

Approved: 

MEMO

To: Kristopher Byrd, Well Construction and Compliance Section Manager
From: Tommy Laird, Well Construction Program Coordinator
Subject: Review of Water Right Application G-19172
Date: June 2, 2022

The attached application was forwarded to the Well Construction and Compliance Section by the Groundwater Section. Joe Kemper reviewed the application. Please see Joe's Groundwater Review and the Well Reports.

Applicant's Well #1 (JACK 1952): Based on a review of the Well Report, Applicant's Well #1 does not appear to comply with current minimum well construction standards (See OAR 690 Division 210). The problem is that the Well Report indicates that the well head is flush with land surface. In order to meet minimum well construction standards, the well head must be extended so that it is at least one-foot above land surface.

My recommendation is that the Department **not issue** a permit for Applicant's Well #1 unless it is brought into compliance with current minimum well construction standards or information is provided showing that it is constructed to meet current minimum well construction standards.

Bringing Applicant's Well #1 (JACK 1952) into compliance with minimum well construction standards may not satisfy hydraulic connection issues.

Groundwater Application Review Summary Form

Application # G- 19172

GW Reviewer Joe Kemper Date Review Completed: 3/11/2022

Summary of GW Availability and Injury Review:

Groundwater for the proposed use is either over appropriated, will not likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights, OR will not likely be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource per Section B of the attached review form.

Summary of Potential for Substantial Interference Review:

There is the potential for substantial interference per Section C of the attached review form.

Summary of Well Construction Assessment:

The well does not appear to meet current well construction standards per Section D of the attached review form. Route through Well Construction and Compliance Section.

This is only a summary. Documentation is attached and should be read thoroughly to understand the basis for determinations and for conditions that may be necessary for a permit (if one is issued).

WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

MEMO

March 11, 2022

TO: **Application G- 19172**

FROM: **GW: Joe Kemper**
 (Reviewer's Name)

SUBJECT: Scenic Waterway Interference Evaluation

YES The source of appropriation is hydraulically connected to a State Scenic Waterway or its tributaries

NO

YES Use the Scenic Waterway Condition (Condition 7J)

NO

Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is **able** to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a Scenic Waterway. The calculated interference is distributed below

Per ORS 390.835, the Groundwater Section is **unable** to calculate ground water interference with surface water that contributes to a scenic waterway; **therefore, the Department is unable to find that there is a preponderance of evidence that the proposed use will measurably reduce the surface water flows necessary to maintain the free-flowing character of a scenic waterway**

DISTRIBUTION OF INTERFERENCE

Calculate the percentage of consumptive use by month and fill in the table below. If interference cannot be calculated, per criteria in 390.835, do not fill in the table but check the "unable" option above, thus informing Water Rights that the Department is unable to make a Preponderance of Evidence finding.

Exercise of this permit is calculated to reduce monthly flows in Rogue Scenic Waterway by the following amounts expressed as a proportion of the consumptive use by which surface water flow is reduced.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083

PUBLIC INTEREST REVIEW FOR GROUNDWATER APPLICATIONS

TO: Water Rights Section Date 3/11/2022
 FROM: Groundwater Section Joe Kemper
Reviewer's Name
 SUBJECT: Application G- 19172 Supersedes review of NA
Date of Review(s)

PUBLIC INTEREST PRESUMPTION; GROUNDWATER

OAR 690-310-130 (1) *The Department shall presume that a proposed groundwater use will ensure the preservation of the public welfare, safety and health as described in ORS 537.525. Department staff review groundwater applications under OAR 690-310-140 to determine whether the presumption is established. OAR 690-310-140 allows the proposed use be modified or conditioned to meet the presumption criteria. This review is based upon available information and agency policies in place at the time of evaluation.*

A. GENERAL INFORMATION: Applicant's Name: Elliott Goldstein County: Jackson

A1. Applicant(s) seek(s) 0.045 cfs from 1 well(s) in the Rogue Basin,
Middle Rogue subbasin

A2. Proposed use Irrigation (0.8 acres) & Nursery (1 acre) Seasonality: Mar 1-Oct 31/Year Round

A3. Well and aquifer data (attach and number logs for existing wells; mark proposed wells as such under logid):

Well	Logid	Applicant's Well #	Proposed Aquifer*	Proposed Rate(cfs)	Location (T/R-S QQ-Q)	Location, metes and bounds, e.g. 2250' N, 1200' E fr NW cor S 36
1	JACK 1952	1	Bedrock	0.045	34S/4W-15 SW-NE	150' N, 310' W fr CE 1/16 cor S 15
2						
3						
4						

* Alluvium, CRB, Bedrock

Well	Well Elev ft msl	First Water ft bls	SWL ft bls	SWL Date	Well Depth (ft)	Seal Interval (ft)	Casing Intervals (ft)	Liner Intervals (ft)	Perforations Or Screens (ft)	Well Yield (gpm)	Draw Down (ft)	Test Type
1	1537	110	29	9/5/1978	125	0-18	0-20	na	na	30	-	Air

Use data from application for proposed wells.

A4. **Comments:** Well will also continue to be used for household exempt uses. Owner of TL 502 when well was drilled is corroborated by Jackson County assessor records.

A5. **Provisions of the** Rogue (OAR 690-515) Basin rules relative to the development, classification and/or management of groundwater hydraulically connected to surface water **are, or** **are not**, activated by this application. (Not all basin rules contain such provisions.)
 Comments: The Rogue Basin rules contain no such provisions.

A6. **Well(s) #** _____, _____, _____, _____, _____, tap(s) an aquifer limited by an administrative restriction.
 Name of administrative area: _____
 Comments: _____

B. GROUNDWATER AVAILABILITY CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-310-130, 400-010, 410-0070

B1. **Based upon available data**, I have determined that groundwater* for the proposed use:

- a. is over appropriated, is not over appropriated, or **cannot be determined to be** over appropriated during any period of the proposed use. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the over-appropriation determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
- b. **will not** or **will** likely be available in the amounts requested without injury to prior water rights. * This finding is limited to the groundwater portion of the injury determination as prescribed in OAR 690-310-130;
- c. **will not** or **will** likely to be available within the capacity of the groundwater resource; or
- d. **will, if properly conditioned**, avoid injury to existing groundwater rights or to the groundwater resource:
 - i. The permit should contain condition #(s) 7C, 7J, medium water use reporting;
 - ii. The permit should be conditioned as indicated in item 2 below.
 - iii. The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in item 3 below;

- B2. a. **Condition** to allow groundwater production from no deeper than _____ ft. below land surface;
- b. **Condition** to allow groundwater production from no shallower than _____ ft. below land surface;
- c. **Condition** to allow groundwater production only from the _____ groundwater reservoir between approximately _____ ft. and _____ ft. below land surface;
- d. **Well reconstruction** is necessary to accomplish one or more of the above conditions. The problems that are likely to occur with this use and without reconstructing are cited below. Without reconstruction, I recommend withholding issuance of the permit until evidence of well reconstruction is filed with the Department and approved by the Groundwater Section.

Describe injury –as related to water availability– that is likely to occur without well reconstruction (interference w/ senior water rights, not within the capacity of the resource, etc): _____

B3. **Groundwater availability remarks:** The applicant’s well accesses an aquifer hosted in secondary fractures and joints in diorite associated with the Wimer Pluton. Fractured rock aquifers typically have shallow water levels that mimic surface topography. Yields typically decrease with depths beyond 200-300 feet as fracture extent/interconnection decreases. Nearby wells JACK 64773, JACK 64774, and JACK 64775 indicate shallow water levels (10-20 feet) and yields varying from 2-60 gpm depending on the permeability of the fracture zone encountered. There are few water level observations over time from wells nearby, so over-appropriation cannot be determined at this time.

There are no permitted groundwater POAs within 1 mile. The nearest groundwater users are exempt-use wells on adjacent tax lots. The nearest wells are likely ~250 feet away on tax lots 100 and 500. Well-to-well interference from pumping the proposed use is estimated with a Theis distance drawdown model; drawdowns at these adjacent wells will not likely exceed ten feet after pumping the full requested volume.

C. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER CONSIDERATIONS, OAR 690-09-040

C1. **690-09-040 (1):** Evaluation of aquifer confinement:

Well	Aquifer or Proposed Aquifer	Confined	Unconfined
1	Fractured Bedrock of Wimer Pluton	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Basis for aquifer confinement evaluation: In fractured-bedrock aquifer systems, water is stored and transmitted primarily by discrete but connected fracture sets. These fractures generally extend to near the surface, so water within these fractures is likely under atmospheric pressure (unconfined) despite an overall low storage coefficient for the aquifer system as a whole and static water levels often reported above water-bearing zones on driller’s logs.

C2. **690-09-040 (2) (3):** Evaluation of distance to, and hydraulic connection with, surface water sources. All wells located a horizontal distance less than ¼ mile from a surface water source that produce water from an unconfined aquifer shall be assumed to be hydraulically connected to the surface water source. Include in this table any streams located beyond one mile that are evaluated for PSI.

Well	SW #	Surface Water Name	GW Elev ft msl	SW Elev ft msl	Distance (ft)	Hydraulically Connected?			Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?	
						YES	NO	ASSUMED	YES	NO
1	1	Pleasant Creek	1508	1455	1010	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
						<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Basis for aquifer hydraulic connection evaluation: Groundwater levels in fractured rock aquifers are typically shallow. The high relief topography surrounding the applicant’s well creates a hydraulic gradient for groundwater to flow towards and discharge to surface water. The applicant’s well would access an unconfined aquifer and is located within ¼ mile of Pleasant Creek. As per OAR 690-009-0040(2), the well is assumed to be hydraulically connected to Pleasant Creek.

Water Availability Basin the well(s) are located within: PLEASANT CR > EVANS CR - AB COLLINS CR

C3a. **690-09-040 (4):** Evaluation of stream impacts for each well that has been determined or assumed to be **hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile** from a surface water (SW) source. Limit evaluation to instream rights and minimum stream flows that are pertinent to that SW source, not lower SW sources to which the stream under evaluation is tributary. Compare the requested rate against the 1% of 80% *natural* flow for the pertinent Water Availability Basin (WAB). If Q is not distributed by well, use full rate for each well. Any checked box indicates the well is assumed to have the potential to cause PSI.

Well	SW #	Well < ¼ mile?	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
1	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	IS71013	0.52	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.35	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	>25	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>

C3b. **690-09-040 (4):** Evaluation of stream impacts by total appropriation for all wells determined or assumed to be **hydraulically connected and less than 1 mile** from a surface water source. **Complete only if Q is distributed among wells.** Otherwise same evaluation and limitations apply as in C3a above.

SW #	Qw > 5 cfs?	Instream Water Right ID	Instream Water Right Q (cfs)	Qw > 1% ISWR?	80% Natural Flow (cfs)	Qw > 1% of 80% Natural Flow?	Interference @ 30 days (%)	Potential for Subst. Interfer. Assumed?
	<input type="checkbox"/>			<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/>			<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>

Comments: Stream depletion is estimated using the Hunt (1999) model using aquifer parameters representative of bulk aquifer properties in a fractured-intrusive hydrogeologic setting.

C4a. **690-09-040 (5):** Estimated impacts on **hydraulically connected surface water sources greater than one mile** as a percentage of the proposed pumping rate. Limit evaluation to the effects that will occur up to one year after pumping begins. This table encompasses the considerations required by 09-040 (5)(a), (b), (c) and (d), which are not included on this form. Use additional sheets if calculated flows from more than one WAB are required.

Non-Distributed Wells													
Well	SW#	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Well Q as CFS													
Interference CFS													
(A) = Total Interf.													
(B) = 80 % Nat. Q													
(C) = 1 % Nat. Q													
(D) = (A) > (C)		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
(E) = (A / B) x 100		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%

(A) = total interference as CFS; (B) = WAB calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (C) = 1% of calculated natural flow at 80% exceed. as CFS; (D) = highlight the checkmark for each month where (A) is greater than (C); (E) = total interference divided by 80% flow as percentage.

Basis for impact evaluation: Streams beyond 1 mile were not considered in this review.

C4b. **690-09-040 (5) (b) The potential to impair or detrimentally affect the public interest is to be determined by the Water Rights Section.**

- C5. **If properly conditioned**, the surface water source(s) can be adequately protected from interference, and/or groundwater use under this permit can be regulated if it is found to substantially interfere with surface water:
- i. The permit should contain condition #(s) _____;
 - ii. The permit should contain special condition(s) as indicated in "Remarks" below;

C6. **SW / GW Remarks and Conditions:** The applicant's well accesses an aquifer that is determined and assumed to be hydraulically connected to Pleasant Creek. The proposed use is found to have the Potential for Substantial Interference (PSI) with Pleasant Creek by the following metrics as outlined in OAR 690-009: the well is located within ¼ mile of a surface water source, the requested rate (0.045 cfs) is larger than 1% of the expected natural stream flow (1% of 0.35 cfs or 0.0035 cfs), the requested rate (0.045 cfs) is larger than 1% of adopted instream flow (1% of 0.52 cfs or 0.0052 cfs), and the estimated stream depletion after 30 days is greater than 25%. Reducing the requested rate will not avoid a finding of PSI.

References Used:

Hunt, B. 1999. Unsteady stream depletion from ground water pumping. Ground Water 37, no. 1: 98-102.

OWRD Groundwater Information System Database – Accessed 3/11/2022.

Theis, C.V., 1935. The relation between the lowering of the piezometric surface and the rate and duration of discharge of a well using groundwater storage, Am. Geophys. Union Trans., vol. 16, pp. 519-524.

Wiley, T.J., 2006. Preliminary geologic map of the Wimer and McConville Peak 7.5' quadrangles, Jackson and Josephine Counties, Oregon: Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries, Open-File Report O-06-05, scale 1:24,000

D. WELL CONSTRUCTION, OAR 690-200

D1. Well #: _____ Logid: _____

D2. **THE WELL does not appear to meet current well construction standards based upon:**

- a. review of the well log;
- b. field inspection by _____;
- c. report of CWRE _____;
- d. other: (specify) _____

D3. **THE WELL construction deficiency or other comment is described as follows:** _____

D4. Route to the Well Construction and Compliance Section for a review of existing well construction.

Water Availability Tables

Water Availability Analysis
Detailed Reports

PLEASANT CR > EVANS CR - AB COLLINS CR
ROGUE BASIN

Water Availability as of 11/4/2021

Watershed ID #: 71013 ([Map](#))
Date: 11/4/2021

Exceedance Level: 80% ▾
Time: 9:46 AM

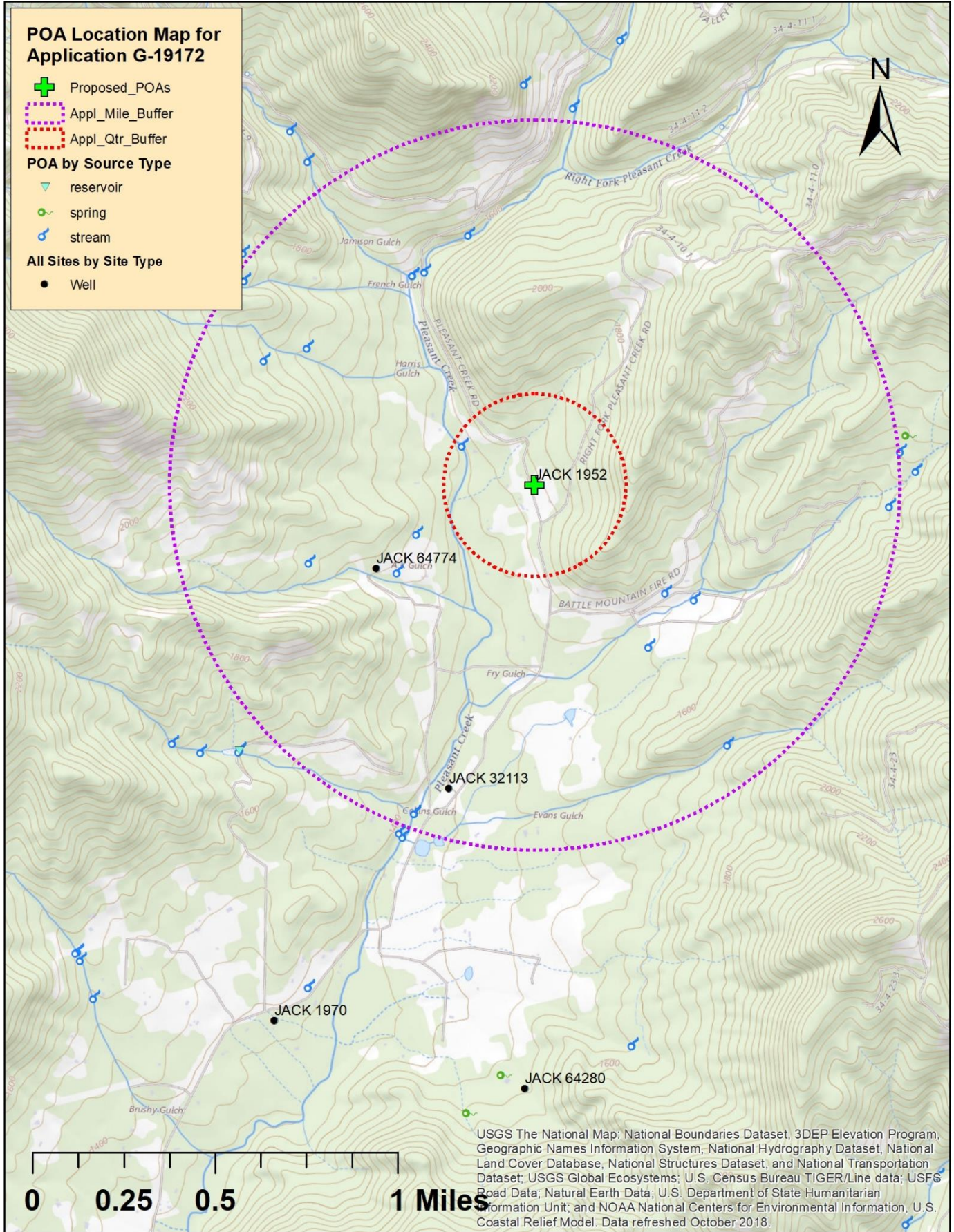
Water Availability Calculation	Consumptive Uses and Storages	Instream Flow Requirements	Reservations
Water Rights	Watershed Characteristics		

Water Availability Calculation

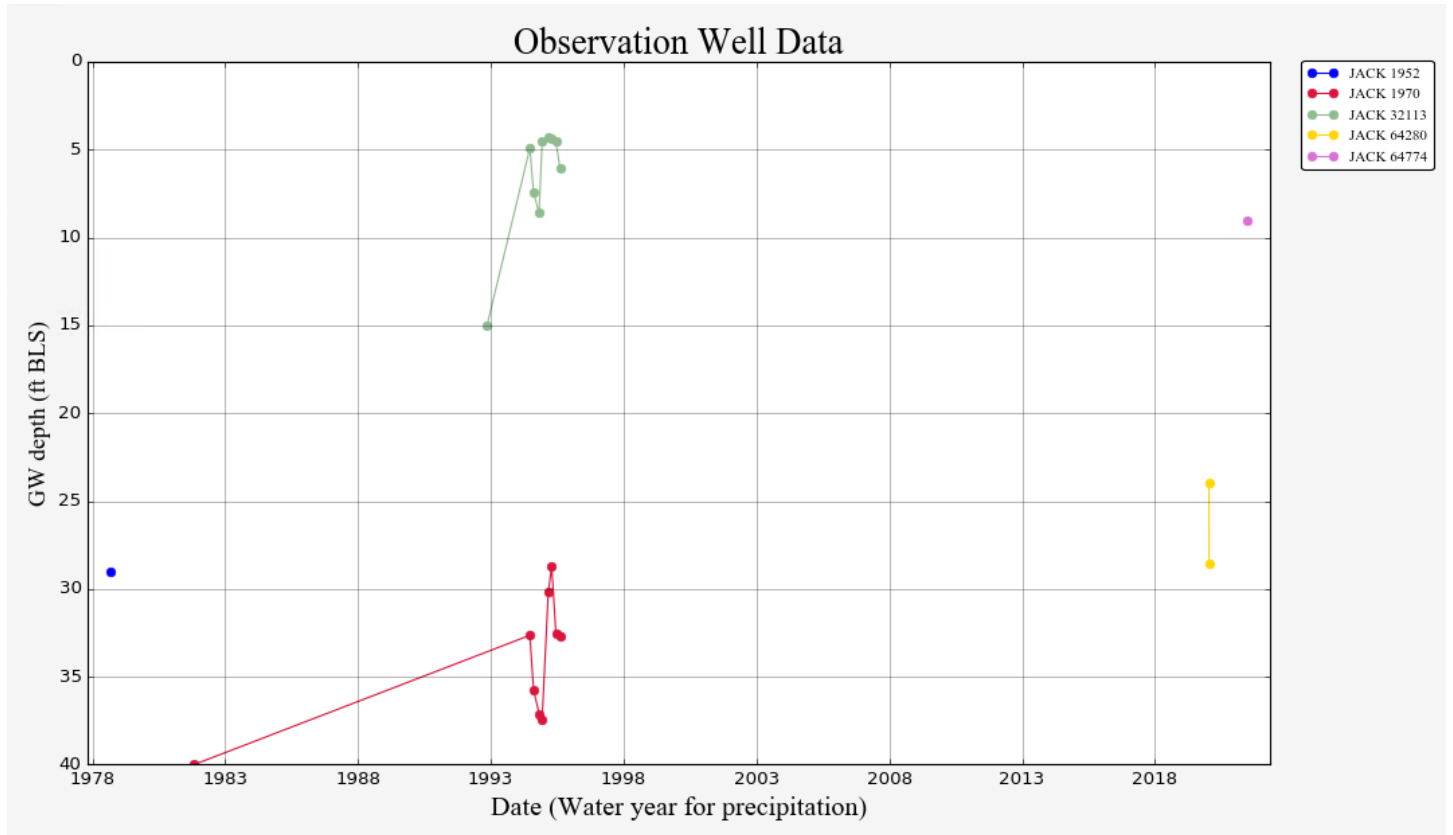
Monthly Streamflow in Cubic Feet per Second
Annual Volume at 50% Exceedance in Acre-Feet

Month	Natural Stream Flow	Consumptive Uses and Storages	Expected Stream Flow	Reserved Stream Flow	Instream Flow Requirement	Net Water Available
JAN	11.30	0.00	11.30	0.00	33.30	-22.00
FEB	20.10	0.00	20.10	0.00	34.00	-13.90
MAR	17.80	0.00	17.80	0.00	34.00	-16.20
APR	8.73	0.00	8.73	0.00	19.10	-10.40
MAY	3.91	0.00	3.91	0.00	7.01	-3.10
JUN	1.68	0.00	1.68	0.00	3.01	-1.33
JUL	0.74	0.00	0.74	0.00	1.02	-0.28
AUG	0.49	0.00	0.49	0.00	0.63	-0.14
SEP	0.35	0.00	0.35	0.00	0.52	-0.17
OCT	0.57	0.00	0.57	0.00	1.07	-0.50
NOV	1.92	0.00	1.92	0.00	5.43	-3.51
DEC	6.18	0.00	6.18	0.00	27.70	-21.50
ANN	10,700.00	0.00	10,700.00	0.00	10,000.00	673.00

Well Location Map



Water-Level Measurements in Nearby Wells



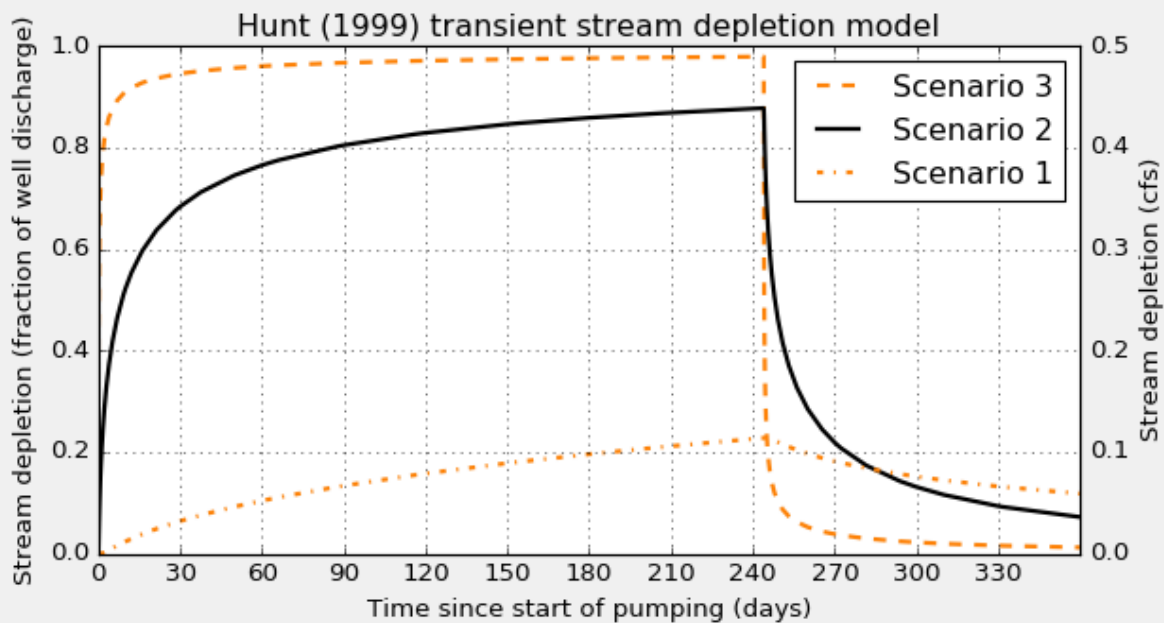
Stream Depletion Modeling

Application type:	G
Application number:	99999
Well number:	1
Stream Number:	1
Pumping rate (cfs):	0.5
Pumping duration (days):	244.0
Pumping start month number (3=March)	3.0

Parameter	Symbol	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Units
Distance from well to stream	a	1010	1010	1010	ft
Aquifer transmissivity	T	100	320	1000	ft ² /day
Aquifer storativity	S	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	-
Aquitard vertical hydraulic conductivity	Kva	0.01	0.05	0.1	ft/day
Not used		1	1	1	
Aquitard thickness below stream	babs	20	10	5	ft
Not used		1	1	1	
Stream width	ws	25	25	25	ft

Stream depletion for Scenario 2:

Days	10	330	360	30	60	90	120	150	180	210	240	270	300
Depletion (%)	52	9	7	68	76	80	83	85	86	87	88	22	13
Depletion (cfs)	0.26	0.05	0.04	0.34	0.38	0.40	0.41	0.42	0.43	0.43	0.44	0.11	0.07



Theis Distance Drawdown Modeling

Pumping rate models pumping the requested volume [(0.8 acres x 2.5 AF/acre) + (1.0 acres x 5.0 AF/acre)] or 7.0 AF at the maximum rate (20 gpm) over approximately 72 days.

Input Data:		Var Name	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Units	
Total pumping time	t			72		d	
Radial distance from pumped well:	r			250		ft	Q conversions
Pumping rate	Q			0.045		cfs	20.20 gpm
Hydraulic conductivity	K	1	3.2	10		ft/day	0.05 cfs
Aquifer thickness	b			100		ft	2.70 cfm
Storativity	S_1		0.0005				3,888.00 cfd
	S_2		0.00005				0.09 af/d
Transmissivity Conversions	T_f2pd	100	320	1000		ft ² /day	<input type="button" value="Recalculate"/>
	T_ft2pm	0.06944444	0.22222222	0.69444444		ft ² /min	
	T_gpdft	748	2393.6	7480		gpd/ft	

