# **Groundwater Application Review Summary Form**

### WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT **MEMO** June 13 ,20 19 TO: Application G- 1878 FROM: **SUBJECT: Scenic Waterway Interference Evaluation** YES The source of appropriation is within or above a Scenic Waterway X NO YES Use the Scenic Waterway condition (Condition 7J) X NO Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is able to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a Scenic Waterway. The calculated interference is distributed below. Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is unable to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a scenic waterway; therefore, the Department is unable to find that there is a preponderance of evidence that the proposed use will measurably reduce the surface water flows necessary to maintain the free-flowing character of a scenic waterway. DISTRIBUTION OF INTERFERENCE Calculate the percentage of consumptive use by month and fill in the table below. If interference cannot be calculated, per criteria in 390.835, do not fill in the table but check the "unable" option above, thus informing Water Rights that the Department is unable to make a Preponderance of Evidence finding. Exercise of this permit is calculated to reduce monthly flows in \_ Waterway by the following amounts expressed as a proportion of the consumptive use by which surface water flow is reduced.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Mou	T	T 1			T		
	100	11141	Thi	Iviay	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
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### PUBLIC INTEREST REVIEW FOR GROUNDWATER APPLICATIONS

TO:		Water	Rights S	ection					Date	e <u>6/13/2</u>	2019			
FROM	:	Groun	dwater S	ection _			Brown				<u> </u>			
CLIDIE	a Com			40505	λ.		iewer's Nan							
SUBJE	scr:	Applic	cation G-	18787		_ Su	persedes	rev	new of			Date of Re	view(c)	
												Date of Ke	vicw(s)	
					N; GROUN									
OAR 6	90-310-1	30 (1) T	he Depart	ment sha	all presume tha	t a propos	ed ground	dwa	ter use will	ensure t	he prese	ervation d	of the pub	olic
welfare	, safety ai	nd healt.	h as descr	ibed in C	<i>DRS 537.525</i> . I	Department	t staff rev	iew	groundwate	r applic	ations u	nder OA	R 690-31	0-140
					tablished. OAI									
the pres	sumption	criteria.	This revi	ew is ba	sed upon avai	lable infoi	rmation a	and	agency poli	icies in j	place at	the time	of evalu	ıation.
A. <u>GE</u>	<u>NERAL</u>	INFO	RMATIC	<u>ON</u> :	Applicant's I	Name: <u>Da</u>	vid J Bie	elenl	oerg RLT		(	County: _	Clackar	nas
A1.	Applicant(s) seek(s) 0.7798 cfs from 2 well(s) in the Willamette													_ Basin,
		Molalla	a-Pudding	sul	bbasin									
A2.	Propose	ed use	Irri	gation (2	237 acres)	Seas	sonality:	M	arch 1 – Oct	ober 31				
A3.	Well an	d aquife	r data ( <b>att</b>	ach and	number logs	for existin	ng wells;	mar	k proposed	wells a	s such	under lo	gid):	
Well	Logid Applicant's				roposed Aquifer	* Proj	posed		Location Lo			ion, metes	and boun	ds, e.g.
			Well #	f		Rate	Rate(cfs)		(T/R-S QQ-Q)		2250' N, 1200' E fr NW cor			
2	PROPO PROPO		1 2		Bedrock (Basalt) <sup>a</sup> Bedrock (Basalt) <sup>a</sup>		0.7798 0.7798		5S/1E-36 NW-NE 5S/1E-36 NW-NE			70' S, 1800' W fr NE cor S 3 340' S, 1500' W fr NE cor S 3		
	um, CRB,			<u> </u>	Dedition (Dasait)	0.7	1796	l	33/1E-30 IVV	-NE	1 340	3, 1300	V II NE COI	3 30
337-11	Well	First	Water SWL SV		Well		Seal Casing Interval Intervals (ft) (ft)					Well	Draw	Test
Well	Elev ft msl	ft bls			Depth (ft)							Yield (gpm)	Down (ft)	Туре
1	477 <sup>b</sup>	11.013	1		~400-500	(11)	(11)		(IL)	\ <u>'</u>		(gpiii)	(11)	
2	480 <sup>b</sup>				~400-500									
Use data	from app	lication f	or proposed	i wells.									)	
A4.	Comme	ents: Ti	ne propose	d POA/	POU are ~4 m	iles south'y	vest of th	e Ci	ty of Molall	a Oreg	on The	maximu	m annual	volume
					irrigated acreas									
		-	-	-	oposed source				• •				olon and	Daggan
					n, the proposed									Decson,
		-	-	-				_			<del>Dutto</del>	roloulio	<u></u>	
	LIDA	R groun	d surface e	elevation	at proposed P	UA locatio	ons (Wate	ershe	ed Sciences,	<u>2009).</u>				
·			_			•								
A5. 🗌	Provisi	ions of t	he	411	Willamette		Basii	n rul	les relative t	o the de	velopm	ent, class	ification	and/or
					aulically conne rovisions.)	ected to sur	race water	er L	_] are, or ∠	J are no	ot, activa	ated by tr	us appuc	ation.
					re greater than	1/4 mile fro	om the ne	ares	t surface wa	iter sour	ce and	would pro	nduce wa	iter from
					OAR 690-502-									
		-		-										
A6. 🗌	Well(s)	#	<u> </u>			,	,	tap	(s) an aquif	er limite	d by an	administ	rative res	striction.
	Name o	t admin	istrative a	rea: <u>N/A</u>	are ~140-400 f	t outsids :	f the se	• th - ·	m hannda	of the f	710.441.41		malurata :	Timita 1
•			<u>e propose</u> 0-502-0180		11℃ ~14U-4UU I	i ouiside c	<u>, me sou</u>	ımer	ii boundary	or the t	JIBUUUI	ngs Grou	<u>inawater</u>	Limited
	ALLUA (U	4 11 0 V	202-0100	<u> </u>					~					

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#### B. GROUNDWATER AVAILABILITY CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-310-130, 400-010, 410-0070

B1.	Bas	Based upon available data, I have determined that groundwater* for the proposed use:											
	a.	is over appropriated, is not over appropriated, or is cannot be determined to be over appropriated during any period of the proposed use. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the over-appropriation determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;											
	b.	will not or will likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the injury determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;											
	c.	$\square$ will not or $\square$ will likely to be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource; or											
·	d.	will, if properly conditioned, avoid injury to existing groundwater rights or to the groundwater resource:  i.   The permit should contain condition #(s) _7i, 7t (dedicated measuring tube), large water use reporting;  ii.  The permit should be conditioned as indicated in item 2 below.  iii.  The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in item 3 below;											
B2.	a.	Condition to allow groundwater production from no deeper than ft. below land surface;											
	b.	Condition to allow groundwater production from no shallower than ft. below land surface;											
	c.	Condition to allow groundwater production only from the groundwater reservoir between approximately ft. and ft. below land surface;											
	d.	Well reconstruction is necessary to accomplish one or more of the above conditions. The problems that are likely to occur with this use and without reconstructing are cited below. Without reconstruction, I recommend withholding issuance of the permit until evidence of well reconstruction is filed with the Department and approved by the Groundwater Section.											
		Describe injury —as related to water availability— that is likely to occur without well reconstruction (interference w/senior water rights, not within the capacity of the resource, etc):											

B3. Groundwater availability remarks: Groundwater for the proposed use cannot be determined to be over-appropriated due to insufficient available data regarding rates of recharge and the current quantity of groundwater withdrawals from the aquifer system.

Screen or perforation depths are not provided for the 2 proposed POA, only approximate total depths. However, based on the approximate total depths and geologic mapping in this area, it appears that the proposed POA will produce water from the Little Butte Volcanics (Tolan and Beeson, 1999). Water well reports from nearby wells completed in the Little Butte Volcanics indicate predominantly thin (<15 ft thick) water bearing zones producing small quantities of water (<10 gpm) to depths of up to 730 ft below land surface (bls). The Little Butte Volcanics consists predominantly of narrow (5-15 m thick) interbedded basalt, basaltic andesite, and porphyritic andesite flows interfingered with marine tuff and sandstone (Peck et al., 1964; Hampton, 1972; Miller and Orr, 1984; Tolan and Beeson, 1999). The Little Butte Volcanics and the marine tuff and sandstone have been folded and eroded (Hampton, 1972); therefore, water bearing zones within are likely discontinuous and limited in extent, as supported by the substantially varied depths of water bearing zones noted in nearby water well reports.

Reported yields from nearby water wells range from less than 1 to ~120 gpm, with a median of 20 gpm (see attached Well Statistics). The requested rate of 350 gpm (~0.7798 cfs) therefore represents ~290 percent of the maximum yield and ~1,750 percent of the median yield reported for water wells in this area. If the requested rate is assumed to be equally distributed amongst the 2 proposed POA (i.e. a rate of 175 gpm for each well), then the per-POA rate would represent ~145 percent of the maximum yield and ~875 percent of the median yield reported for water wells in this area. It appears highly unlikely that the applicant will be able to achieve the requested maximum rate with the proposed POA without impairing the character of the aquifers therefore, the proposed use will not likely be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource.

The nearest known groundwater users in the Little Butte Volcanics are greater than 2,500 feet from the proposed POA (see attached Well Location Map). Well-to-well interference could not be quantitatively assessed due to the lack of an appropriate analytical model for the hydrogeology of the Little Butte Volcanics. However, to protect senior users, the conditions specified in B(1)(d)(i), above, are recommended for any permit issued for this application.

#### C. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-09-040

C1. 690-09-040 (1): Evaluation of aquifer confinement:

Well	Aquifer or Proposed Aquifer	Confined	Unconfined
1	Little Butte Volcanics		
2	Little Butte Volcanics		

Basis for aquifer confinement evaluation: Nearby water well reports generally indicate static water levels above the firstencountered water bearing zones (see attached Well Statistics). Therefore, the aquifer appears to be predominantly confined.

C2. 690-09-040 (2) (3): Evaluation of distance to, and hydraulic connection with, surface water sources. All wells located a horizontal distance less than 1/4 mile from a surface water source that produce water from an unconfined aquifer shall be assumed to be hydraulically connected to the surface water source. Include in this table any streams located beyond one mile that are evaluated for PSI.

Well	SW #	Surface Water Name	GW Elev ft msl	SW Elev ft msl	Distance (ft)		Conne	lically cted? ASSUMED	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed? YES NO	
1	1	Unnamed Tributary to	~375-425ª	190-315 <sup>b</sup>	~1,400	$\boxtimes$				
		Garret Creek								
_1_	2	Corner Creek	~375-425ª	300-370 <sup>b</sup>	~4,950	$\boxtimes$				$\boxtimes$
. 1	3	Rock Creek	~375-425a	210-315 <sup>b</sup>	~4,870					$\boxtimes$
2	1	Unnamed Tributary to	~375-425ª	190-315 <sup>b</sup>	~1,600	$\boxtimes$				X   X   X   X   X   X   X   X   X   X
		Garret Creek								
2	2	Corner Creek	~375-425ª	300-370 <sup>b</sup>	~4,870	$\boxtimes$				$\boxtimes$
2	3	Rock Creek	~375-425a	210-315 <sup>b</sup>	~5,120	$\boxtimes$				

Basis for aquifer hydraulic connection evaluation: Estimated static water level for groundwater in this area of the Little Butte Volcanics is above the nearby surface water elevations. The folded and eroded nature of the Little Butte Volcanics precludes discerning laterally-continuous confining units which would inhibit hydraulic connection between groundwater and surface water. Nearby streams have incised below the elevation of several water bearing zones noted in nearby well logs. Furthermore, perennial reaches of several nearby streams (including SW 1) appear to emerge from the Little Butte Volcanics, indicating a groundwater-fed component to nearby streamflows. Based on the available evidence, groundwater in the Little Butte Volcanics is hydraulically connected to nearby surface water sources.

- a Groundwater elevations estimated from nearby well logs. Statistical analysis of reported static water levels versus well depth for nearby water wells indicates there is a trend of lower static water levels with deeper well completions. The applicant has not provided proposed well construction specifications beyond an estimate of total depth; therefore, a broad range of groundwater elevations are considered.
- <sup>b</sup> Approximate LIDAR elevation of stream channel within 1 mile of proposed POA (Watershed Sciences, 2009).

Water Availability Basin the well(s) are located within: PUDDING R > MOLALLA R - AB MILL CR

C3a. 690-09-040 (4): Evaluation of stream impacts for each well that has been determined or assumed to be hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water source. Limit evaluation to instream rights and minimum stream flows that are pertinent to that surface water source, and not lower SW sources to which the stream under evaluation is tributary. Compare the requested rate against the 1% of 80% natural flow for the pertinent Water Availability Basin (WAB). If Q is not distributed by well, use full rate for each well. Any checked box indicates the well is assumed to have the potential to cause PSI.

Well	SW #	Well < ¼ mile?	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw> 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
1	1		П				67.30		*	$\boxtimes$
1	2						67.30	<b>⊠</b>	*	$\boxtimes$
1	3						67.30	× ×	*	<u> </u>
2	1						67.30		*	$\boxtimes$
2	2						67.30		*	×
2	3						67.30	M	*	- <u>M</u>

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C3b. 690-09-040 (4): Evaluation of stream impacts by total appropriation for all wells determined or assumed to be hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile from a surface water source. Complete only if Q is distributed among wells. Otherwise same evaluation and limitations apply as in C3a above.

	SW #	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw> 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?

Comments: The requested rate of appropriation (0.7793 ets) is greater than one percent (0.673 ets) of the discharge that is equaled or exceed 50 percent of the time (67.30 ets) as estimated for the PUDDING IR > MOLAULA IR = A/B MILL CR Water Availability Basin (WAIB), which includes SW 1-3. Therefore, per OAIR 690-09-0040(4)(e), the proposed use is assumed to have the potential to exuse substantial interference (PSI) with SW 1-3.

C4a. 690-09-040 (5): Estimated impacts on hydraulically connected surface water sources greater than one mile as a percentage of the proposed pumping rate. Limit evaluation to the effects that will occur up to one year after pumping begins. This table encompasses the considerations required by 09-040 (5)(a), (b), (c) and (d), which are not included on this form. Use additional sheets if calculated flows from more than one WAB are required.

Non-Dis	stributed	Wells				ľ							
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	9
Well Q	as CFS						-						
Interfere	nce CFS												
						** , * *			- 1				*
Distribu	ited Wells	S											
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	
Well Q	as CFS												
Interfere	ncé CFS												
							11		1.				:
(A) = Tot	tal Interf.	_											
(B) = 80	% Nat. Q									•	,		
(C) = 1	% Nat. Q												
-		vê, t.	,				1 1			:			
$(\mathbf{D}) = (A$	A) > (C)	✓	√	√	<b>√</b>	4	<b>√</b>	1	√	1	V.	<b>√</b>	. √
(E) = (A /	B) x 100	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	. 9

(A) = total interference as CFS; (B) = WAB calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (C) = 1% of calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (D) = highlight the checkmark for each month where (A) is greater than (C); (E) = total interference divided by 80% flow as percentage.

Basis for impact evaluation: Not Applicable

C4b.	690-09-040 (5) (b)	The potential to impair or detrimentally affect the public interest is to be determined by th	e Water
	Rights Section.		

C5. 🗌	If properly conditioned, the surface water source(s) can be adequately protected from interference, and/or groundwater use	
	under this permit can be regulated if it is found to substantially interfere with surface water:	
	i. The permit should contain condition #(s)	;
	ii. The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in "Remarks" below;	

C6. SW / GW Remarks and Conditions:

PSI for the proposed use was assumed per OAR (200-09-0040(4)(e) because the requested rate of appropriation exceeded one percent (0.6%) etc. / =302 gpm) of the 80 percent exceedance flow. If the requested rate of appropriation were reduced to less than 302 gpm (0.6%) etc), PSI would no longer be assumed on this basis.

<sup>\*</sup> Potential interference with nearby surface water sources could not be quantitatively assessed due to lack of an appropriate analytical model for the hydrogeology of the Little Butte Volcanics.

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#### **References Used:**

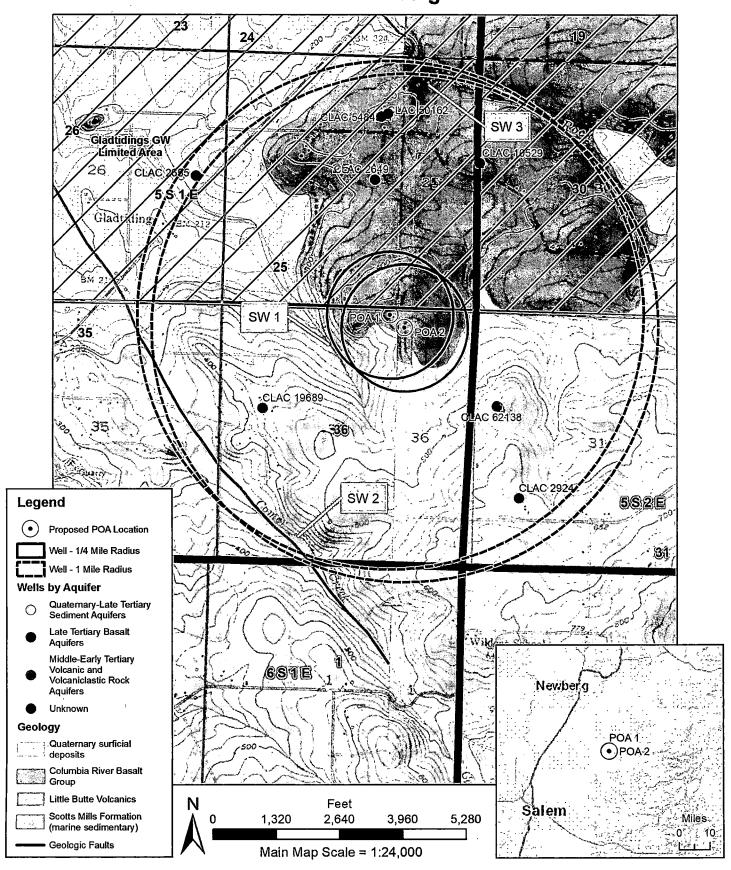
- Application File: G-18787
  - Water Well Reports: CLAC 10536, 19689, 51023, 61007, 62138, 62921, 64786
  - Hampton, E. R., 1972, Geology and Ground Water of the Molalla-Salem Slope Area, Northern Willamette Valley, Oregon, Water-Supply Paper 1997: U. S. Geological Survey, Reston, VA.
  - Miller, P. R. and Orr, W. N., 1984, Geologic Map of the Wilhoit Quadrangle, Oregon [map], 1:24,000, GMS-32: Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries, Portland, OR.
  - Peck, D. L., Griggs, A. B., Schlicker, H. G., Wells, F. G., and Dole, H. M., 1964, Geology of the central and northern parts of the Western Cascade Range in Oregon, Professional Paper 449: U. S. Geological Survey, Reston, VA.
  - Tolan, Terry L. and Beeson, Marvin H., 1999, Geologic Map of the Silverton and Scotts Mills NE 7.5 Minute Quadrangles, Northwest Oregon [map], 1:24,000, Open File Report 99-141: U.S. Geological Survey, Reston, VA.
  - Tolan, Terry L. and Beeson, Marvin H., 1999, Geologic Map of the Scotts Mills, Silverton, and Stayton Northeast 7.5 Minute Quadrangles, Oregon [pamphlet], Open File Report 99-141: U.S. Geological Survey, Reston, VA.
  - United States Geological Survey, 2013, National Elevation Dataset (NED) [DEM geospatial data]. 1/9th arc-second, updated 2013.
  - United States Geological Survey, 2017, Scotts Mills quadrangle, Oregon [map], 1:24,000, 7.5 minute topographic series, U.S. Department of the Interior, Reston, VA.
  - Watershed Sciences, 2009, LIDAR remote sensing data collection, Department of Geology and Mineral Industries, Willamette Valley Phase I, Oregon: Portland, OR, December 21.

#### D. WELL CONSTRUCTION, OAR 690-200

D1.	Well #:	Logid:								
D2.	THE WELL does not appear to meet current well construction standards based upon:  a. review of the well log;  b. field inspection by report of CWRE other: (specify)									
D3.	THE WELL construction deficiency or other comment is described as follows:									
D4.	Route to the Well Construction ar	nd Compliance Section	on for a review of existing well construction.							

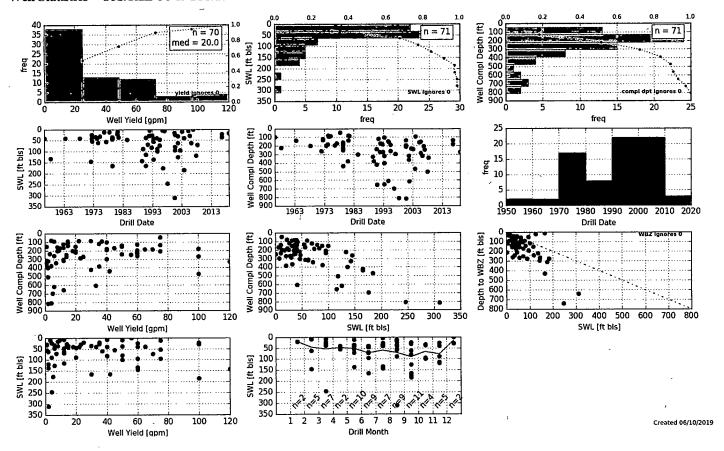
## G-18787 Bielenberg RLT

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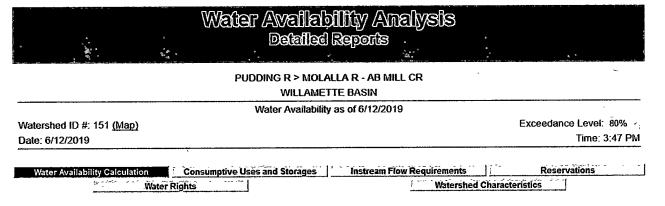


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#### Well Statistics - T5S/R1E-36 & T5S/R2E-31



#### Water Availability Table



#### Water Availability Calculation

Monthly Streamflow in Cubic Feet per Second Annual Volume at 50% Exceedance in Acre-Feet

Month	Natural Stream Flow	Consumptive Uses and Storages	Expected Stream Flow	Reserved Stream Flow	Instream Flow Requirement	Net Water Available
JAN	1,040.00	125.00	915.00	0.00	36.00	879.00
FEB	1,180.00	114.00	1,070.00	0.00	36.00	1,030,00
MAR	1,010.00	76.10	934.00	0.00	36.00	898.00
APR	787.00	51.90	735.00	0.00	36.00	699.00
MAY	425.00	49.90	375.00	0,00	36.00	339.00
JUN	224.00	71.50	153.00	0.00	36.00	117.00
JUL	109.00	112.00	-3.34	0.00	36.00	-39.30
AUG	71.00	92.00	-21.00	0,00	36.00	-57.00
SEP	67.30	52.20	15.10	0.00	36.00	-20.90
OCT	91.60	11.10	80.50	0.00	36.00	44.50
NOA	363.00	48,50	314.00	0.00	36.00	278.00
DEC	957.00	118.00	839.00	0.00	36.00	803.00
ANN	706,000.00	55,700.00	650,000.00	0.00	26,100.00	626,000.00

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