## **Groundwater Application Review Summary Form**

Application # G- 18642 (Re-review)  GW Reviewer Bor Scandella, January Date Review Completed: 520/19
GW Reviewer Bon Scandelbi, Jan Woody Date Review Completed: 520/19
Summary of GW Availability and Injury Review:
[ ] Groundwater for the proposed use is either over appropriated, will not likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights, OR will not likely be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource per Section B of the attached review form.
Summary of Potential for Substantial Interference Review:
[v] There is the potential for substantial interference per Section C of the attached review form.
Summary of Well Construction Assessment:
[ ] The well does not appear to meet current well construction standards per Section D of the attached review form. Route through Well Construction and Compliance Section.

This is only a summary. Documentation is attached and should be read thoroughly to understand the

basis for determinations and for conditions that may be necessary for a permit (if one is issued).

Version: 3/30/17

## PUBLIC INTEREST REVIEW FOR GROUNDWATER APPLICATIONS

ГО:			Rights Sec			,			e5/20				
FROM	:	Groun	dwater Sec	ction			<u>iin Scanc</u> ver's Name	<u>lella, Jen Wo</u>	ody			•	
SUBJE	CT:	Applic	ation G-1	8642	S		-	of _12/21/20	018				
										Da	ate of Revi	ew(s)	
OAR 69 welfare, o determined the press A. GEI	90-310-13 safety and mine whet umption c	0 (1) The description of the des	ne Departm n as describ presumptio This reviev	ed in ORS 5. on is establish w is based up	sume that a 37.525. De- ned. OAR a pon availa	n proposed partment s 590-310-14 ble inform	groundwataff revie 40 allows nation an	vater use will on the proposed dagency policy in the management of	r applicati use be mo cies in pla	ons und dified o	ler OAR or conditi he time o	690-310- oned to ro of evalua	-140 neet
<u>/AMH</u>		-											
<b>A</b> 1.				;	T PER SE	COND fro	m	2	-1	well(s)	in the Wi	llamette	Basin,
	M	<u>liddle V</u>	Villamette	subbasin									•
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\3.	well and	aquite		•	ber logs to	Propos		ark proposed  Location				nd bounds	1
Well	Logic		Applicant' Well #	S Propose	d Aquifer*	Rate(c	efs)	(T/R-S QQ-	-Q)	2250' N	, 1200' E t	fr NW cor	S 36
1 2	YAMH 5 Propos		3		CRB CRB	0.12° 0.11		3S/3W-23 NW 3S/3W-23 SW				SW cor S	
3	11000	-				0.77	-	30/377-23 577	-544	1550	11,40 13 11	DW COLD	2.5
5						<u> </u>							
Alluviı	ım, CRB, E	Bedrock				l			<u>I</u>		-		
Well	ft msl	First Water ft bls	f SWL ft bls	SWL Date	Well Depth (ft)	Seal Interval (ft)	Casing Interval (ft)	s Intervals (ft)	Perfora Or Scr	eens )	Well Yield (gpm)	Draw Down (ft)	Test Type
1	700	347	329.8	03/13/2013	545	0-118	+2-118	0-545	465-485 54	5	57.5	unkno wn	air
2	700	N/A	N/A	N/A	540	0-118	+2-118	Not specified	465-485 545		N/A	N/A	N/A
											<u></u>		
<b>-</b>	+								+				
			or proposed v				ı		,				
	The rate for YAM original a informati had a FO impacts t	of 57.5 IH 5232 application reprints issued to stream	gpm is abo 23 in this re ion, but the oduced in t on 4/17/20 ns, the com	ve the overa view is 53.9 applicant's he table about 17, and 62 g	Il proposed gpm. Well agent subm ve. YAMH pm under C f (62+65+5	maximum constructi nitted an ar 52323 is a Certificate 4=) 181 gr	of 0.120 on the prended palready at 87261. Topm, or 0.4	for YAMH 52 cfs (=53.9 gp oposed well w . 5 of the appliathorized to w herefore, for the 103 cfs, was every	m), so the as not con ication should be ithered as the purpose	well-sp npletely owing the gpm u of eva	pecific ra specifie ne well c nder LL- luating p	te evalua d on the onstruction 1693, whotential	ted on nich
A5. 🗌	managen (Not all t Commen	nent of pasin ru its: <u>690</u>	les contain -502-0240	er hydraulica such provisi	lly connect ons.) e from unce	ed to surfa	nce water uvial aqu	rules relative t are, or ifers. This ap	] are not,	activate	ed by this	applicat	ion.
A6. 🗌		#admini	strative are	a:,		,	, t	ap(s) an aquife	er limited	by an ac	dministra	itive restr	iction.

### B. GROUNDWATER AVAILABILITY CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-310-130, 400-010, 410-0070

В1.	Bas	sed upon available data, I have determined that groundwater* for the proposed use:
	a.	is over appropriated, is not over appropriated, or is cannot be determined to be over appropriated during any period of the proposed use. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the over-appropriation determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
	b.	will not or will likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the injury determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
	c.	will not or will likely to be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource; or
	d.	will, if properly conditioned, avoid injury to existing groundwater rights or to the groundwater resource:  i.   The permit should contain condition #(s) 7i (Large Water Use Reporting Condition);  ii.   The permit should be conditioned as indicated in item 2 below.  The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in item 3 below;
B2.	a.	Condition to allow groundwater production from no deeper than ft. below land surface;
	b.	Condition to allow groundwater production from no shallower than ft. below land surface;
	c.	Condition to allow groundwater production only from a single aquifer in the Columbia River Basalt Group groundwater reservoir between approximately ft. and ft
	d.	Well reconstruction is necessary to accomplish one or more of the above conditions. The problems that are likely to occur with this use and without reconstructing are cited below. Without reconstruction, I recommend withholding issuance of the permit until evidence of well reconstruction is filed with the Department and approved by the Groundwater Section.
	,	<b>Describe injury</b> —as related to water availability— that is likely to occur without well reconstruction (interference w/ senior water rights, not within the capacity of the resource, etc):

#### B3. **SPECIAL CONDITIONS:**

- 1. Each new or deepened basalt well shall be cased and continuously sealed from land surface to a depth of at least 118 feet below land surface.
- 2. Each new or deepened basalt well shall be open to a single aquifer of the Columbia River Basalt Group and shall meet the applicable well construction standards (OAR 690-200 and OAR 690-210). In addition, the open interval in every such well shall be no greater than 190 feet. However, an open interval of greater than 190 feet may be allowed if substantial evidence of a single aquifer completion can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Department hydrogeologists, using information from a video log, downhole flowmeter, water chemistry and temperature, or other downhole geophysical methods. These methods shall characterize the nature of the basalt rock and assess whether water is moving in the borehole. Any discernable movement of water within the well bore when the well is not being pumped shall be assumed as evidence of the presence of multiple aquifers in the open interval.
- 3. If during well construction it becomes apparent that the new or deepened basalt well can be constructed to eliminate hydraulic connection between multiple aquifers in a manner other than specified in this permit (including but not limited to SPECIAL CONDITIONS 1 and 2 above), the permittee can contact the Department Hydrogeologist for this permit or the Groundwater Hydrology Section Manager to request approval of such construction. The request shall be in writing, and shall include a rough well log and a proposed construction design for approval by the Department. The request can be approved only if it is received and reviewed prior to placement of any permanent casing and sealing material. If the request is made after casing and seal are placed, the requested modification will not be approved. If approved, the new well depth and construction specifications will be incorporated into any certificate issued for this permit.
- 4. A dedicated water-level measuring tube shall be installed in each well at the time of pump installation, pump repair or pump replacement. The measuring tube shall meet the standards described in OAR 690-215-0060. When requested, access to the wells shall be provided to Department staff in order to make water-level measurements.

- 5. The applicant shall coordinate with the driller to ensure that drill cuttings are collected at 10-ft intervals and at changes in formation in each new or deepened basalt well. A split of each sampled interval shall be provided to the Department.
- 6. Copies of all geologic and hydrogeologic reports completed for the permittee during the development of the new or deepened basalt wells, including geophysical well logs and borehole video logs, shall be provided to the Department. Except for borehole video logs, two paper copies, or a single electronic copy, shall be provided of each report. Digital tables of any data shall be provided upon request.
- 7. Prior to using water on this permit, the permittee shall ensure that each new or deepened basalt well on this permit has an OWRD Well Identification Number (Well ID or Well tag number). If a well does not have a Well ID, the permittee shall apply for one from the Department. The Well ID shall be attached to the well and shall be used as a reference identification number for any correspondence regarding the well including any water use, water level, or pump test reports.

Groundwater availability remarks: The applicant's wells will produce from one or more water-bearing zones in the Columbia River Basalt Group (CRBG), a series of lava flows with a composite thickness that ranges from 300 to 400 feet in this area (Conlon et al., 2005), and likely thicker on topographic high such as those on which the subject wells are located. Each flow is characterized by a series of internal features, including a thin rubble zone at the contact between flows and a thick, dense, low porosity and low permeability interior zone. In some cases, sedimentary layers were deposited during the time between basalt flow emplacements. A flow top, sedimentary interbed and flow bottom are collectively referred to as an interflow zone. Unconfined groundwater occurs near the weathered top of the basalts, but most water occurs in interflow zones at the contacts between lava flows. CRBG flow features result in a series of stacked, thin aquifers that are confined by dense flow interiors. The low permeability of the basalt flow interiors usually results in little connection between stacked aquifers, which generally results in tabular aquifers with unique water level heads.

The proposed use of 10 acre-feet per year at a maximum rate of 54 gallons per minute (gpm) is unlikely to create drawdown interference with nearby wells that prevents access to water. Nearby wells access a variety of water-bearing zones within the CRBG aquifer system. Well logs in T3S/R3W- Section 23 report yields ranging from 1 to 140 gpm, with a median yield of 30 gpm. Therefore, it is unlikely that YAMH 52323 will be able to withdraw at its fully-permitted rate of 181 gpm, especially given the yield of 57.5 gpm reported on the well log.

Water levels in wells located higher on the hill and to the West show relatively stable trends (see Figures 2 and 3), while wells located to the East (YAMH 50854, YAMH 4548, and YAMH 121) show evidence of long-term decline. YAMH 52323 (YAMH 52323) is among the former group and has shown relatively stable water levels for the entire period of record, from 2000-2018. Given the nearby location nearly identical proposed construction for the proposed well, it is expected to access the same water-bearing zones and show similar water levels to YAMH 52323. The two water-bearing zones in YAMH 52323 appear to be hydraulically connected, given their identical water levels in the well log, and they are likely also connected with water-bearing zones accessed by nearby wells (see Figures 1 and 4). However, the proposed magnitude of development is not expected to cause injurious well-to-well interference with neighbors or long-term water level decline. Water use and water level monitoring conditions are recommended to protect existing users.

### C. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-09-040

C1. 690-09-040 (1): Evaluation of aquifer confinement:

Well	Aquifer or Proposed Aquifer	Confined	Unconfined
1	Columbia River Basalt Group (CRBG) Aquifer		
2	Columbia River Basalt Group (CRBG) Aquifer		

Basis for aquifer confinement evaluation: According to nearby well logs, static water levels rise above water-bearing zones, indicating the aquifer is confined.

C2. 690-09-040 (2) (3): Evaluation of distance to, and hydraulic connection with, surface water sources. All wells located a horizontal distance less than ¼ mile from a surface water source that produce water from an unconfined aquifer shall be assumed to be hydraulically connected to the surface water source. Include in this table any streams located beyond one mile that are evaluated for PSI.

Well	SW #	Surface Water Name	GW Elev ft msl	SW Elev ft msl	Distance (ft)	Hydraulically Connected? YES NO ASSUMED	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed? YES NO
1	1	Harvey Creek	375-385	140-650	2000		
2	1	Harvey Creek	375-385	140-650	1965		
				<u> </u>			
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Basis for aquifer hydraulic connection evaluation: Groundwater levels were estimated using the range of measurements reported in YAMH 52323 since 2006, and surface water elevations represent the range of elevations within 1 mile of the wells. Water-bearing zones are reported in the confined interflow zones of the CRBG. These water-bearing zones are coincident with or above perennial reaches of Harvey Creek within a mile. The creeks have incised through several hundred feet of the Grande Ronde Basalt Formation of the CRBG. Groundwater from the uplands likely discharges to surface water, providing baseflow or spring flow to sustain nearby perennial reaches of the creek.

Water Availability Basin the well(s) are located within: Watershed ID 30200707: Chehalem Creek > Willamette River > Columbia River. Also within 1 mile is Watershed ID 182: WILLAMETTE R > COLUMBIA R - AB MOLALLA R.

C3a. 690-09-040 (4): Evaluation of stream impacts for each well that has been determined or assumed to be hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water source. Limit evaluation to instream rights and minimum stream flows that are pertinent to that surface water source, and not lower SW sources to which the stream under evaluation is tributary. Compare the requested rate against the 1% of 80% natural flow for the pertinent Water Availability Basin (WAB). If Q is not distributed by well, use full rate for each well. Any checked box indicates the well is assumed to have the potential to cause PSI.

Well	SW #	Well < 1/4 mile?	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
1	1						0.39	$\boxtimes$	*	$\boxtimes$
2	1						0.39	$\boxtimes$	*	$\boxtimes$

C3b. 690-09-040 (4): Evaluation of stream impacts by total appropriation for all wells determined or assumed to be hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water source. Complete only if Q is distributed among wells. Otherwise same evaluation and limitations apply as in C3a above.

	SW #	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw> 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
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Comments: YAMH 52323 is already authorized to withdraw 65 gpm under LL-1693, which had a FO issued on 4/17/2017, and 62 gpm under Certificate 87261. Therefore, for the purpose of evaluating potential impacts to streams, the combined rate of (62+65+54=) 181 gpm, or 0.403 cfs, was evaluated in this review. This combined rate is significantly higher than 1% of the 80% natural flow in the Chehalem Creek WAB (0.0039 cfs, ~ 1.8 gpm), so PSI was assumed for both wells.

\*There is no appropriate model to estimate streamflow depletion from pumping in CRBG interflow zones that are incised by streams or discharge to point sources such as springs. Therefore, the percentage of interference at 30 days is not calculated.

C4a. **690-09-040 (5):** Estimated impacts on hydraulically connected surface water sources greater than one mile as a percentage of the proposed pumping rate. Limit evaluation to the effects that will occur up to one year after pumping begins. This table encompasses the considerations required by 09-040 (5)(a), (b), (c) and (d), which are not included on this form. Use additional sheets if calculated flows from more than one WAB are required.

Non-Di	istributed	Wells		/									
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	ę
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfere	ence CFS							-					
Dictrib	uted Well	le	<del></del>			•		· · · · · · ·	•••		<i>:</i>	٠,	
Well	SW#	Jan ·	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	. %	- %	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	9
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfer	ence CFS				-								
		- %	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	4
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfer	ence CFS								-			,	
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	- %	9
Well Q	as CFS		,					·					
Interfere	ence CFS									_			
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	q
Well Q	as CFS .												
Interfer	ence CFS												
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	` (
	as CFS												
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		%	%	%	%	. %	%	%	%	%	%	%	q
	as CFS												
Interfer	ence CFS	·			T 12								
(A) = To	tal Interf.								<u>. +</u>		,. *·		•
	% Nat. Q												
(C) = 1	% Nat. Q	-										-	
								4 Jan. 15 a			\$ 7	*_ x	• • •
	(A) > (C)	<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	✓	✓ .	<b>✓</b>	✓	✓
	/ B) x 100	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	. %	%	%	%	97

(A) = total interference as CFS; (B) = WAB calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (C) = 1% of calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (D) = highlight the checkmark for each month where (A) is greater than (C); (E) = total interference divided by 80% flow as percentage.

Basis for impact evaluation: N/A

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4b.	690-09-040 (5) (b) The potential to impair or detrimentally affect the public interest is to be determined by the Water Rights Section.
5. 🗌	If properly conditioned, the surface water source(s) can be adequately protected from interference, and/or groundwater use under this permit can be regulated if it is found to substantially interfere with surface water:  i The permit should contain condition #(s) ii The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in "Remarks" below;
	ii The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in "Remarks" below;
. SV	V / GW Remarks and Conditions:
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_	
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Da	ferences Used:
Ne	terences Oseu:
Co:	nlon, T.D., Wozniak, K.C., Woodcock, D., Herrera, N.B., Fisher, B.J., Morgan, D.S., Lee, K.K., and Hinkle, S.R., 2005, bund-water hydrology of the Willamette Basin, Oregon: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2005-5168.
Rei	idel, S.P., Johnson, V.G., and Spane, F.A., 2002, Natural gas storage in basalt aquifers of the Columbia Basin, Pacific Northwest USA—A guide to site characterization: Richland, Wash., Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, 277 p.
<u>US</u>	Geological Survey Topographic Map, Dundee Quadrangle.
OM	VRD water level database, includes reported water levels, accessed 12/18/2018.

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## D. WELL CONSTRUCTION, OAR 690-200

	oes not appear to meet current well construction standards based upon:	
	of the well log;	
c. report	of CWRE	
d. dother:	(specify)	
•	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
	onstruction deficiency or other comment is described as follows:	
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### Water Availability Tables

# DETAILED REPORT ON THE WATER AVAILABILITY CALCULATION Water Availability as of 10/19/2004 for

CHEHALEM CR > WILLAMETTE R - AT MOUTH

Watershed ID #: 30200707 Basin: WILLAMETTE Exceedance Level: 80 Time: 15:19 Date: 10/19/2004

Month	Natural Stream		CU + Stor After	Expected Stream	Reserved Stream	Instream Water	Net Water
-	Flow	Į.	1/1/93	Flow	Flow	Rights	Available
1	101.00	3.11	0.00	97.90	0.00	0.00	97.9
2	115.00	2.97	0.00	112.00	0.00	0.00	112.0
3	80.60	2.20	0.00	78.40	0.00	-0.00	78.4
4	33.00	1.31	0.00	31.70	0.00	0.00	31.7
5	14.90	1.87	0.00	13.00	0.00	0.00	13.0
6	8.48	3.14	0.00	5.34	0.00	0.00	5.3
7	2.13	4.69	0.00	~2.56	0.00	0.00	-2.5
8	0.59	3.87	0.00	-3.28	0.00	0.00	-3.2
9	0.39	2.26	0.00	-1.87	0.00	0.00	-1.8
10	3.05	0.61	0.00	2.44	0.00	0.00	2.4
11	11.50	0.90	0.00	10.60	0.00	0.00	10.6
12	66.20	2.44	0.00	63.80	0.00	0.00	63.8
Stor	48900	1770	0	47300	0	0	4730

#### DETAILED REPORT ON THE WATER AVAILABILITY CALCULATION

dance Level: 80 ate: 12/19/2018				Basin: WILLAMET	WILLAMET		Watershed : Time: 11:1
Net Water Available	Instream Requirements	`	Reserved Stream Flow	Expected Stream Flow	Consumptive Use and Storage	Natural Stream Flow	Month
,	ac-ft.	in a		Monthly values a the annual amount at	Storage is		
17,600.00 14,200.00 13,700.00 11,500.00 10,900.00 5,270.00 1,680.00 685.00 998.00 2,600.00 7,820.00 11,900.00	1,500.00 1,500.00 1,500.00 1,500.00 1,500.00 1,500.00 1,500.00 1,500.00 1,500.00 1,500.00 1,500.00 1,500.00 1,500.00		0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	19,100.00 15,700.00 15,200.00 13,000.00 12,400.00 6,770.00 3,180.00 2,180.00 2,500.00 4,100.00 9,320.00 18,300.00 13,000,000	2,290.00 7,470.00 7,250.00 6,900.00 4,240.00 1,970.00 1,800.00 1,650.00 1,390.00 7,45.00 878.00 960.00	21,400.00 23,200.00 22,400.00 19,900.00 16,600.00 8,740.00 4,980.00 3,830.00 3,890.00 4,850.00 10,200.00 19,300.00	JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC

Figure 1. Well Location Map

## Well location map for G-18642 (Jackson Family Investments III LLC) T3S/R3W-S23

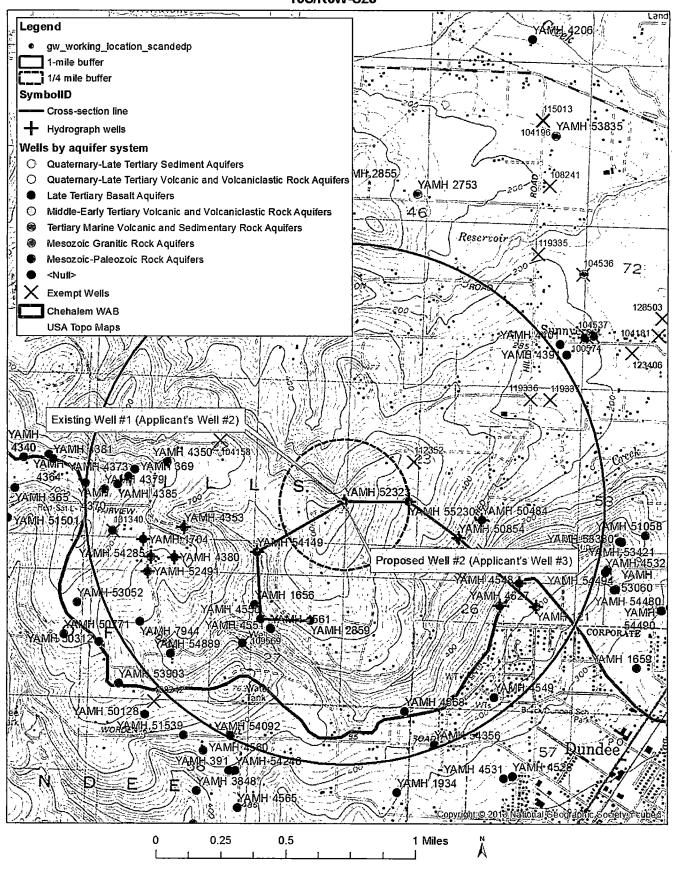


Figure 2. Water levels in Nearby Wells

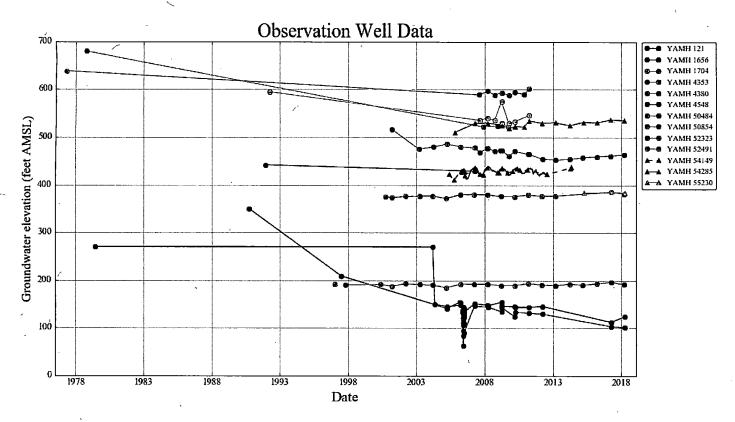


Figure 3. Water levels in nearby wells, focusing on a subset of the wells in the near vicinity of YAMH 52323.

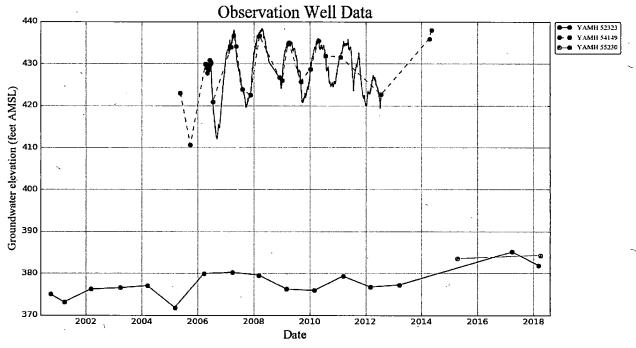


Figure 4. Lithographic cross-section of selected wells (YAMH 2859, YAMH 4550, YAMH 54149, YAMH 52323, YAMH 55230, YAMH 50854, and YAMH 121, reading from left to right).

