<u>Water Supply Availability Committee/Drought Readiness Council Meeting – January 18, 2023</u>

Phone Conference – Meeting Notes

Attendees

Ryan Andrews – OWRD (Chair) Curtis Peetz – OEM Carrie Boudreau – USGS Henry Pai – NWRFC Troy Lindquist – NWS Larry O'Neill – OCCRI/OSU Spencer Sawaske – ODFW Andy Bryant – NWS Matt Warbritton – NRCS Peter Cooper – USBR Kain Shaffer – USBR Andy Martin – USACE Steve Parrett – ODEQ

Presentations - update on water supply conditions

Matt Warbritton

- Snow water equivalent
 - Dec 1 SWE well above normal statewide
 - \circ Jan 17 statewide SWE = 110%
 - Cascades dropped in % of average shift in storm track favoring southern OR and California recently
 - Station SWE percentiles mostly above 50% statewide in December
 - Many reductions in percentiles declining rates of accumulation along Cascades and low elevation sites in NE OR
 - Storms are having significant impact in California, Utah, Nevada
 - Eastern sites in Upper Deschutes-Crooked Basin are influencing near normal value
- Precipitation
 - Water year precipitation pretty stable throughout
 - \circ Jan 17 statewide precip = 91% of normal
 - All basins but SE OR (above) near to below average
 - Precip percentiles in northern OR Cascades and NE OR are all below 50%
- SWE vs WY precipitation indicates northern basins have decent SWE but low precip; southern basins good SWE and above average precip
- Soil moisture
 - Quartz Mountain well above average due to rain on snow
 - Silvies recently improved but still fairly dry
 - Clackamas Lake and High Ridge sites fairly average
 - Mt Howard and Schneider Meadows (Wallowas) had fairly average profiles early in water year but have declined to below average
- Water supply forecasts
 - Most flow forecast points are average to above average (upper Deschutes below average)
 - Above average snowpack conditions influence above average forecasts in Klamath

Andy Bryant

- Past 60-day precipitation below to well below average everywhere but NE OR
- Multi-year deficits in central OR (Jefferson and Crook Counties)
- December temperatures below average east of Cascades
- Next 10 days projected as mostly dry with below average temperatures
- Weak to moderate La Nina conditions projections show neutral conditions for spring/summer
- January through March outlook projects below average temperatures and above average precipitation in northern OR, near equal southern OR
- March through May outlook slightly favors below average temperatures in northern OR and near average precip nearly statewide (above average in NE)

Henry Pai

- Observed runoff to date below to well below average statewide
 - Dry conditions somewhat attributed to cool temperatures on top of below average precipitation
- Forecasts
 - April through September forecast show differing forecasts for Ochoco and Prineville - Prineville attributed to above average snowpack; Ochoco challenging due to reservoir below minimum pool
 - Most of west Cascades range average to below average
 - Klamath Basin ranges between 55% to 99%
 - Crooked near Prineville (92% of average forecasted) dry 10-day forecast having significant impact on streamflow forecasts
 - Ochoco Creek below Dam near Prineville difficult to assess due to reservoir levels below minimum pool so relying on manual measurements - basically no inflow into Ochoco since October 1 - forecast at 59% for April through September
 - Willamette R at Salem (forecast at 86%; WY at 72%)
 - Rogue R near Raygold (forecast at 82%; WY at 76%)
 - Umatilla R near Umatilla (forecast at 81%; WY at 74%)
 - Owyhee R at Owyhee Dam (forecast at 96%; WY at 115%) due to increased streamflow and healthy snowpack conditions

Larry O'Neill

- Changes on USDM proposed reductions in severity in southern and SE OR due to above average precipitation and good snowpack
 - Central Oregon Cascades and south Willamette Valley showing signs of more moderate drought (D1)
 - o Drought indicators suggest drought is worsening in north central Oregon
 - National authors improved Curry County no longer abnormally dry
- Precipitation deficits
 - Percentage precipitation deficit of annual average precipitation for Oct 2019-Sep 2022
 - Values of -100% indicate one full year of missing precipitation
 - o 6.1% of Oregon was missing a full year's precipitation over last 3 years

- 21.9% of Oregon missing 80% of full year's precipitation
- Crook County calendar year precipitation for 2022 well below average relative to 1981-2010; not many recharge years over past 10 or so years
- Prineville WYTD precipitation below average; last year above normal at this point; May is typically one of wetter months
- SPEI
 - Crook County SPEI shows long term drought over 36-month period well below previous worst on record
 - Jefferson County similar story just slightly less severe below average precipitation in 2022; accruing deficit over past decade or so
 - Jefferson SPEI show short (12-month) and longer-term (24-36 month) drought
- GRACE 1-meter soil moisture showing historical dryness throughout most of Jefferson and nearly all of Crook Counties
- 2022 was 10th warmest statewide; 40th driest since 1895 (91.8% of 1901-2000 average)
- Mostly experiencing new record highs rather than record lows
- Statewide SPEI for 2022 about -0.5; gets worse over 24- and 36-month periods

Carrie Boudreau

- 28-day average streamflow mostly average in western and NE OR; increased from last month
- 7-day average shows some reduction in southern Willamette Valley compared to 28-day
- John Day R at Service Creek firmly average
- Meacham Creek above average
- Metolius R lower end of average, just below average
- Deschutes R near Culver below average
- Crooked R below Opal Springs well below average
- Wilson R near Tillamook upper end of average
- Siletz R at Siletz above average
- Chetco R well above average
- Big Butte Creek near Mcleod below to well below average
- Upper Klamath Lake elevation approaching highest of past 10+ years
- Klamath R at Keno well below average
- Link R at Klamath Falls well below average
- Donner Und Blitzen R well above average
- Owyhee R nr Rome firmly average

Ryan Andrews

- Received official drought declaration request under ORS 536 from Jefferson County

 Crook County declared locally and likely to seek ORS 536 declaration soon
- December streamflow somewhat variable across state ranging from well below average to average (min = Crook County at 30%, max = Deschutes at 130%)
- Water year streamflow well below average throughout most of state with exceptions in South Coast and Umatilla Basins (min = Grande Ronde at 51%, max = Umatilla at 122%)
- 28-day streamflow percentiles mostly average statewide

- Comparison with 7-day averages show declines in southern Willamette Valley and parts of NE OR
- West Fork Hood River well below average streamflow over water year to date
- Rock Creek (Powder Basin) set record low flow throughout most of December
- Grande Ronde R bl Clear Creek below average over past seven days
- Crooked R ab Prineville at 37% of average over water year, some increase recently

Kain Shaffer

- Most reservoirs releasing winter minimums to continue filling
- Flood risk management operations ongoing at Scoggins
- Inflows increased at most facilities with wet weather
- Much below normal storage content in the southern, central, and southeastern basins (Rogue, Deschutes, Crooked, Malheur, Powder, Owyhee), but did see storage increases this month
- Above normal and higher storage content than WY2022 in northern basins (Unity, McKay, Scoggins)
- January 1 runoff forecasts came in near average to slightly below average
- Owyhee contents slightly below last year at this time
- Warm Springs hovering around historical low inflows increased but well below average; similar in Beulah and Bully Creek
- Unity above average storage for this time of year
- Phillips near historical low and forecast is just below average
- Upper Deschutes reservoirs (Wickiup, Crane Prairie, Crescent Lake) below median storage contents (around 10th percentile); slightly above last water year at this time
- Prineville Reservoir setting record minimum storage contents even below last water year at this time; forecast below average
- Ochoco receiving essentially no inflow stagnant storage contents well below average
- Haystack Reservoir was emptied for maintenance purposes (re-reg reservoir)
- Rogue River benefitted from atmospheric rivers; increases in flows
- McKay above median

Andy Martin

- Willamette not storing any water for storage purposes below rule curves everywhere
- Transitioning from active flood risk management near end of December to rule curve management holding minimum conservation levels until refill season at beginning of February
- Southern Willamette Valley Harrisburg is first control point for regulating southern reservoirs had two peaks approach bankfull conditions end of December stored water to protect from reaching bankfull released storage incurred during atmospheric river events now expect to see lower flows in general along middle fork Willamette and southern part of Valley
- Stored a lot of water in Detroit Reservoir due to concerns with downstream flooding back down to minimum pool
- Lost Creek in Rogue storing wintertime water supply (about 47% full)

• Slightly above rule curve in Applegate - near normal January regulated storage (1% above; 40% full)

Discussion

- Much of Crooked Basin modeled SWE is high elevation aligning with high elevation SNOTEL sites showing well above average, but low elevation area lacks modeled snowpack coverage
 - Consideration for future SNOTEL site at mid or low elevation in Crooked Basin
- Is surface runoff soaking into soil above Ochoco Lake? Ochoco Creek and Mill Creek showing much more streamflow than inflow into lake
 - NWRFC Ochoco deep soil bucket (affecting baseflow) is out of simulated calibration range for end of January values
- Discussed Jefferson and Crook County drought declaration requests under ORS 536
- Next meeting proposed February 15