# Oregon Water Resources Monitoring Strategy

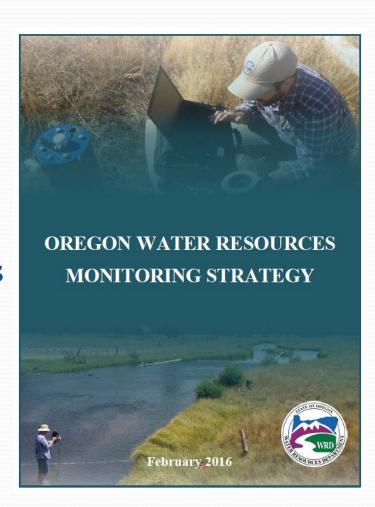
### **Mellony Hoskinson**

**February 26, 2016** 



## Overview

- Reasons for development
- Monitoring Priorities
- Recommended Monitoring Actions
- Implementation



# Reasons for Development

- Key Performance Measures (KPMs)
  - ➤ Better understanding of surface water and groundwater resources across the state
  - ➤ Increase number of gaging stations and observation wells
- Efficient and effective use of resources
- Coordinate monitoring efforts
  - Federal and State agencies
  - > Tribes
  - Local monitoring groups
  - > STREAM Team
- Integrated Water Resources Strategy
  - > 2012 Recommended Actions 1b and 1c
    - Improved water resources data collection and monitoring
  - > 2017 Coming Pressures (Monitoring Priorities)

# Monitoring Priorities

- Climate Change
- Extreme Events
- Groundwater Protection
- Water Management
- Instream Needs
- Water Supply
- Partnering with other agencies



## Recommended Monitoring Actions

The Department has identified and recommended specific monitoring actions that should be taken to address each monitoring priority.

- Identify streamflow type
- Record is long-term, year round
- Data are transmitted in real-time

- Monitor snow-rain transition zones
- Monitor groundwater levels in declining areas
- Early warning indicators of high flows

# Climate Change

- Altered hydrology of streams
- Rising temperatures
- Precipitation as rain instead of snow
  - > Reduction in summer flows

#### **Recommended Monitoring Actions**

- > Natural streamflow
- Record is long-term, year round
- Located in areas of rain-snow transitions

Mt. Ashland Ski Bowl (April 1, 2015)



# Climate Change

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Mt. Ashland Ski Bowl (Typical April)



## **Extreme Events**

- Floods
- Drought
- Wildfires
  - > Flash flooding
  - > Severe debris flows

- > Early warning indicators
- > Effective monitoring
  - > High flows
  - > Low flows
- Rapidly deploy gages in recently burned watersheds



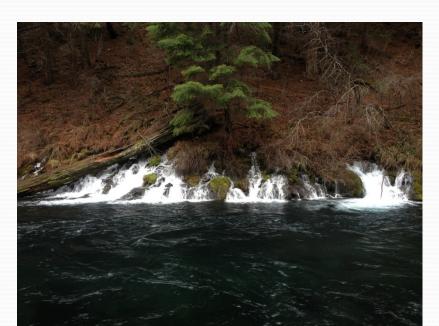




## **Groundwater Protection**

- Groundwater Levels
  - > Inform conjunctive use management
  - ➤ Issuing new groundwater permits
- Studies of Oregon's aquifers
  - > Capacity, location, extent
  - > Assess groundwater availability
- Surface water/Groundwater Interactions

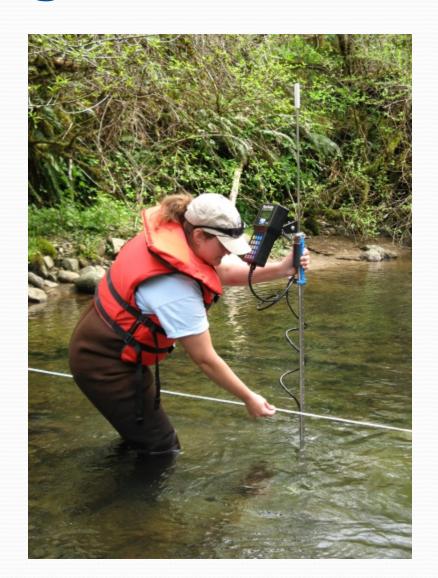
- Long-term data collection
- Hydraulic connection between aquifers
- > Pair monitoring wells with stream gages



# Water Management

- Distribution and regulation
- Water availability
  - > Understand
  - > Predict
- Water use data

- > Timely and effective
- > Install flow meters
- Measures return flows
- Measures consumptive use rates



## Instream Needs

- Recreation
- Pollution abatement
- Navigation
- Fish and wildlife populations

- Sensitive, threatened, and endangered species
- Restoration and conservation activities
- Scenic waterways





# Water Supply

- Population increases
- Changing climate
- Shifts in land use
- Water demand
- Water management practices

- Establish gages and wells in watersheds with predicted increase in demand
- Measures snow-pack and runoff
- Measures actual water use





# Partnering with Other Agencies

- Water supply development projects
- Develop flow prescriptions
- Monitor water quality
- Restore and conserve habitats

# OVEB

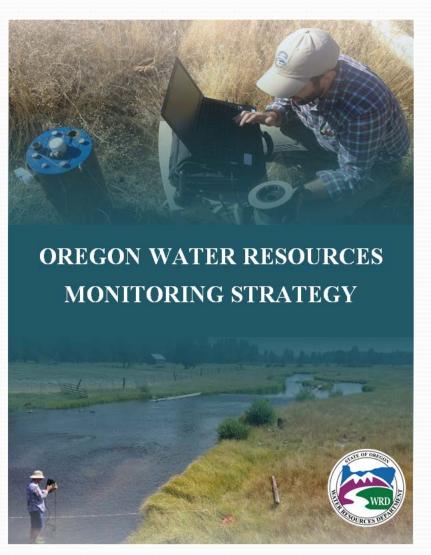
- Partner with USGS, ODFW, DEQ, OWEB, tribes
- Develop monitoring protocols
  - Deploying instruments
  - Data collection, management, and sharing







## Implementing the Monitoring Strategy



## **Next Steps**

- Database Enhancements
  - ➤ Advanced querying capabilities
- Coordinate with external partners
- Network evaluations
  - Evaluate current and potential monitoring sites
  - Meet needs of Monitoring Priorities
  - > Determine gaps in monitoring data

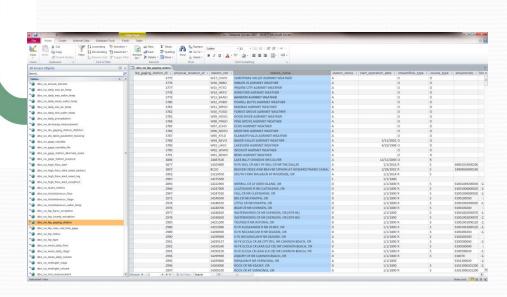
## Database Enhancements

- Add new attributes
  - > Natural streamflow
  - > Regulation of instream water rights
  - > Extreme events
  - Surface water/groundwater interactions
- Update/verify current attributes
  - ➤ Update elevation
  - Verify streamflow type
- Flag problematic sites
  - ➤ Data quality
  - ➤ Safety concerns
  - ➤ Difficult to access

# What can I do with updated data?

- Is the stream flow type regulated or natural?
- Are there significant diversions above the gage?
- Can the gage be paired with local wells?
- What other data is being collected?





## Coordinate with External Partners

- Solicited input on monitoring site locations
  - Shared survey withSTREAM Team members
  - ➤ DEQ, ODF, ODA, and OWEB utilize water quantity data
  - Feedback considered on future monitoring locations



Salmon River near Otis

## **Network Evaluations**

- Database enhancements
- Input from partners
- Meeting needs of **Monitoring Priorities**
- Determine future monitoring site locations

#### OWRD STREAM GAGING NETWORK **EVALUATION FOR WATER DISTRIBUTION**

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State of Oregon Water Resources Department

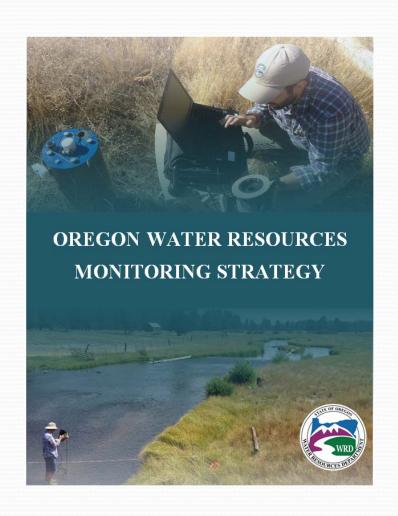
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# Acknowledgements

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## Questions?

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