M	ЕМО							24/0	1	, 20	0_4		
	O' - COM BJECT	G	W: _	on G	er's Name)	20	— — Evalua	ition					
	Yes No		e source	e of app	ropriatio	on is wi	thin or	above a	Scenic	Waterv	way		
	Yes No		e the Sc	enic Wa	aterway	conditio	on (Cor	ndition ?	7J).				
PRI	EPOND	At evic surf	this time dence the face was	nat the	Departm propos s neces	ent is u ed use sary to	nable of gro mainta	to find ound wa	that the	ere is a ll meas	prepon surably aracter	e) Iderance reduce of a sce	the
Exe Wat	rcise of erway b ace wate	this per y the fe	mit is collowin	alculate	ed to rec	luce mo	nthly f	ows in				checked) Scene by whi	nio
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	

PUBLIC INTEREST REVIEW FOR GROUND WATER APPLICATIONS

O:		Water	r Rights Se	ection				Date	e April 1.	2004		
ROM		Grour	nd Water/I	Hydrology	Section _	Ivan	Gall	76 B				
UBJE	СТ		cation G			Revi	ewer's Name	view of	na			
ODJL	CI.	Аррп	cation G-	10170		Su	persedes re	view oi	- Alu	Date of Re	view(s)	
AR 69 elfare, deteri	90-310-1 safety armine whe	30 (1) 7 and healt ether the	The Departi th as descri e presumpti	bed in ORS on is establi	resume the 537.525. shed. OA	at a propos Departmen R 690-310-	t staff review 140 allows t	ground water he proposed	ensure the pre- er applications use be modifie cies in place a	under OA d or condi	R 690-3 tioned to	10-140 meet
. GEI	NERAL	INFO	RMATIC	<u>)N</u> : A ₁	pplicant's	Name:	Leslie Rus	shing	-	County:	Jackso	n
1.	Applica	nt(s) se	ek(s)	cfs from	n <u>one</u>	well	(s) in the	Rogue				_ Basin
		Sterling	Creek	- × ×		subb	asin Qu	ad Map: St	terling Creek			
2.	Propose	ed use: _	Irri	gation of 3.	1 acres	Seas	sonality:	April 1 to	October 31	1		
3.	Well an	d aquife	er data (att	ach and nu	mber logs	for existin	ig wells; ma	rk proposed	wells as such	under log	gid):	
Vell	Log	id	Applicant Well #		oposed juifer*	Propos Rate(c		Location /R-S QQ-Q)		on, metes N, 1200' E		
	JACK 1	6893	1		drock	0.022		S-02W-29cd		S, 1,040' V		
2												
4				-		-						
	ım, CRB,	Bedrock										
Well	Well Elev	First Water	. SWL	SWL Date	Well Depth (ft)	Seal Interval (ft)	Casing Intervals (ft)	Liner Intervals (ft)	Perforations Or Screens (ft)	Well Yield	Draw Down (ft)	Test Type
1	ft msl 3020	ft bls 142	20	5-7-1980	244	unk	unk	-1 - 244	-1 - 244	(gpm) 35	164	Air
								4				100
				00								
se data	from app	lication i	for proposed	wells.								
4. vailabl			casing and	seal depths				and a	ne original log,			
		1										
				12								
5. 🛛	(Not all	basin r	ules contain See OAR	n such provi	sions.)				o the developn are not, active om the Little			
		1						1:				. 199
.6. 🗌	Well(s)	#	,	,	,	,	,, ta	p(s) an aquif	er limited by a	n adminis	trative re	striction

Version: 08/15/2003

catio	on C	G- <u>16190</u> continued Date April 1, 200
RO	UN	ID WATER AVAILABILITY CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-310-130, 400-010, 410-0070
ī	Race	ed upon available data, I have determined that ground water* for the proposed use:
•	Dasi	ted upon available data, I have determined that ground water for the proposed use.
a	ı.	is over appropriated, is not over appropriated, or is cannot be determined to be over appropriated during period of the proposed use. * This finding is limited to the ground water portion of the over-appropriation determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
b	Э.	will not or will likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights. * This find is limited to the ground water portion of the injury determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
C	С.	\square will not or \square will likely to be available within the capacity of the ground water resource; or
d	1.	will, if properly conditioned, avoid injury to existing ground water rights or to the ground water resource: i. The permit should contain condition #(s)
a	1.	Condition to allow ground water production from no deeper than ft. below land surface;
b	Э.	Condition to allow ground water production from no shallower than ft. below land surface;
C	с.	Condition to allow ground water production only from the water reservoir between approximately ft. and ft. below land surface;
C	d.	 ■ Well reconstruction is necessary to accomplish one or more of the above conditions. The problems that are like occur with this use and without reconstructing are cited below. Without reconstruction, I recommend withholding issuance of the permit until evidence of well reconstruction is filed with the Department and approved by the Grew Water Section. ■ Describe injury —as related to water availability—that is likely to occur without well reconstruction (interference senior water rights, not within the capacity of the resource, etc):
		semor water rights, not within the capacity of the resource, etc).
(Gro	ound water availability remarks: * Require applicant to install a properly functioning, totalizing flow meter.
7	The	subject well is completed in a fractured bedrock aquifer. I have no aquifer property or water level data for this area.
I	Alth	nough the casing and seal depth are unknown, it is unlikely that there is a shallow, alluvial aquifer at this location that
		ld be impacted by pumping the deeper fractured system. Nearby well logs indicate that groundwater occurs in discrete
		tures, which have been logged as quartz veins. 14 well logs in section 29, yield varies from 1 gpm to 75 gpm, 3 penings. Static water levels reported between 8 feet and 220 feet bgs, with three static levels deeper than 100 feet.
_	-	subject property lies in a saddle, essentially at the margin between the Forest Creek WAB to the north (Bishop and
		rmans Creeks are tribs to Forest Creek) and the Little Applegate WAB to the south (Sterling Creek is a trib to the Little
		olegate). In an email from Tom Wiley (DOGAMI geologist), the local geology is composed of meta-sediments (muds
S	sand	dstone, pebbly sandstone, argillite, and tuffaceous shale. Tom has a syncline mapped 100 feet west of Hill 3192 and
_		ding N to NE. Smith and others (1982) mapped a fault coming up Bishop Creek; it appears that there may be other fa
<u>i</u>	in th	ne area.
-		
-	-	
-		
-		
_		

C. GROUND WATER/SURFACE WATER CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-09-040

C1. **690-09-040** (1): Evaluation of aquifer confinement:

Well	Aquifer or Proposed Aquifer	Confined	Unconfined
1	Bedrock		\boxtimes

Basis for aquifer confinement evaluation: The aquifer is likely semi-confined. Static water level rises above the logged water-bearing zone. However, the degree of incision of drainages on all sides of the applicant's well suggests that the fractured rock aquifer is likely unconfined at the locations where the groundwater discharges into streams. Well log for the subject well indicates the same 20-foot static water level from 92 to 244 feet. There is no evidence on the well log of any confining unit or significant change in lithology.

C2. **690-09-040** (2) (3): Evaluation of distance to, and hydraulic connection with, surface water sources. All wells located a horizontal distance less than ¼ mile from a surface water source that produce water from an unconfined aquifer shall be assumed to be hydraulically connected to the surface water source. Include in this table any streams located beyond one mile that are evaluated for PSI.

Well	SW #	Surface Water Name	GW Elev ft msl	SW Elev ft msl	Distance (ft)	Hydraulically Connected? YES NO ASSUMED	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed? YES NO
1	1	Bishop Creek	3000	2640	2100		
1	2	Hopkins Gulch	3000	2960	2100		
1	3	Sailor Gulch	3000	3000	4900		
1	4	Poormans Creek	3000	2760	3500		
		7,8					

Basis for aquifer hydraulic connection evaluation: The drainages are deeply incised into the local bedrock. Water level in well is equal to, or greater than, water level in stream. Streamflow in local streams in SW Oregon is supported by groundwater discharge during the dry months, and a mix of groundwater and surface water runoff during the wet months. Bruce Sund has observed flow in these small tributaries during summer months. Water rights have also been filed on some of these tributaries.

Water Availability Basin the well(s) are located within: Little Applegate (70982); adjacent to Forest Creek ((71614)

C3a. 690-09-040 (4): Evaluation of stream impacts for <u>each well</u> that has been determined or assumed to be **hydraulically** connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water source. Limit evaluation to instream rights and minimum stream flows that are pertinent to that surface water source, and not lower SW sources to which the stream under evaluation is tributary. Compare the requested rate against the 1% of 80% *natural* flow for the pertinent Water Availability Basin (WAB). If Q is not distributed by well, use full rate for each well. Any checked box indicates the well is assumed to have the potential to cause PSI.

Well	SW #	Well < 1/4 mile?	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
1	1			NA	NA		NA		10%	
1	2			NA	NA		NA		10%	
1	4			NA	NA		NA		1%	

C3b. 690-09-040 (4): Evaluation of stream impacts by total appropriation for all wells determined or assumed to be hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water source. Complete only if Q is distributed among wells. Otherwise same evaluation and limitations apply as in C3a above.

SW #		Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
	(d)								

Comments: _	There are no instream water right or natur	ral streamflow values for any of the st	reams listed above. The distance
to the main W	ABs exceeds one mile so an impact on those	e streams against their instream water	rights or natural streamflow
values is not c	onducted.		
	4 1 8 × 1		
1.34			

C4a. **690-09-040 (5):** Estimated impacts on **hydraulically connected surface water sources greater than one mile** as a percentage of the proposed pumping rate. Limit evaluation to the effects that will occur up to one year after pumping begins. This table encompasses the considerations required by 09-040 (5)(a), (b), (c) and (d), which are not included on this form. Use additional sheets if calculated flows from more than one WAB are required.

Well SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q as CFS				2								
Interference CFS				- 1								
Distributed Wells Well SW#	S Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Wen Swii	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q as CFS												
Interference CFS											Tala V	
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q as CFS	70 (0)						, x = 1					
Interference CFS		9.						100	Veg.	3.5	3.75	
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	9
Well Q as CFS		A							100			
Interference CFS			- 2								4	
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q as CFS												
Interference CFS			17.4.2	91 -								
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q as CFS	N 16											
Interference CFS												
(A) = Total Interf.												
(B) = 80 % Nat. Q				7.2								
(C) = 1 % Nat. Q		ji										
(D) = (A) > (C)	A	A		À	A		så.				À	â
$(B) = (A / B) \times 100$ $(E) = (A / B) \times 100$	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	9/

plication G-16190 continued	Date	April 1, 2004
= total interference as CFS; (B) = WAB calculated natural flow at 80%; (D) = highlight the checkmark for each month where (A) is greater to Basis for impact evaluation: Used Jenkins model; simply hydraulic conductivity and storage. Streambed conductated drainages. Stream width minimal.	than (C); (E) = total interference divided by e analytical model with values estima	80% flow as percentage. ted from textbook for
. 690-09-040 (5) (b) The potential to impair or detrimed Rights Section.	ntally affect the public interest is to b	e determined by the Wa
 ✓ If properly conditioned, the surface water source(s) can be under this permit can be regulated if it is found to substant i. ✓ The permit should contain condition #(s) ii. ✓ The permit should contain special condition(s) 	ially interfere with surface water: (B, 7F, 7J, **	ce, and/or ground water t
SW / GW Remarks and Conditions It is very likely that the surface water. However, the hydraulic properties of the ac Simple analytical modeling using estimated values of aquifoless of the pumping rate will be seen at a 2,100 feet distance observations by watermaster Bruce Sund, indicate that masummer months, a function of groundwater discharging to	uifer suggest that impact to local street hydraulic conductivity (K) and stoe. Existing water rights on the small entry of the small tributaries in this are	eamflow will be minima rage (S) indicate 10% o streams, and personal
** Require applicant to install and maintain a properly func	tioning totalizing flow meter.	
Require applicant to install and maintain a property june	noning, rounging from meter.	
References Used: Sterling Creek and Medford West 7.5 min OWRD GRID well log database (online).	nute quadrangles, 1983 provisional edit	ions.
Tom Wiley, pers. communication (email). Jenkins analytical model.		

Applie	cation G-16190 continued	Date	April 1, 2004
D. <u>W</u>	ELL CONSTRUCTION, OAR 690-200		
D1.	Well #: Lo	ogid:	
Da	THE WELL does not made assument well a	another standards based upon	
D2.	THE WELL does not meet current well c a. review of the well log;	onstruction standards based upon:	
	c. Treport of CWPE		
	d. Specify)		
D3.	THE WELL construction deficiency:		
	 a.		
	b. commingles water from more than	one ground water reservoir;	
	c. permits the loss of artesian head;		
	d. permits the de-watering of one or n		
	e. other: (specify)		
D4.	THE WELL construction deficiency is de	escribed as follows:	
	•		
	orina (Table)		
D5.	THE WELL a. was, or was	not constructed according to the standards in ef	ffect at the time of
	original constru	ction or most recent modification.	
	b. I don't know if	it met standards at the time of construction.	
D6.	Route to the Enforcement Section. I reco	ommend withholding issuance of the permit until	l evidence of well reconstruction
	is filed with the Department and approved b	y the Enforcement Section and the Ground Water	er Section.
THE	S SECTION TO BE COMPLETED BY	ENEOD CEMENT DED CONNET	
Inis	SECTION TO BE COMPLETED BY	ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL	
D7	Well construction deficiency has been corre	oted by the following actions:	
D7.	well construction deficiency has been corre	cted by the following actions.	
	A Report of		
			, 200
	(Enforcement Section Signature)		
D8.	☐ Route to Water Rights Section (attach w	ell reconstruction logs to this page)	
20.	in it is section (attach w	on reconstruction logs to this page).	
	a process ye		
_			

G16190_Rushing.xls

Inr	+	Da	+

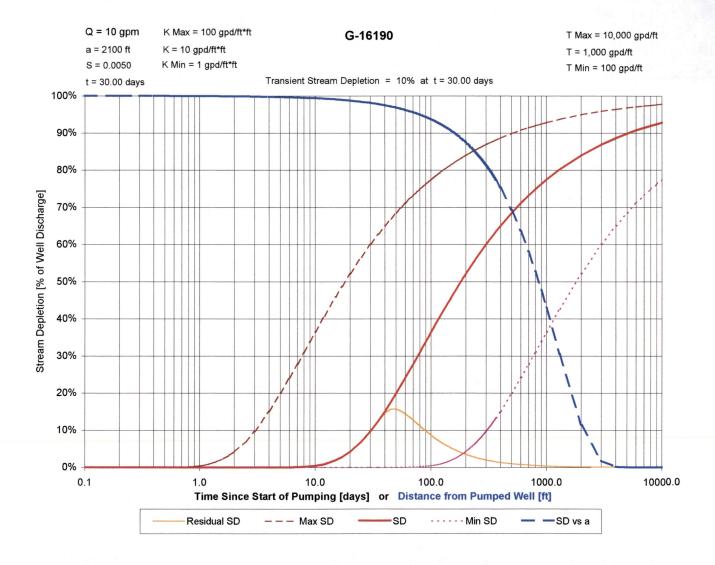
Variable	Name	Minimum	"Best"	Maximum	Unit
Well Owner or Well Number	Well		G-16190		
X Coord. for X-Section (Head Distribution)	х		0		[ft]
Perpendicular Distance From Well to Stream	а		2,100		[ft]
Net Steady Pumping Rate	Q		10		[gpm]
Hydraulic Conductivity	K	1	10	100	[gpd/ft*ft]
Aquifer Thickness	b	100	100	100	[ft]
Well Depth	d		244		[ft]
Storativity	S		0.00500		
Effective porosity	n		0.00500		
Hydr. Grad. Perpend. to Stream (must be > 0)	i	0.10000	0.10000	0.10000	
Time Since Pumping Started	time		30.00	A CONTRACTOR	[days]

Out	put	Dat	ta:

General Output:						
Transmissivity	Т	100	1,000	10,000	[gpd/ft]] = K
Hydraulic Conductivity	K	1	10	100	[gpd/ft*ft]	1
		0	1	13	[ft/day]	1
		4.69E-07	4.69E-06	4.69E-05	[m/s]	
Average linear velocity	ALV	2.67	26.74	267.38	[ft/day]] = K
		976.60	9,766.04	97,660.43	[ft/yr]	
Ambient Flux at River per Foot	dQ	0.0069	0.0694	0.6944	[gpm/ft]] = K

Transient Stream Depletion Output:					
k	SDTr_k	13.7445	1,3745	0.1374	$= ((a^2*S)/(4Tt))*7.48$
Transient Stream Depletion (Theis/Jenkins)	SDTr	0%	10%	60%	= erfc SQRT(a*a*S)/4Tt)
Transient Induced Infiltration (Theis/Jenkins)	IITr				

Transient madeed innitiation (Their contine)		Annual Control of the	and the second second second second		Section of the last	
						10/
Steady-State Stream Depletion:						1/0@ 3500 fax
Dimensionless Pumping Rate	Beta, ß	0.22	0.02	0.00		= Q/(K*b*j*•*a) 3500 fert
$(\beta >= 1 ==> velocity divide has reached stream)$						
SQRT(Beta-1)		0.00	0.00	0.00		
Critical pumping rate	Qc	46	458	4581	[gpm]	= K*b*i*•*a
Dist. fr Well to Velocity Divide at Steady State	rvd	243	23	2	[ft]	= a-(a*SQRT(1-B))
Steady-State Stream Depletion (Wilson & Linderfelt)		100%	100%	100%		
Ctoody Ctota Induced Infiltration (Mileon 9 Lindorfolt)		00/	00/	00/		- (2/a)*(CODT(0 1)/0 . AT



From: WILEY Tom <Tom.Wiley@state.or.us>
To: GALL Ivan K <Ivan.K.Gall@state.or.us>,
"'WILEY Tom '" <Tom.Wiley@state.or.us>
Subject: RE: geology @ 38S-02W-29

Date: Wed, 24 Mar 2004 10:37:20 -0800 X-Mailer: Internet Mail Service (5.5.2653.19)

Ivan:

Sorry this took so long. Been out sick and on vacation (It's a long story.).

Most of the rocks in this area are metasediments. Lithologies that occur nearby include mudstone, sandstone, pebbly sandstone, argillite, and tuffaceous shale. I have the north- to north-northeast-trending axis of a syncline approximately located about 100' west of the top of Hill 3192 (strikes are more northerly to the north and swing west as you go south). The nearest attitude I measured is located about 1/8th mile to the northeast of Tax Lot 1100. There the strike is north-south and the dip is 25 degrees to the west. Nearest lava / dike that I'm aware of is in the southeast 1/4 of section 19. There are probably a bunch of unmapped, unmetamorphosed (Cretaceous?)hornblende-phyric dikes in this area. But I would guess that the drillhole encountered a suite of greenschist facies meta-sediments with volcanic provenance.

Smith and others (1982) mapped a fault coming up Bishop Creek and crossing the divide onto the south end of the property. An attitude I measured along the Bishop Creek in NW 1/4 of section 30 is not consistent with surrounding attitudes and similarly suggests local rotation by a fault following the creek. I've mapped two other faults that trend toward the property from the northeast, but stopped them at the center of section 29 due to a lack of data farther southwest.

Jad might have a better strike and dip or know if there are any flows or dikes along strike near his house.

Tom

----Original Message-----

From: Ivan Gall To: WILEY Tom

Sent: 3/18/04 7:45 AM

Subject: geology @ 38S-02W-29

Tom, I need a short geological description for a water right review at 38S-02W-29cd. Is there a published geology map of the Sterling

Creek quad? Your Medford sheet stops just north of this site. I assume

is meta-sediments or meta-volcanics of the applegate group? The log

