Groundwater Data and Information Needs

Ivan Gall – Groundwater Manager

April 19, 2012

OWRD collects groundwater data for multiple goals:

 Define hydrologic and aquifer systems with basin studies

 Water Management = timely and effective regulation and distribution

Allocation of groundwater

Actions related to the IWRS



Recommended Action 1.A Conduct Additional Groundwater Investigations

Recommended Action 1.B Improve Inter-Agency Natural Resource Data Collection

Recommended Action 2.B Improve Water-Use Measurement and Reporting

Recommended Action 10.B Improve Access to Built Storage

Components of a basin groundwater study:

- Geological framework
- Basin Water Budget
- Groundwater Use
- Aquifer recharge

Basin Study: Relationship between groundwater and surface water



Basin Study: Direction & Rate of Groundwater Flow



Basin Study: Aquifer Test Data





Basin Study: Amount of groundwater in storage





Data Sources for Aquifer Properties

•Groundwater permit holders are required to submit pump test data prior to certification (specific capacity and transmissivity)

•Aquifer tests conducted by groundwater staff

 Well log data critical to assessing aquifer location, thickness and geometry, and historical water levels

•AR and ASR projects are providing new and useful aquifer data

•Basalt well cuttings sample analyses of CRBG

•Geological mapping from DOGAMI and USGS

Exempt Use Well Density – 2010 217,610

Density of Exempt Wells per 640 Acres





Groundwater Use in Oregon

•Like surface water rights, newer groundwater rights are conditioned to require water use measurement

 Water rights for governmental entities are required to have a measuring device and report water use per OAR 690-085

 Groundwater users in groundwater management areas may be required to measure and report water use

 In certain basins OWRD staff collect water use data (Umatilla and Klamath basins)



Factors Influencing Monitoring Network Development:

Increasing Demand

Resource Constrained (cooperator funding = increased monitoring)

Groundwater/Surface Water Interaction

Factors Influencing Monitoring Network Development:

•New technologies (artificial recharge/aquifer storage and recovery)

New laws (mitigation programs, net environmental benefits)

 Increased water right complexity (permit conditions commonly related to limited supply)









Conclusions

 Aquifer property and groundwater use data help us better understand our groundwater resources

 Ongoing data collection today can save money, time, and provide more insight/understanding, for future basin studies

 Improved water use measuring can improve water management; may lead to improved efficiency and conservation

Ivan Gall – Groundwater Manager

503.986.0847

Ivan.K.Gall@wrd.state.or.us

www.wrd.state.or.us