1835 8	
GW Reviewer J. Woods	Date Review Completed: 1-3-2018
Summary of GW Availability and Injury Review:	
[] Groundwater for the proposed use is either over amounts requested without injury to prior water right capacity of the groundwater resource per Section B (hts, OR will not likely be available within the
Summary of Potential for Substantial Interference F	Review:
[] There is the potential for substantial interference	per Section C of the attached review form.
Summary of Well Construction Assessment:	
[] The well does not appear to meet current well coreview form. Route through Well Construction and Constru	
This is only a summary. Documentation is attached a basis for determinations and for conditions that may	

WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT .20/8 **MEMO** Application G- 1855 8 TO: GW: J. Woody FROM: **SUBJECT: Scenic Waterway Interference Evaluation** YES The source of appropriation is within or above a Scenic Waterway NO YES Use the Scenic Waterway condition (Condition 7J) NO Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is able to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a Scenic Waterway. The calculated interference is distributed below. П Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is unable to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a scenic waterway; therefore, the Department is unable to find that there is a preponderance of evidence that the proposed use will measurably reduce the surface water flows necessary to maintain the free-flowing character of a scenic waterway. DISTRIBUTION OF INTERFERENCE Calculate the percentage of consumptive use by month and fill in the table below. If interference cannot be calculated, per criteria in 390.835, do not fill in the table but check the "unable" option above, thus informing Water Rights that the Department is unable to make a Preponderance of Evidence finding. Exercise of this permit is calculated to reduce monthly flows in ______ Scenic Waterway by the following amounts expressed as a proportion of the consumptive use by which surface water flow is reduced.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

PUBLIC INTEREST REVIEW FOR GROUNDWATER APPLICATIONS

TO: FROM			Rights Se			Jen W	oody	Date	e1	/3/2018			
SUBJE			cation G- 1			Revi	ewer's Name	review of <u>n/a</u>	ı	Date	e of Rev	riew(s)	
OAR 69 welfare, to determ the pres	90-310-1 safety armine who umption	30 (1) 7 and healt ether the criteria.	th as describ e presumptio	nent shall p ped in ORS on is establ w is based	resume that 537.525. D ished. OAR upon avail	a proposi epartment 690-310- able infor	ed groundy t staff revie 140 allows r mation ar	water use will of the groundwater is the proposed and agency policy.	r applicati use be mo cies in pla	ons undedified or ace at the	er OAF condi e time	R 690-31 tioned to of evalu	0-140 meet ation.
A1.			ek(s) <u>0.12</u> Willamette					Willamette					_Basin,
A2.								March 1- Octo		such und	ler log	rid):	
Well 1 2 3 4	Logic	d	Applicant's Well #	Propos	ed Aquifer*	Proposed Location			-Q)	Location, metes and bounds, e 2250' N, 1200' E fr NW cor S 3			or S 36
5 * Alluviu	ım, CRB,	Bedrock	ζ.		,								
Well 1	Well Elev ft msl 820	First Water ft bls	SWL ft bls	SWL Date	Well Depth (ft) 550	Seal Interval (ft) 0-300	Casing Intervals (ft) 0-300	Liner Intervals (ft)	Perforati Or Scre (ft)	ens Y	Well Yield gpm)	Draw Down (ft)	Test Type
Use data			for proposed		calt Group (CDDC) m	nay ba lass	than 550 feet t	high at thi	alaastia	n Saa		tain
A4.	Section		ne Columbi	a Kivei Da	san Group (CKBG) II	lay be less	than 550 feet t	mek at un	s location	II. See	Commen	<u>ts III</u>
A5. 🗌	manage (Not all Comme	ment of basin r ents: <u>69</u>	groundwate ules contain 0-502-0240 Columbia Ri	er hydrauli such provi classifies u ver Basalt	cally connections.) use from unc	cted to sur confined a BG), so th	rface water alluvial aqu is rule is no	rules relative t are, or uifers. This apot activated.	are not,	activated	d by th	is applica	ation.
A6. 🗌	Name o	of admin	istrative are	a:				tap(s) an aquifo					triction.

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. GROUNDWATER AVAILABILITY	Y CONSIDERATIONS.	OAR 690-310-130.	400-010,	410-0070
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base	ed upon available data, I have determined that groundwater* for the proposed use:
a.	is over appropriated, is not over appropriated, or cannot be determined to be over appropriated during any period of the proposed use. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the over-appropriation determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
b.	□ will not or □ will likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the injury determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
c.	\square will not or \square will likely to be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource; or
d.	will, if properly conditioned, avoid injury to existing groundwater rights or to the groundwater resource: i. The permit should contain condition #(s)7i, 7t, Large Water Use Reporting Condition; ii. The permit should be conditioned as indicated in item 2 below. iii. The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in item 3 below;
a.	Condition to allow groundwater production from no deeper than ft. below land surface;
b.	Condition to allow groundwater production from no shallower than ft. below land surface;
c. betw	Condition to allow groundwater production only from the a single aquifer in the Columbia River Basalt Group groundwater reservoir reen approximately ft. and ft. below land surface;
d.	Well reconstruction is necessary to accomplish one or more of the above conditions. The problems that are likely to occur with this use and without reconstructing are cited below. Without reconstruction, I recommend withholding issuance of the permit until evidence of well reconstruction is filed with the Department and approved by the Groundwater Section. Describe injury —as related to water availability—that is likely to occur without well reconstruction (interference w/ senior water rights, not within the capacity of the resource, etc):
The Columbia at the layer are comost thin little	applicant's well will produce from one or more water-bearing zones in the Grande Ronde Basalt Formation of the imbia River Basalt Group (CRBG), a series of lava flows with a composite thickness that ranges from 300 to 400 feet in area (Conlon et al., 2005). Each basalt flow is characterized by a series of internal features, including a thin rubble zone e contact between flows and a thick, dense, low porosity and low permeability interior zone. In some cases, sedimentary is were deposited during the time between basalt flow emplacements. A flow top, sedimentary interbed and flow bottom collectively referred to as an interflow zone. Unconfined groundwater occurs near the weathered top of the basalts, but it water occurs in interflow zones at the contacts between lava flows. CRBG flow features result in a series of stacked, aquifers that are confined by dense flow interiors. The low permeability of the basalt flow interiors usually results in connection between stacked aquifers, which generally results in tabular aquifers with unique water level heads. These lar aquifers typically have high transmissivity and low storativity, making them vulnerable to long-term declines (Reidel
	a. b. c. d. b. c. betw d. Grow The Colu this a at the layer are c most thin little

Constructing a well that is open to multiple water-bearing zones with distinct water level heads commingles multiple aquifers. When the pump is off, water migrates through the well bore from an aquifer of higher pressure to an aquifer of

Annliga	tion G-1	18558				Dat	e: 1/03/2018		Page	3
чррпса	lower	pressur	re. Over time, this can depressurize e specified to protect the resource a			erbates water		Well cons		5
	current relative	t use. 'ely low	ata (see Figure 3) show basalt wells. The requested rate (0.12 cfs) and to 7. This magnitude of development ster level decline.	tal annual	volume (0.	45 acre-feet/	year, 10 gallons	per grape	vine) are	<u>or</u>
			ER/SURFACE WATER CON Evaluation of aquifer confinement:		TIONS, C	OAR 690-0	9-040			
]	Well	(1).	Aquifer or Proposed Ac	quifer		C	Confined	Ţ	Inconfined	
	1		Columbia River Basalt	Group						
			er confinement evaluation: Nearl bearing zone, indicating a confined		s in the CI	RBG show st	atic water levels	that rise a	above the	_
	horizon assume	tal dist	(3): Evaluation of distance to, and ance less than ¼ mile from a surfact hydraulically connected to the surfacted for PSI.	e water so	urce that p	roduce water	from an unconf	ined aquit	fer shall be	,
	Well	SW #	Surface Water Name	GW Elev ft msl	SW Elev ft msl	Distance (ft)	Hydraulica Connecte YES NO AS	ed?	d? Subst. Interfer.	
	1	1	Harvey Creek	520	520	1740				

Well	SW #	Surface Water Name	GW Elev ft msl	SW Elev ft msl	Distance (ft)	Hydraulically Connected? YES NO ASSUMED	Subst. Inte	erfer. d?
1	1	Harvey Creek	520	520	1740		YES	NO

Basis for aquifer hydraulic connection evaluation: Nearby creeks have incised through hundreds of feet of basalt. The POA is proposed with a seal from 0-300 feet below land surface. Therefore, the potential for hydraulic connection is examined at the elevation of the top of that open interval. The open interval is coincident with or above perennial reaches of Harvey Creek within one mile, indicating hydraulic connection. Groundwater from the uplands likely discharges to surface water, providing baseflow or spring flow to sustain nearby perennial reaches of the creeks.

Water Availability Basin the well(s) are located within: Watershed ID #: 182 WILLAMETTE R > COLUMBIA R - AB MOLALLA R

C3a. 690-09-040 (4): Evaluation of stream impacts for each well that has been determined or assumed to be hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water source. Limit evaluation to instream rights and minimum stream flows that are pertinent to that surface water source, and not lower SW sources to which the stream under evaluation is tributary. Compare the requested rate against the 1% of 80% natural flow for the pertinent Water Availability Basin (WAB). If Q is not

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distributed by well, use full rate for each well. Any checked \(\subseteq \text{box indicates the well is assumed to have the potential to cause PSI.

Well	SW #	Well < 1/4 mile?	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
1	1			n/a	n/a		3830		*	

C3b. 690-09-040 (4): Evaluation of stream impacts by total appropriation for all wells determined or assumed to be hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water source. Complete only if Q is distributed among wells. Otherwise same evaluation and limitations apply as in C3a above.

SW #	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
					-			

Comments: * Interference at 30 days could not be estimated because the terrain (high-relief slopes) and geology (tabular
basalt aquifer) do not meet model assumptions of the widely accepted technique for determining stream depletion (i.e. Hunt
<u>1999, 2003).</u>

C4a. 690-09-040 (5): Estimated impacts on hydraulically connected surface water sources greater than one mile as a percentage of the proposed pumping rate. Limit evaluation to the effects that will occur up to one year after pumping begins. This table encompasses the considerations required by 09-040 (5)(a), (b), (c) and (d), which are not included on this form. Use additional sheets if calculated flows from more than one WAB are required.

Non-Di	istributed	Wells											
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfere	ence CFS									ii .			
Distrib	uted Well	S			a se sense								
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfere	ence CFS												
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfere	ence CFS												
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfere	ence CFS												
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfere	ence CFS												
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfere	ence CFS												
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%

Well Q as CFS

(A) = Total Interf.												
(B) = $80 \% \text{ Nat. } Q$												
(C) = 1 % Nat. Q												
(D) = (A) > (C)	7	V	V	V	V	V		√	V	V	-	√
$(E) = (A / B) \times 100$	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
(A) = total interference CFS; (D) = highlight Basis for imp	the check	kmark for e	ach month									
C4b. 690-09-040 Rights S C5. If properly under this i	y conditions or the permit permit can be the permit or the permit permit or the permit	ioned, the in be regu rmit shoul	surface w lated if it d contain d contain	vater source is found to condition	ce(s) can loo substant	pe adequa	tely protec	cted from surface w	interferen ater:			

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D. WELL CONSTRUCTION, OAR 690-200

D1.	Well #:	Logid:							
D2.	-	THE WELL does not appear to meet current well construction standards based upon: a. review of the well log;							
	b field insp	ection by	;						
	c. report of	CWRE	;						
	d. other: (sp	ecify)							
D3.		truction deficiency or other comment is described as foll							
D4. [Route to the Wel	Construction and Compliance Section for a review of e	xisting well construction.						

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Figure 1. Water Availability Tables

Water Availability Analysis

Detailed Reports

WILLAMETTE R > COLUMBIA R - AB MOLALLA R WILLAMETTE BASIN

Water Availability as of 1/2/2018

Watershed ID #: 182 (Map)

Exceedance Level:80%

Date: 1/2/2018 Time: 2:17 PM

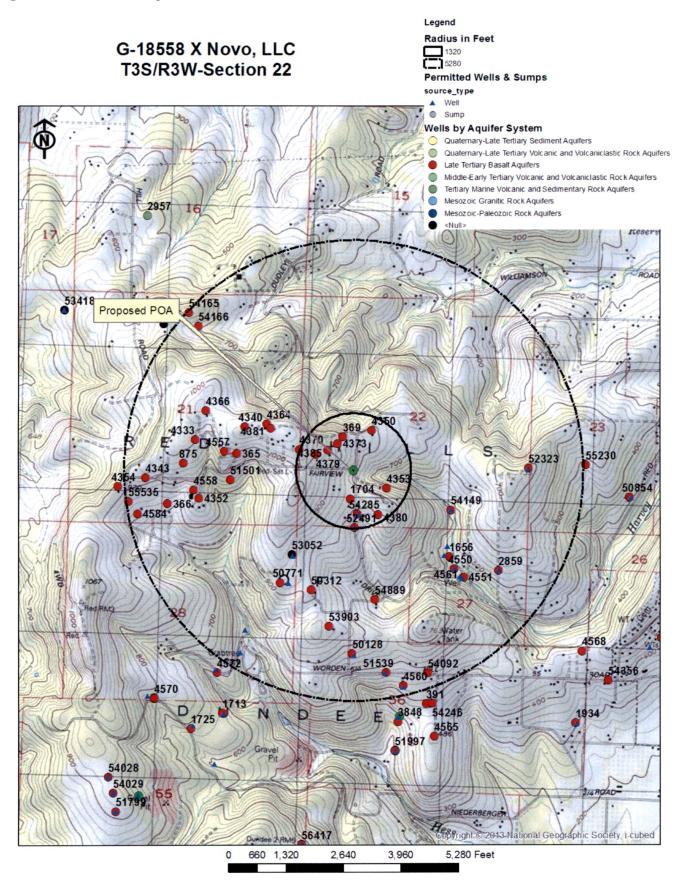
Water Availability Calculation

Monthly Streamflow in Cubic Feet per Second Annual Volume at 50% Exceedance in Acre-Feet

Month	Natural Stream Flow	Consumptive Uses and Storages	Expected Stream Flow	Reserved Stream Flow	Instream Flow Requirement	Net Water Available
JAN	21,400.00	2,290.00	19,100.00	0.00	1,500.00	17,600.00
FEB	23,200.00	7,470.00	15,700.00	0.00	1,500.00	14,200.00
MAR	22,400.00	7,250.00	15,100.00	0.00	1,500.00	13,600.00
APR	19,900.00	6,910.00	13,000.00	0.00	1,500.00	11,500.00
MAY	16,600.00	4,230.00	12,400.00	0.00	1,500.00	10,900.00
JUN	8,740.00	1,970.00	6,770.00	0.00	1,500.00	5,270.00
JUL	4,980.00	1,800.00	3,180.00	0.00	1,500.00	1,680.00
AUG	3,830.00	1,640.00	2,190.00	0.00	1,500.00	686.00
SEP	3,890.00	1,390.00	2,500.00	0.00	1,500.00	998.00
OCT	4,850.00	747.00	4,100.00	0.00	1,500.00	2,600.00
NOV	10,200.00	880.00	9,320.00	0.00	1,500.00	7,820.00
DEC	19,300.00	963.00	18,300.00	0.00	1,500.00	16,800.00
ANN	15,200,000.00	2,250,000.00	13,000,000.00	0.00	1,090,000.00	11,900,000.00

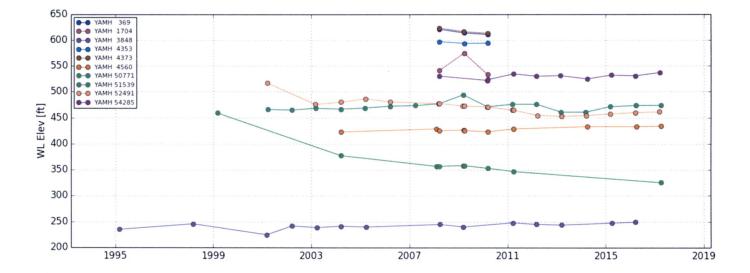
Date: 1/03/2018

Figure 2. Well Location Map



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Figure 3. Water-Level Trends in Nearby Wells. Static water levels in nearby basalt wells are relatively stable over the period of record. YAMH 51539 shows an anomalously shallow water level in 1999, but the data quality of this point is unknown because it was reported by a pump installer. Since no other nearly basalt wells show similar trends, this review finds that the resource is reasonably stable at the proposed site.



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