Director's technical review is defective, the objection shall set forth facts which support the allegation. If the objector alleges that the proposed water use may impair or be detrimental to the public interest, the objection shall specify the particular public interest standard(s) identified in ORS 537.170 and OAR 690-11-195 that the objector believes would prohibit or restrict the proposed water use. The objector shall also state facts to support the allegation that the proposed water use is not permitted by the specified standards. Objectors are encouraged to indicate if they would be interested in participating in settlement of their concerns through alternative dispute resolution or if the issues raised should be considered as a part of a contested case hearing.

(2) If no objection is received by the Department on or before the date stated in the report of the technical review, the Commission and Director may presume the

application is not opposed by any person or entity.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 536.025, 536.027, 536.220, 536.300, 536.310, 537.338 & 537.356 - 537.358

Hist.: WRD 9-1992, f. & cert. ef. 7-1-92

Evaluation of Objections and Filing of Protests

690-11-175 (1) If objection(s) are filed with the Department within the time limits prescribed in OAR 690-11-170(1), the Director shall transmit copies of such objection(s) to the applicant(s), all objectors and all commenters who indicated they would not oppose the permit if it was issued with the conditions recommended in the technical review. The Director shall assess such objection(s) to determine if the matters raised by the objector(s) demonstrate that the Director's technical review was defective or that the proposed water use may impair or be detrimental to the public interest.

(2) If the Director determines that the objection(s) contains facts that establish that the Director's technical review was defective or identifies elements of the proposed water use that may impair or be detrimental to the public interest, the Director shall advise the objector(s), applicant and all commenters who indicated they would not oppose the permit if it was issued with the conditions recommended in the technical review that the parties may engage in discussions to attempt to resolve the technical review or public interest issues described in the objection.

(3) If the parties elect to engage in formal discussions to attempt to resolve the technical review or public interest issues, such discussions shall be conducted as

prescribed in OAR 690-11-180.

(4) If the Director determines that the objection(s) does not contain facts that establish that the Director's technical review was defective or does not identify elements of the proposed water use that may impair or be detrimental to the public interest, the Director shall deny the objection and shall transmit notice of the denial to the applicant and objector(s) by mail.

(5) The objector(s) shall be allowed 30 days from the date of mailing of the denial to protest the denial of their objection(s). The form and content of the protest along with the filing and service procedure shall be in accordance with the standards set

forth in OAR 690-02-030 through 690-02-080.

(6) If a protest(s) is timely filed, the Director shall refer the application, with

accompanying objection(s) and protest(s), to the Commission for review.

(7) If the objection(s) are denied and no protests are filed, the Commission, in cases described in OAR 690-11-185(2), or the Director, in cases described in OAR 690-11-185(3), shall review the application to determine if the proposed water use may impair or be detrimental to the public interest pursuant to OAR 690-11-185 and 690-11-195.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 536.025, 536.027, 536.220, 536.300, 536.310, 537.338 & 537.356 -

Hist.: WRD 9-1992, f. & cert. ef. 7-1-92

Alternative Dispute Resolution

690-11-180 (1) If an objection(s) is timely filed and is not denied, and if the applicant and objector(s) elect to engage in discussions, the applicant and objector(s) shall:

- (a) Inform the Director within 30 days of receipt of the copies of the objections mailed under OAR 690-11-175(1) of their election to enter into discussions;
- (b) Notify the Director of the time, date, and location of all discussion sessions not less than ten days before each session;

(c) Agree that the Director or the Director's designee may participate in all

discussion sessions to provide counsel, direction, facilitation;

- (d) Submit a written report to the Director within 30 days of notice of their election to enter discussions which identifies the parties who will participate in the discussions and sets out an estimated completion date for the discussions which shall not exceed 180 days from the date of notice of election;
- (e) Submit monthly reports to the Director identifying the place, time, and attendance of all discussion sessions and a summary of the matters discussed at each

session;

- (f) Agree to identify the issues to be addressed in the discussions before discussions are initiated;
- (g) Acknowledge that no agreement of the applicant and objector(s) is binding on

the State of Oregon until approved by the Director or the Commission;

- (h) Agree to support their agreement for resolution of the matters under discussion if such agreement is presented to, and approved by, the Director or the Commission;
- (i) Agree to hold the Director, the Department, and the Commission harmless for any act, omission or event resulting from, or related to, the discussions or any

agreement resulting therefrom; and

- (j) Agree that evidence of conduct or statements made during discussions or negotiations which are not included as a part of a settlement are not admissible in any subsequent hearing or action on the application, unless the applicant and objector(s) stipulate otherwise. This prohibition of admissibility does not require the exclusion of any evidence otherwise discoverable merely because it is presented in the course of discussions or negotiations.
- (2) If the applicant or objector(s) fail to submit timely reports, fail to show progress toward resolution of the identified issues or fail to adhere to their schedule or the requirements set forth in this section, the Director shall terminate the discussions and refer the application to the Commission for review or schedule a contested case hearing. The Director may allow an extension of the completion date for good cause.

(3) The applicant or objector(s) may request that the Director, or the Director's

designee, facilitate the discussions.

- (4) If the applicant and objector(s) are able to resolve the issues raised by the objector(s), the applicant and objector(s) shall execute a settlement agreement setting forth such resolution and submit said settlement agreement to the Director for review.
- (5) Upon receipt of a settlement agreement the Director shall determine whether the technical review or public interest issues raised by the objection(s) have been resolved.

(6) If the application is within one or more of the categories described in OAR 690-11-185(2), the Director shall refer the application, along with the settlement

agreement, to the Commission for review.

(7) If the technical review or public interest issues are resolved to the satisfaction of the Director, and the application is not within one of the categories described in OAR 690-11-185(2), the Director may order that a permit be issued which reflects the elements of the settlement agreement.

(8) If the Director finds that the settlement agreement does not resolve the technical review or public interest issues, and the application is not within one of the categories described in OAR 690-11-185(2), the Director shall refer the application

to a contested case hearing.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 536.025, 536.027, 536.220, 536.300, 536.310, 537.338 & 537.356 -

Hist.: WRD 9-1992, f. & cert. ef. 7-1-92

Conflict with Existing Water Rights

690-11-183 The Commission, in cases described in OAR 690-11-185(2), or the Director, in cases described in OAR 690-11-185(3), shall reject any application for a proposed water use that conflicts with an existing water right.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 536.025, 536.027, 536.220, 536.300, 536.310, 537.338 & 537.356 -

Hist.: WRD 9-1992, f. & cert. ef. 7-1-92

Public Interest Review

690-11-185 (1) Each water use application shall be evaluated to determine whether the proposed use may impair or be detrimental to the public interest according to the standards described in ORS 537.170, OAR 690-11-185 and the definitions, procedures and standards in OAR 690-33-100 through 690-33-140.

(2) The following categories of applications shall be submitted to the Commission for determination as to whether the proposed water use may impair or be detrimental to the public interest:

(a) Appropriations for consumptive or out-of-stream uses of water in amounts

greater than ten cubic feet per second (cfs);

- (b) Diversions or appropriation of waters from basin of origin pursuant to ORS 537.801 to 537.850;
- (c) Dams greater than 25 feet in height or impounding more than 100 acre-feet of water;

(d) Conditional uses under a basin program;

(e) Artificial groundwater recharge;

(f) Applications for use of water from a surface water source or its tributaries where the Department has been notified of the presence of a species listed as threatened or endangered under either the United States or Oregon Endangered Species Act which may be adversely affected by the water uses identified in the application; or

(g) Applications on which protests have been filed pursuant to OAR 690-11-175(5).

(3) The Director shall evaluate all applications for water use not identified in section (2) of this rule to determine whether the proposed water use may impair or be detrimental to the public interest.

(4) In determining whether the proposed water use may impair or be detrimental to the public interest under the standards set out in ORS 537.170(5) and OAR 690-11195, the Commission, in cases described in section (2) of this rule, or the Director, in cases described in section (3) of this rule, shall consider the facts set forth in the following documents:

(a) The application and supporting data;

(b) The Director's report of technical review;

(c) Objection(s) that meet the requirements of OAR 690-11-170(1); and

(d) Protest(s) filed pursuant to OAR 690-11-175(5) and (6).

(5) If no objection or protest has been filed, the Commission shall not receive public testimony during its review of the proposed water use, unless the testimony relates to an issue that could not have been identified in an objection or protest.

(6) If an objection or protest has been timely filed, the Commission may, but is not required to, hear public testimony during its review of the proposed water use.

- (7) If the Commission, in cases described in section (2) of this rule, or the Director, in cases described in section (3) of this rule, determines that the proposed water use described in the application may impair or be detrimental to the public interest, the Commission or Director shall schedule a contested case hearing. Such hearing shall be conducted according to the provisions for a contested case hearing under ORS 183.413 to 183.497 and OAR Chapter 690, Division 2.
- (8) If the Commission, in cases described in section (2) of this rule, or the Director, in cases described in section (3) of this rule, determines that the proposed water use described in the application will impair or be detrimental to the public interest, the Commission or Director shall propose rejection and schedule a contested case hearing. Such hearing shall be conducted according to the provisions for a contested case hearing under ORS 183.413 to 183.497 and OAR Chapter 690, Division 2.
- (9) If the Commission, in cases described in section (2) of this rule, or the Director, in cases described in section (3) of this rule, finds that the proposed water use will not impair or be detrimental to the public interest, a water use permit shall be issued.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 536.025, 536.027, 536.220, 536.300, 536.310, 537.338 & 537.356 - 537.358

Hist.: WRD 9-1992, f. & cert. ef. 7-1-92, WRD _-1994, f. & cert. ef. 9-21-94

Contested Case Public Interest Review

690-11-190 In any contested case hearing held for the purpose of determining whether the proposed water use would impair or be detrimental to the public interest, the Commission, in cases described in OAR 690-11-185(2), or the Director, in cases described in OAR 690-11-185(3), shall apply the standards set out in ORS 537.170(5) and OAR 690-11-195 to the facts found on the record made at the hearing. The parties to the hearing shall include the applicant and any person who qualifies for party status under OAR 137-03-005. The Commission or the Director may issue an order that either approves or rejects the application or conditions the proposed water use to ensure it is consistent with the public interest.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 536.025, 536.027, 536.220, 536.300, 536.310, 537.338 & 537.356 -

Hist.: WRD 9-1992, f. & cert. ef. 7-1-92

Standards for Public Interest Review

690-11-195 (1) The Commission, in cases described in OAR 690-11-185(2), or the Director, in cases described in OAR 690-11-185(3), shall weigh the effect of the proposed water use on each of the standards set out in ORS 537.170(5) to assess impairment or detriment to the public interest.

(2) The Commission, in cases described in OAR 690-11-185(2), or the Director, in cases described in OAR 690-11-185(3), shall conclude that a proposed water use will impair or be detrimental to the public interest under ORS 537.170(5) if the technical review conducted under OAR 690-11-160 reveals that:

(a) The proposed water use is prohibited by statute or scenic waterway criteria;

(b) The proposed water use is not a classified use under the applicable basin program and an application for the use has not been filed under ORS 536.295 and OAR Chapter 690, Division 82;

(c) The proposed water use cannot be modified to be consistent with conditions previously imposed by the Commission on appropriations from the same source;

(d) The proposed water use would conflict with existing water right; or

(e) Water is not available from the source to support the proposed water use.
(3) In applying the standards set forth in ORS 537.170(5), the Commission, in cases described in OAR 690-11-185(2), or the Director, in cases described in OAR 690-11-185(3), shall evaluate the proposed water use in light of current uses, planned uses and reasonably anticipated future demands for water from the source as established in the record. The evaluation shall recognize all known beneficial uses of water, including but not limited to the following categories:

(a) Population growth demands for domestic and municipal uses;

(b) Economic development for agriculture, navigation, manufacturing, industry, power generation, commercial fishing, forestry and mining;

(c) Health and safety requirements for sanitation, drainage, flood control, and fire

protection; and

(d) Public values and uses for recreation, pollution abatement, fish and wildlife resources, and scenic waterway protection.

(4) The public interest determination shall be based on evidence which may include, but is not limited to, the following:

(a) Existing claims to water from the same source, including but not limited to:

(A) Existing decreed rights; (B) Existing certified rights;

(C) Existing permits;

(D) Pending applications;

(E) Existing vested or inchoate rights of record;

(F) Indian reserved rights or claims; and (G) Federal reserved rights or claims.

(b) Land use goals, comprehensive plans, or other land use matters. Public interest determinations relating to land use may be based on, but not necessarily limited to:

(A) Statewide Planning Goals;

(B) Comprehensive Land Use Plans, including plan assumptions and policies;

(C) Public Facilities Plans;

(D) Current, planned, or reasonably anticipated uses for land;

(E) Local government administrative provisions, regulations, or approvals including zoning designations, filed land division plans or plats, or issued building permits;

(F) Projected changes in population, industrial or manufacturing bases, or

economic trends; or

(G) Land management plans prepared by federal or state agencies. (c) Identified environmental concerns, including but not limited to:

(A) Water quality; (B) Air pollution;

(C) Proximity of urban or transportation congestion; and

(D) Soil contamination.

(d) Character and extent of other natural resources which are present in the water source basin, including but not limited to:

(A) Fish and other aquatic species and population;

(B) Wildlife species and population;

(C) Timber and other woody plant cover;

(D) Grasses and forbs; (E) Minerals; and

(F) Geothermal energy.

(e) Riparian and aquatic fauna and flora characteristics;

(f) Recreational use and potential of the water source and its basin area;

(g) Agricultural potential of the area, including but not limited to an assessment of the following:

(A) Crop or livestock production potential including dairy operation;

(B) Soil, topographic, and climatic characteristics;

(C) Transportation and market access; and

(D) Community and support facilities of the area.

(h) Designated historic, cultural, or natural resource protection areas; and

(i) Identified health or safety requirements.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 536.025, 536.027, 536.220, 536.300, 536.310, 537.338 & 537.356 - 537.358

Hist.: WRD 9-1992, f. & cert. ef. 7-1-92

Water Rights Within or Above State Scenic Waterways

690-11-196 (1) Pursuant to the provisions of ORS 390.835, and these rules the Director is authorized to:

(a) Issue water rights within or above the designated reach of a scenic waterway provided the free-flowing character of the waterway is maintained in quantities necessary for recreation, fish and wildlife uses.

(b) Issue water rights for limited human consumption and livestock consumption uses within or above a designated reach of a scenic waterway when flows are less than quantities necessary for recreation, fish and wildlife.

(2) The Director may issue water rights under subsection (1)(b) of this rule for human consumption and livestock consumption uses upon the following findings:

(a) Issuing the water right does not significantly impair the free-flowing character of these waters in quantities necessary for recreation, fish and wildlife;

(b) Appropriation of water under the water right is consistent with the

provisions of ORS Chapters 536 and 537 and OAR Chapter 690;

- (c) Construction, operation and maintenance of the diversion system will be carried out in a manner consistent with the purposes set forth in ORS 390.805 to 390.925;
- (d) Water rights for human consumption shall not exceed .005 cubic feet per second per household; and

(e) Water rights for livestock consumption uses shall not exceed one-tenth of one cubic foot per second per 1,000 head of livestock.

(3) Prior to completion of a technical review, applications to appropriate water for human consumption or livestock consumption uses shall include:

(a) Information which identifies all potential alternate source(s) of water, if any, and describes why the applicant cannot reasonably obtain water from such sources;

(b) If the application proposes to appropriate water for human consumption, evidence that denial of the application will result in loss of reasonable expectations for use of the property; and

(c) If the application proposes to appropriate water for livestock consumption use, a description of how livestock will be excluded from the stream and its riparian zone and information that the water right is necessary to prevent the livestock from watering in or along the stream bed.

(4) In addition to the findings set out in subsection (2) of this rule, before a water right permit may be issued for human consumption or for livestock consumption

uses under subsection (1)(b) of this rule the Director must find:

(a) The water right meets a need for a use which is given preference under ORS 536.310(12) when available supplies of water are insufficient to meet all uses;

(b) No alternate sources of water are reasonably available;

(c) For applications for human consumption, denial of the application will result

in loss of reasonable expectations for use of the property;

(d) For applications for livestock consumption uses, the water right is necessary to prevent livestock from watering in or along the stream bed and the applicant has excluded livestock from the stream and its adjacent riparian zone; and

(e) Water is available within the combined cumulative total limitation described

in subsection (5) of this rule.

- (5) The Director shall limit the total water use authorized under subsection (1)(b) of this rule within or above each scenic waterway to no more than a combined cumulative total of one percent of the average daily flow or one cubic foot per second, whichever is less. Such combined cumulative total may be exceeded if representatives of the Departments of Water Resources, Parks and Recreation, Fish and Wildlife, Environmental Quality and the Division of State Lands agree that exceeding the one percent or one cubic foot per second limit will not significantly impair the free-flowing character of the waters in quantities necessary for recreation, fish and wildlife.
- (6) Water rights issued for human consumption shall contain measuring and reporting conditions which require permittees to install meters or other suitable measuring devices, to keep complete records of amounts of water used and to submit periodic reports to the Department as specified in the permits.

(7) Water rights issued for livestock consumption uses shall contain conditions that require permittees to exclude livestock from the stream and its adjacent

riparian zone.

- (8) The Department's report of technical review issued pursuant to this rule shall:
- (a) Set forth a summary of the findings required under subsections (2) and (4) of this rule;
- (b) State that the applicant has submitted the information described in subsection (3) of this rule;
- (c) Identify the maximum amount of water available within or above the applicable scenic water way in accordance with the limitations set out in subsection (5) of this rule; and
- (d) State the residual amount of water available from the source for the proposed human consumption or livestock consumption use.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 536.027 and 390.835 Hist.: WRD -1994, f. & cert. ef. 11-14-94

Requirement for Statement of Findings

690-11-197 Any order or proposed order by the Director or Commission that approves, conditions or rejects an application for a permit or license shall include a statement of findings that sets forth the basis for the approval, conditioning, or rejection.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 536.025, 536.027, 536.220, 536.300, 536.310, 537.338 & 537.356 -

537.358

Hist.: WRD 9-1992, f. & cert. ef. 7-1-92

Miscellaneous Provisions

690-11-200 (1) All permits for use of water from wells shall provide that the well shall be con-structed in accordance with the Water Resources Department's General Standards for the Construction and Maintenance of Wells in Oregon. All permits shall further provide that the well may be controlled or shut off if a determination is made, in accordance with OAR 690-09, that it caused substantial interference with a surface water source.

(2) Applications by municipal corporations for hydroelectric generation shall be

processed under OAR Chapter 690, Division 51.

(3) Cancellation of primary rights:

(a) A notice given pursuant to ORS 540.631 for the proposed cancellation of a primary water right for irrigation of certain lands shall include notice of the proposed cancellation of any supplemental water right for irrigation of the same lands;

(b) If the primary right is determined to have been forfeited by nonuse and the supplemental right is not determined also to have been forfeited by nonuse, the owner of the land to which the right is appurtenant may apply to transfer the

supplemental right, without loss of priority, to become a primary right.

(4) Diminution of a water right: A primary right may, at the request of the owner of the right, be diminished to supplemental status to allow for a new primary

application from a more dependable source of water.

(5) Supplemental rights: Where more than one right exists, water shall be used from the primary source so long as there is sufficient quantity to satisfy the terms of the permit or certificate. Nevertheless, if requested by the applicant, a permit may be issued which describes a surface water source as supplemental to a groundwater right and shall provide that, in the interest of conserving the groundwater supplies, the supplemental right may be exercised at times when water is available from the surface water supply.

(6) Temperature control: Where a permit has been issued for use of water for temperature control (either heat or cold), a report detailing the amount of water used, the times of application and conditions requiring the use of water for temperature control shall be required annually. These shall be required as an element of proof of appropriation to the satisfaction of the Department prior to

issuance of a confirming water right certificate.

(7) Assignment or change of ownership of permit, groundwater registration or

application:

(a) When a change of interest or ownership occurs in lands covered by a permit, groundwater registration or pending application the record holder may request, in

writing the Director to record the assignment to the new owner;

- (b) Should the record holder of the permit, groundwater registration or application be unavailable, the current owner of the property involved may furnish proof of such ownership to the Commission to obtain ownership of the permit, registration or application. The Department shall also record a change in ownership to an heir or devisee under a will upon receiving proof of death of the record holder, or to a trustee upon receiving proof of a transfer to trust by the record holder. Proof of ownership of the involved lands shall include, but not be limited to one or more of the following documents:
 - (A) A copy of the deed to the land;(B) A copy of a land sales contract;
 - (C) A court order or decree; or

(D) Documentation of survivorship of property held jointly.

(8) All reviews and any determinations made in accordance with this section shall be made part of the application file and shall contain sufficient detail to allow the Director to determine how to proceed with the processing of the application, in accordance with OAR 690-11-155 to 690-11-197. As provided in ORS 537.620(3) and also in accordance with OAR 690-11-160, the Department shall review the following categories of applications for permits to appropriate groundwater to determine whether the proposed appropriation would have the potential to cause interference with a surface water source, in accordance with OAR 690-09-040:

(a) All applications that are for any proposed point of appropriation within a

horizontal distance of one mile of a surface water source;

(b) All applications that are within a basin, or portion of a basin, which has any applicable closure on surface water appropriation; and

(c) All applications that are for greater than five cubic feet per second.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 536.027, Ch. 595 & 654

Hist.: WRD 6-1987, f. & ef. 6-11-87; WRD 5-1988, f. & cert. ef. 6-28-88; WRD 18-1988, f. & cert. ef. 11-4-88; WRD 16-1990, f. & cert. ef. 8-23-90; WRD 9-1992, f. & cert. ef. 7-1-92; Renumbered from 690-11-090; WRD 5-1994, f. & cert. ef. 4-13-94

Extension of Time Limits

690-11-205 (1) The time limit to begin construction of water use facilities shall not be extended except for municipal use of surface water by a municipality, permits involving Federal Energy Regulatory Commission projects or permits issued to irrigation districts for reclamation purposes.

(2) The time limits to complete construction or to apply the water to a beneficial use may be extended upon showing of good cause for the untimely completion. This

determination shall consider the requirements of ORS 537.230 and 539.010(5).

(3) Time extensions granted shall be for one year only except for permits for municipal, quasi-municipal or group domestic uses or permits issued to districts. Municipal, quasi-municipal, group domestic and district permits may be granted time extensions of not to exceed five years.

(4) If the Director determines that some progress has been made to complete the

construction or use, but if diligence is questionable, the Director may:

(a) Deny the request for more time;

(b) Grant the request for more time and notify the applicant that future requests

for more time will not be granted; or

(c) Grant the request for more time by an order amending the permit to include any condition or provisions needed for determining future diligence. Such new provisions or conditions shall not apply to any portion of the right developed under the time limits previously granted. Stat. Auth.: ORS 536.025, 536.027, 536.220, 536.300, 536.310, 537.338, 537.356 -

537.358, Ch. 540 & 543

Hist.: WRD 16-1990, f. & cert. ef. 8-23-90; WRD 9-1992, f. & cert. ef. 7-1-92; Renumbered from 690-11-095

Cancellation of Permit

690-11-210 When it appears from an onsite examination by the Water Resources Department that no appropriation has been made under the ferms of the permit, or that use once made has undergone a period of five successive years of nonuse, a certified letter of intent to cancel the permit shall be sent to the permittee, allowing 60 days from the date of the letter for response. Failure to respond during the 60-day period shall result in cancellation of the permit.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 536.025, 536.027, 536.220, 536.300, 536.310, 537.338, 537.356 - 537.358, Ch. 540 & 543

Hist.: WRD 6-1987, f. & ef. 6-11-87; WRD 16-1990, f. & cert. ef. 8-23-90; WRD 9-1992, f. & cert. ef. 7-1-92; Renumbered from 690-11-100

Claims of Beneficial Use for Applications Filed After June 30, 1987

690-11-215 Except for applications filed under the provisions of OAR 690-11-041, all final proof surveys and claims of beneficial use for applications filed after July 9, 1987 shall be performed by Certified Water Right Examiners. Applicants prior to July 10, 1987 may either wait for the Department to perform the final proof survey on its own schedule or may hire a certified Water Right Examiner.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 536.027, Ch. 595 & 654

Hist.: WRD 3-1988, f. 2-26-88, cert. ef. 2-28-88; WRD 9-1992, f. & cert. ef. 7-1-92; Renumbered from 690-11-103; WRD 5-1994, f. & cert. ef. 4-13-94

Applications Filed After November 29, 1987

690-11-220 All applications filed after November 29, 1987 shall have application maps prepared by a Certified Water Right Examiner.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 536.025, 536.027, 536.220, 536.300, 536.310, 537.338, 537.356 - 537.358 & Ch. 542

Hist.: WRD 3-1988, f. 2-26-88, cert. ef. 2-28-88; WRD 9-1992, f. & cert. ef. 7-1-92; Renumbered from 690-11-105

Proof of Appropriation

690-11-225 (1) ORS 537.250(1) and 537.630(3) prescribe that the Director shall issue a certificate of water right upon satisfactory proof of appropriation. Satisfactory proof shall be following:

(a) A determination by the Department that appropriation of water to beneficial use under the terms of the permit has been accomplished to the extent authorized;

(b) A determination by the Department that appropriation of water to a beneficial use under the terms of the permit was accomplished to an extent less than authorized shall constitute proof for that portion of the appropriation.

(2) If the Department determines that proof has been made to an extent different from or less than that granted by the permit, a proposed certificate of water right shall be prepared. The proposed certificate shall describe the right determined completed under the provisions of the permit. The proposed certificate shall be mailed first class to the permittee at the last known address, together with notice that the permittee or landowner has a period of 60 days from the date of mailing to request the Department reconsider the contents of the proposed certificate of water right. If no request for reconsideration is received within the 60-day period, the Director shall issue a water right certificate to the permittee pursuant to ORS 537.250(1) or 537.630 (4).

(3) If the Department determines that proof has been made on the full extent granted by the permit, a certificate may be issued without the necessity of a proposed certificate.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 536.025, 536.027, 536.220, 536.300, 536.310, 537.338, 537.356 - 537.358, Ch. 540 & 543

Hist.: WRD 6-1987, f. & ef. 6-11-87; WRD 16-1990, f. & cert. ef. 8-23-90; WRD 9-1992, f. & cert. ef. 7-1-92; Renumbered from 690-11-110

Request for Reconsideration of the Contents of a Proposed Certificate

690-11-230 (1) A request for reconsideration of the contents of a proposed certificate may be prepared by the permittee or landowner and submitted to the Department. The requests shall describe any disagreement with the contents of the proposed certificate.

(2) The request for reconsideration may be in the form of a phone call or personal

contact, unless the disagreement proposes a change to any of the following:

(a) The source of water;

(b) The purpose for which the water is used:

(c) The quantity of water;

(d) The location of the points of diversion;

(e) The location of the use;(f) The extent of the use; and

(g) Any conditions imposed upon the use.

(3) If the disagreement results in a change to any item listed in subsections (2)(a) through (g) of this rule, the request for reconsideration shall be completed in writing. The request shall set forth the changes to the proposed certificate or the final proof map, and shall include any facts which support the request. Maps, photographs, affidavits, receipts or other such evidence may be included to support the request.

(4) The Director may allow reasonable time beyond the time limit set under OAR 690-11-225(2) for a permittee or landowner to complete and submit a written request

for reconsideration.

(5) Upon receipt of a request for reconsideration, the Director shall:

(a) Approve the request without verification and issue a certificate with the changes included;

(b) Schedule field verification of the requested changes; or

(c) Deny the request by letter from Department staff to the requesting party.

(6) If field verification is scheduled, a new proposed certificate shall be prepared

and sent as prescribed by OAR 690-11-225.

(7) A request for reconsideration resulting from section (6) of this rule shall be approved or denied. If denied, the denial shall be in the form of an Order of the Director. The order shall provide for either issuance of a certificate of water right in conformance with the Director's findings, or for the scheduling of a contested case hearing as provided under OAR Chapter 690, Division 2.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 536.025, 536.027, 536.220, 536.300, 536.310, 537.338, 537.356 - 537.358, Ch. 540 & 543

Hist.: WRD 16-1990, f. & cert. ef. 8-23-90; WRD 9-1992, f. & cert. ef. 7-1-92; Renumbered from 690-11-120

Incremental Perfection of a Municipal Water Right

690-11-235 (1) A municipal supplier may incrementally perfect a portion of the quantity of water authorized by any of its municipal water use permits. For the purpose of incrementally perfecting water rights, a municipal supplier means:

(a) Any incorporated city, village, or town;

(b) A port formed under ORS 777.005 to 777.725 and ORS 777.915 to 777.953;

(c) A domestic water supply district formed under ORS Chapter 264; or

(d) A water supply authority formed under ORS Chapter 450.

(2) The portion of water use that may be incrementally perfected by a municipal supplier shall not be less than 25 percent of the quantity originally authorized by permit. The perfection, or proof of appropriation, of each increment of water shall conform to the proof of appropriation requirements of OAR 690-11-225.

conform to the proof of appropriation requirements of OAR 690-11-225.

(3) When a portion of a permit issued for municipal use is perfected by a municipal supplier, the remaining unperfected quantity of water shall remain in

permit status without loss of priority. The increment of water perfected and confirmed by certificate shall be subtracted from the quantity of water originally authorized by permit. The remainder shall be the quantity of water subject to future perfection under the terms of the permit.

(4) A municipal supplier shall notify the Department, in writing, of its intent to incrementally perfect a portion of its water right. Written notice shall include the

following information:

(a) The quantity of water diverted from each point of diversion, by month, for the preceding three years;
(b) A plan of how the municipal supplier intends to develop successive

increments of its water right; and

(c) Maps that show where water will be put to use. Maps accompanying notification of intent to perfect an increment of a water right shall be prepared to the specifications described in OAR 690-11-070, except that a standard even scale less

than 4'' = 1 mile may be used if appropriate.

(5) Municipal suppliers that incrementally perfect less than the full quantity of water authorized by permit may request further extension of the time limit to complete construction and apply water to beneficial use for the remaining, unperfected quantity of water. OAR 690-11-205 governing extension of time limits applies to unperfected municipal water rights.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 536.025, 536.027, 536.220, 536.300, 536.310, 537.338, 537.356 -537.358 & Ch. 540

Hist.: WRD 19-1990, f. & cert. ef. 12-14-90; WRD 9-1992, f. & cert. ef. 7-1-92; Renumbered from 690-11-130

AMENDMENTS TO CHAPTER 690, DIVISION 11

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House Bill 2344

Water Rights Within or Above State Scenic Waterways

690-11-196

- (1) Pursuant to the provisions of ORS 390.835, and these rules the Director is authorized to:
 - (a) Issue water rights within or above the designated reach of a scenic waterway provided the free-flowing character of the waterway is maintained in quantities necessary for recreation, fish and wildlife uses.
 - (b) Issue water rights for limited human consumption and livestock consumption uses within or above a designated reach of a scenic waterway when flows are less than quantities necessary for recreation, fish and wildlife.
- (2) The Director may issue water rights under subsection (1) (b) of this rule for human consumption and livestock consumption uses upon the following findings:
 - (a) Issuing the water right does not significantly impair the free-flowing character of these waters in quantities necessary for recreation, fish and wildlife;
 - (b) Appropriation of water under the water right is consistent with the provisions of ORS Chapters 536 and 537 and OAR Chapter 690;
 - (c) Construction, operation and maintenance of the diversion system will be carried out in a manner consistent with the purposes set forth in ORS 390.805 to 390.925;
 - (d) Water rights for human consumption shall not exceed .005 cubic feet per second per household; and
 - (e) Water rights for livestock consumption uses shall not exceed one-tenth of one cubic foot per second per 1,000 head of livestock.

- (3) Prior to completion of a technical review, applications to appropriate water for human consumption or livestock consumption uses shall include:
 - (a) Information which identifies all potential alternate source(s) of water, if any, and describes why the applicant cannot reasonably obtain water from such sources;
 - (b) If the application proposes to appropriate water for human consumption, evidence that denial of the application will result in loss of reasonable expectations for use of the property; and
 - (c) If the application proposes to appropriate water for livestock consumption use, a description of how livestock will be excluded from the stream and its riparian zone and information that the water right is necessary to prevent the livestock from watering in or along the stream bed.
- (4) In addition to the findings set out in subsection (2) of this rule, before a water right permit may be issued for human consumption or for livestock consumption uses under subsection (1) (b) of this rule the Director must find:
 - (a) The water right meets a need for a use which is given preference under ORS 536.310(12) when available supplies of water are insufficient to meet all uses;
 - (b) No alternate sources of water are reasonably available;
 - (c) For applications for human consumption, denial of the application will result in loss of reasonable expectations for use of the property;
 - (d) For applications for livestock consumption uses, the water right is necessary to prevent livestock from watering in or along the stream bed and the applicant has excluded livestock from the stream and its adjacent riparian zone; and
 - (e) Water is available within the combined cumulative total limitation described in subsection (5) of this rule.

- (5) The Director shall limit the total water use authorized under subsection (1)(b) of this rule within or above each scenic waterway to no more than a combined cumulative total of one percent of the average daily flow or one cubic foot per second, whichever is less. Such combined cumulative total may be exceeded if representatives of the Departments of Water Resources, Parks and Recreation, Fish and Wildlife, Environmental Quality and the Division of State Lands agree that exceeding the one percent or one cubic foot per second limit will not significantly impair the free-flowing character of the waters in quantities necessary for recreation, fish and wildlife.
- (6) Water rights issued for human consumption shall contain measuring and reporting conditions which require permittees to install meters or other suitable measuring devices, to keep complete records of amounts of water used and to submit periodic reports to the Department as specified in the permits.
- (7) Water rights issued for livestock consumption uses shall contain conditions that require permittees to exclude livestock from the stream and its adjacent riparian zone.
- (8) The Department's report of technical review issued pursuant to this rule shall:
 - (a) Set forth a summary of the findings required under subsections (2) and (4) of this rule;
 - (b) State that the applicant has submitted the information described in subsection (3) of this rule;
 - (c) Identify the maximum amount of water available within or above the applicable scenic water way in accordance with the limitations set out in subsection (5) of this rule; and
 - (d) State the residual amount of water available from the source for the proposed human consumption or livestock consumption use.

