

RECEIVED OBSERVATION WELL CLAC 6303

JUN 10 1959

STATE ENGINEER WATER WELL REPORT STATE OF OREGON SALEM, OREGON G1497

CLAC 6303

2/4-27D(1)

File Original and First Copy with the STATE ENGINEER, SALEM, OREGON

State Well No.

State Permit No.

(1) OWNER:

Name Sandy Farms Address Sandy Ore Boring, Ore

(2) LOCATION OF WELL:

County Clackamas Owner's number, if any - NW 1/4 NW 1/4 Section 27 T. 25 R. 4E W.M. S 81° E, 1312 FEET FROM N.W. CORNER OF SECTION 27 T. 25, R. 4E.

(3) TYPE OF WORK (check):

New Well [x] Deepening [] Reconditioning [] Abandon []

PROPOSED USE (check):

Domestic [] Industrial [] Municipal [] Irrigation [x] Test Well [] Other []

(5) TYPE OF WELL:

Rotary [] Cable [x] Dug [] Driven [] Jetted [] Bored []

(6) CASING INSTALLED:

12" Diam. from 0 ft. to 170 ft. Gage std. Threaded [] Welded []

(7) PERFORATIONS:

Perforated? [x] Yes [] No Type of perforator used SIZE of perforations in. by in. perforations from 220 ft. to 280 ft.

SCREENS:

Well screen installed [] Yes [x] No Manufacturer's Name Model No. Slot size Set from ft. to ft.

(9) CONSTRUCTION:

Was well gravel packed? [x] Yes [] No Size of gravel: 1/4 to 1/2 Gravel placed from 0 ft. to 290 ft. Was a surface seal provided? [] Yes [x] No To what depth? ft. Material used in seal- Did any strata contain unusable water? [] Yes [x] No Type of water? Depth of strata Method of sealing strata off

(10) WATER LEVELS:

Static level 208 ft. below land surface Date 5-25 Artesian pressure lbs. per square inch Date

Log Accepted by:

[Signed] Sandy Farms Date May 29, 1959 [Signed] John Couwell

(11) WELL TESTS:

Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level Was a pump test made? [x] Yes [] No If yes, by whom? Yield: 250 gal./min. with 70 ft. drawdown after 48 hrs.

(12) WELL LOG:

Table with columns MATERIAL, FROM, TO. Rows include black soil, red clay, yellow sandy shale, soap stone, sandy shale, Troutdale, Rhododendron, White Talc, Green shale & Clay.

Owner requested perforated 10" Pipe be run to bottom of Well and 12" pipe be pulled back while pea gravel is fed through 12" and 10"

Empty table with columns MATERIAL, FROM, TO.

Work started 19 Completed May 25 1959

(13) PUMP:

Manufacturer's Name Type: Turbine H.P. 30

Well Driller's Statement:

This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

NAME Barron & Stra yer (Person, firm, or corporation) (Type or print)

Address Rt. 1 box 251 Beaverton Ore

Driller's well number

[Signed] Vance Strayer (Well Driller)

License No. 36 Date May 25, 1959

RECEIVED
APR 13 1959STATE ENGINEER
SALEM, OREGONGROUND WATER BRANCH
Box 3418-1001 NE. Lloyd Boulevard
Portland 8, Oregon

April 10, 1959

Mr. John Rowell
Route 3 - Box 173
Boring, Oregon

Dear Mr. Rowell:

In response to the recent inquiry by Mr. David Anderson of the Soil Conservation Service as to what information exists on ground water, presumably for irrigation, in the NW¹/₄ sec. 27, T. 2 S., R. 4 E.:

Apparently this tract lies at about 850 feet altitude on the edge of a 200-foot bluff of Deep Creek Canyon. The geologic map on file here shows a well would pass through about 200 feet of older alluvium which is mostly clay. Below the older alluvium should lie a thickness of about 100 feet of interbedded gravel and clay strata of the Troutdale formation. Below about 350 feet depth a well might find several hundred feet of the Clackamas mudstone formation, which is mostly clay and soft shaly claystone. The Clackamas mudstone is probably at least 500 feet thick and lies on the Columbia River basalt.

Very small amounts of ground water may be perched in the upper 200 feet (of clayey material). Some ground water may be present in the gravelly layers of the Troutdale formation in the general zone of 200-250 feet depth. The Clackamas mudstone below about 250 feet probably does not contain significant amounts of ground water.

The Columbia River basalt yields water to wells but its top may be at least 700 feet below the surface.

The static level of water in a well tapping water in the Troutdale formation at this location would probably be at least 200 feet below the surface because of the draining of the water to the level of the nearby stream canyon. Small amounts of perched water in the clayey top 200 feet might have a higher static level.

The Troutdale gravels may yield sufficient water for a strong domestic well, but, as judged from the records of other wells in similar places, it is doubtful if they will yield water in irrigation quantities at this site.

Sincerely yours,

RCN:rls
cc: Mr. Stanley
Mr. AndersonR. C. Newcomb
District Geologist